The New-York Times.

VOL. XV......NO. 4558.
NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.
PRICE FOUR CENTS.

AN INTERESTING QUESTION.

What class of people will be most susceptible to attacks from cholera?

Evidently those affected with any disease of the stomach, liver or any of the organs appertaining to digestion. This class of persons undoubtedly will be more liable to contract this disease than those possessed of strong and healthy digestive organs.

The question then naturally arises, how shall we restore and keep these organs in a healthy and normal condition? We answer, by attention to diet, avoiding all undue excitement, using moderate exercise, avoiding all intoxicating drinks, no matter in what form presented, and by the use, according to directions, of that great strengthening tonic,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

This Bitters is a compound of fluid extracts. The roots and herbs from which it is made are gathered in Germany, and their virtues, in the form of extracts, extracted by one of the most scientific chemists and pharmaceutists this country affords. It is

NOT A LIQUOR PREPARATION

in any sense of the word; contains no whisky, rum or any other intoxicating ingredients, and can be freely used in families without any fear or risk of those using it contracting the disease or vice of intemperance. We wish this fact distinctly understood, as many are apt to confound this Bitters with the many others before the public prepared from liquor of some kind.

During the

CHOLERA SEASON

of 1849 this Bitters was extensively used throughout the entire country

AS A PREVENTIVE,

and we have not heard of a single instance in which this Bitters was used where the person suffered from any of the symptoms of Cholera.

The great strengthening Tonic,
HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
will cure
DEBILITY! DEBILITY!!
resulting from any cause whatever.
Prostration of the System,
induced by
SEVERE HARDSHIPS,
EXPOSURE,
FEVERS,
OR
DISEASES OF CAMP LIFE.
SOLDIERS, CITIZENS,
MALE OR FEMALE,
ADULT OR YOUTH,
will find in this Bitters
a pure tonic, not dependent on bad liquors for their almost miraculous effect.

This Bitters will cure the most severe cases of

DYSPEPSIA,

and diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs, and is the only sure, certain and safe remedy for

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

All are more or less affected during the Spring and Fall, with torpidity of that important organ of digestion, the liver. This Bitters, without containing any preparation of mercury, or by purging, acts powerfully on this organ, excites it to a healthy and lively action, and gives a tone to the whole system; hence

HEALTH, ENERGY AND STRENGTH
take the place of
Sickness, Debility and Lassitude.
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS
will cure every case of
Chronic or Nervous Debility,
Diseases of the Kidneys.
And Diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullnes or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

We have a host of testimonials from all parts of the country, but space will allow of the publication of but few of them; hence we select those of well-known persons, whose intelligence and discrimination are beyond doubt, and we will pay one thousand dollars to any one producing a certificate published by us that is not genuine.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Hon. James Thompson, Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.

I consider HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

From A. McMakin, Esq., New-York, No. 663 Broadway, March 29, 1866.

DEAR SIR: I take great pleasure in testifying to the extraordinary remedial qualities of the HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS procured at your establishment.

A member of the family has been for many years a perfect martyr to Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing offsprings of a torpid liver, until persuaded to try the above celebrated remedy, which in a few weeks resulted in making her (to use her own words) "a new woman."

You are at liberty to make any use of this you see fit, or refer similar sufferers to

Yours truly,
A. McMAKIN.

From John B. Wickersham, Esq., firm of Wickersham & Hutchison, the celebrated Manufacturers of Fancy Iron Works, No. 259 Canal-st.:

I am the recipient from you of one of the greatest favors that can be conferred upon man, viz: that of health. For many years have I suffered from one of the most annoying and debilitating complaints that the human family can be afflicted with—chronic diarrhœa.

During the long time I was suffering from this disease, I was attended by regular physicians, giving me but temporary relief. The cause seemed to remain until I was induced to try HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. After the use of a few bottles of that valuable medicine, the complaint appeared to be completely eradicated. I often inwardly thank you for such a valuable specific, and whenever I have an opportunity, cheerfully recommend it, with full confidence in its reliability.

Truly yours,
JOHN B. WICKERSHAM.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 2, 1862.

From Rev. Levi J. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia, at present Pastor of the Baptist Church, Chester, Penn.:

* * * * * * * * *

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink."

Yours, truly,
LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. W. D. Seigfried, Pastor of the Twelfth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN: I have recently been laboring under the distressing effects of indigestion, accompanied by prostration of the nervous system. Numerous remedies were recommended by friends, and some of them tested, but without relief. Your Hoofland's German Bitters were recommended by persons who had tried them, and whose favorable mention of these Bitters induced me to try them. I must confess that I had an aversion to Patent Medicines, from the "thousand and one" quack "bitters" whose only aim seems to be to palm off sweetened and drugged liquor upon the community in a sly way and the tendency of which, I fear, is to make many a confirmed drunkard. Upon learning that your's was really a medicinal preparation, I took it with happy effect. Its action, not only upon the stomach, but the nervous system, was prompt and gratifying. I feel that I have derived great and permanent benefit from the use of a few bottles. Very respectfully yours,

W. D. SEIGFRIED,
No. 254 Shackamaxon-st.

CERTIFICATES IN GREAT NUMBERS OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

PRICE:
Single bottle $1, or a half dozen for $5.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY,
No. 631 Arch-st.,
Philadelphia, Penn.
JONES & EVANS,
Proprietors.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

The agency in NEW-YORK is at
HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
No. 594 Broadway.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Special Pardons and Property Seizures in the South.

The President's Answer to the Call for Information.

Additional Replies from Departments and Bureaus.

Large Number of Civil and Military Appointments Confirmed.

No Action Concerning the New-York Collectorship.

Sudden Death of the Well-Known Count Adam Gurowski.

Discussion in the Senate on Quartermaster's Claims.

Speeches in the House on the Bill Creating the Grade of General.

The Bill Finally Adopted with Only Eleven Nays.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 4.

SPECIAL PARDONS—ABANDONED AND SEIZED PROPERTY IN THE SOUTH.

The President sent a message to the House of Representatives in answer to a resolution requesting the names of persons worth more than $20,000 to whom special pardons have been issued, and a statement of the amount of property which has been seized as belonging to the enemies of the Government, or as abandoned property, and returned to those who claimed to be the original owners.

Accompanying the message is a communication from the Secretary of State, who reports to the President that of the seven thousand one hundred and ninety-seven cases of pardons passed upon by the Attorney-General there still remain in the State Department seven hundred and seven cases which, not yet having been finally disposed of, have been stricken from the accompanying list. The Attorney-General, in a communication to the President, says it does not appear from the records of his office, how much property real, personal and mixed, has been seized and forfeited to the United States under the act of 1862 as enemies property; nor do they show any property taken from officers of the United States and returned to the enemies of the Government; nor is there anything in that office in regard to abandoned property.

The list of pardons granted under the Amnesty Proclamation of the President under the 13th exception is as follows: Georgia, 1,228; North Carolina, 482; Texas, 269; New-Mexico, 1; Mississippi, 765; Louisiana, 142; Alabama, 1,361: South Carolina, 638; Arkansas, 41; Missouri, 10; Kentucky, 12; Florida, 38; West Virginia, 48.

A communication from the Secretary of the Treasury says, as to how much property, real, personal and mixed has been seized as forfeited to the United States has been returned to those who claimed to be the original owners, there is no information in the Department on the subject as understood from the general and vague terms of the resolution. It is presumed the act alluded to is that of July 17, 1862, the execution of which, as he understands, was committed by the President to the Attorney-General, and so far as he is advised, the Treasury Department has not undertaken in any case the enforcement of its several provisions, or to release any property held as forfeited under them so far as the Department is concerned. The abandoned or confiscable lands heretofore held by it were turned over, under the Secretary's circular letter of June 27 last, to the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1865, and Executive orders on the subject, and that no freedmen occupying any of said lands have been displaced by any action of the Department at the request or for the benefit of returning rebels.

The Secretary of War, in his communication to the President, incloses several reports, among them, one from the Adjutant-General's Office, saying there are no records therein pertaining to the restoration of property as defined in the resolution of inquiry. Quartermaster-Gen. Meigs says the railroads captured and held as a military necessity have been returned to the companies under Executive orders of the 8th of August and the 14th of October, 1865, and those in the Atlantic States under orders of the War Department, all on condition of reorganizing and electing loyal boards of directors and giving bonds satisfactory to the Government that they would, within a reasonable time, pay a fair valuation for the Government property turned over to said companies and sold to them on credit. Major-General Delafield, Chief of the Engineer Department, says that the Department has caused no property to be seized under the act of 1862 as enemy's property, and none has been taken from the officers of the Corps of Engineers and returned to the enemies of the Government who claimed to be the original owners. The Department has, however, taken possession of large tracts of lands and fixtures in both rebel and loyal States, as a military necessity, and occupied the same with temporary works, which, ceasing to be needed or used for offensive or defensive purposes, have been dismantled, and the movable parts sold on account of the United States, except in cases where the loyal owners agree to receive the usual buildings as a discharge of all claims on their part against the United States for use, damage, &c., in which case their property was returned to them on this understanding.

The Chief of Ordnance says the records of his office show only one case where captured property received by the Department has been returned to any one. This was machinery captured at Macon, Ga., which has been returned to the former owners on the application of Brig.-Gen. J. D. Webster, recommended by Lieut.-Gen. Grant.

Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, gives a list of the property seized under the act of July 17, 1862, and subsequently restored to former owners. The greater portion of the property of this character is situated in Virginia, and was formally set apart for the use of refugees and freedmen by a circular. It became apparent, however, that much of it had been improperly seized, and to avoid injustice, action under the circular was temporarily suspended. Part of this property had been merely libeled. Against part the proceedings had reached a decree of condemnation and sale. Very little, however, was actually sold. On Sept. 12, 1865, Circular No. 15, series of 1865, was issued to govern the action of the Bureau respecting property. This circular, originally drafted by the Commissioner, was submitted to the President, who materially amended it, and it was promulgated as received from him. With respect to property seized under the act of July 17, 1862, this circular declares that it shall be regarded as confiscated only after an actual sale has taken place, and directs Assistant Commissioners of the Bureau to restore it when it appears satisfactorily that it has not been confiscated. Such property has, therefore, been restored upon proof that proceedings against it had been dismissed in the United States Courts. The records of the office do not show whether parties to whom such property has been restored were connected with the army of the so-called Confederate States, or whether they gave aid or comfort to the rebellion. Gen. Howard says the estate of William Aiken, in South Carolina, was restored by order of Major-Gen. Sickles, commanding the Department. Three estates were surrendered for the reason they were not actually abandoned. Of the remainder some were given because very few freedmen were resident upon them, and those could be more advantageously located elsewhere. The others were restored after mutually satisfactory agreements had been entered into between the freedmen and the former owners. All of these pieces of property were embraced in Gen. Sherman's Field Order No. 15, and the authority for the action taken by the Bureau in respect to them was derived from the instructions of the President, contained in General Orders No. 145 from the War Department, bearing date Oct. 9, 1865. The property held under the act of July, 1862, and the abandoned property actually allotted to resident freedmen, comprised but a small portion of the entire amount which the Bureau has held in its possession. In August, 1865, an application was received from B. B. Lake, of Tennessee, a former soldier of the rebel army, who had received a special pardon. His property was clearly abandoned, and his application was not granted. An appeal was made to the President, and on the 16th of August was received at the Bureau with the following indorsement:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, Aug. 16, 1865.

Respectfully returned to the Commissioners' Bureau.

R. FOX.

The records of this office show that B. B. Lake was specially pardoned by the President on the 27th ult., and was thereby restored to all rights of property except as to slaves. Notwithstanding this, it is understood the possession of his property is withheld from him. I have therefore to direct that Gen. Fisk, Assistant-Commissioner at Nashville, Tenn., be instructed by the Chief-Commissioner of the Bureau of Freedmen, &c., to relinquish possession of the property of Mr. Lake, held by him as Assistant-Commissioner, &c., and that the same be immediately restored to Mr. Lake. The same action will be had in all similar cases.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States.

In complying with these definite instructions, the Bureau has been compelled to part with the greater portion of the property once under its control, except in the very few cases where property has been actually sold under the act of July 19, 1862; and in that portion of South Carolina and Georgia embraced in the provisions of Gen. Sherman's Field Order No. 15, its tenure of property has been too uncertain to justify allotments to freedmen. In addition to the property seized under the act of 1862, and abandoned property allotted to freedmen, 400,000 acres of abandoned lands, not allotted to freedmen, have been restored to former owners.

Recapitulation.—Property seized under the act of July, 1862, and restored by the Bureau, 15,452 acres; abandoned property allotted to freedmen, and restored by the Bureau, 14,652 acres; abandoned property not allotted to freedmen, restored by the Bureau, 400,000 acres. Total, 430,104 acres.

THE NEW-YORK COLLECTOR.

There is nothing further in regard to the nomination of Mr. Smythe; it is still *in statu quo* with the Committee. It is understood that the Senators from New-York are divided—Senator Morgan being for and Senator Harris against him.

MINISTER TO MEXICO.

The Senate had a long executive session to-day, and made a number of civil and military confirmations, the principal of which was that of Hon. L. D. Campbell, of Ohio, as Minister to the Republic of Mexico. The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations were a tie on reporting his nomination—three for and three against—and a lively discussion followed in the Senate, which developed a very strong sentiment in favor of accrediting a Minister to that Republic, upon which the question of nomination turned, and on the vote there was but one dissenting voice.

MINISTER TO EUCADOR AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS.

Among the nominations confirmed by the Senate to-day were W. T. Coggshall, of Ohio, Resident Minister to Eucador, appointed on recommendation of Gov. Cox, of Ohio, and Postmaster-General Dennison. Also Col. D. Warren, of Ohio, Consul to New-Brunswick.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate was in Executive Session to-day, but did not take up the nomination of the New-York Collector of Customs. They confirmed Lewis D. Campbell, of Ohio, to be Minister to the Republic of Mexico, and William T. Coggshall, of the same State, Minister Resident at Ecuador; and also the following: Henry A. Webster, Indian Agent for Washington Territory; H. S. Felch, of Savannah, United States Attorney of Georgia; James L. Collins, Receiver of Public Money for the District of Santa Fe, New Mexico; Ephraim S. Jackson, Postmaster, Providence, Rhode Island; Robert S. Northcutt, Postmaster, Clarksburgh, Virginia; George W. Hand, United States Attorney for Dakotah Territory; E. Parker, Consulate, Prince Edward's Island; L. Blodgett, of Vermont, to be Consul at St. John's, Canada East; B. H. Bristow, U. S. Attorney for the District of Kentucky; Geo. D. Allen, of Florida, U. S. Marshal for the Southern District of Florida; George W. Palmer, of New-York, Judge on the part of the United States at Sierra Leone under the treaty with Great Britain for the suppression of the African Slave-trade; William Grose, of Newcastle, Collector for the Fifth District of Indiana; Thomas G. Foster, Collector of Customs at St. Augustine, Fla.; Darius B. Warner, of Ohio, Consul at St. John's N. B.; Commanders M. B. Woolsey and William F. Reynolds, on the reserved list, Commanders in the navy.

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

The Senate also confirmed a large number of military appointments; among them the following Brigadier-Generals to be Major-Generals by brevet, for gallant and meritorious services:

McDowell, Pope, Hooker, Hancock, Schofield, Howard, Terry, Ord, Parke, Stanley, Humphreys, Canby, Wright, Andrew T. Smith, Gibbon, Jefferson C. Davis, Mower, Woods, Wilson, Emery, Thomas, Ripley, Ramsey, Provost-Marshal-General Fry, Delafield, Judge-Advocate Holt, Eaton Chandler, Thomas Wood, Schriver, Surgeon-General; Barnes, Dyer, Shiras, Assistant Adjutant-General; Townsend Hoffman, Paymaster-General; Brice, Hardie, Ketchum, Cullom, Heintzelman, Cameron, Potts, Ewing, Hughes, Tillson, Bowen, Doolittle, Beal, Ullman, Brisbin, Cole, Stevenson, Duval, Hayes, Powell, Kelly and Lannan.

In addition to the above there were many Brigadier-Generals, Colonels and Lieutenant-Colonels, brevet appointments in the regular army.

DEATH OF COUNT GUROWSKI.

Count Gurowski, the author of three volumes entitled *Count Gurowski's Diary*, died in this city this afternoon of inflamation of the bowels.

FORT SUMTER HISTORY.

Maj.-Gen. S. W. Crawford is engaged in the preparation of a work upon the occupation, defence and fall of Sumter, 1860–'61. He was an officer of that garrison with Maj. Anderson.

THE BILL TO CREATE THE GRADE OF GENERAL.

The House was mainly devoted to private bills today, until about 3 o'clock, when the bill to create the grade of General came up, and the debate resulted in some of the finest oratorical displays of the session. Mr. Deming, of Connecticut, made a most eloquent and elaborate speech in favor of the bill, which was in keeping with the remarkable effort of the same gentleman early in the session. It was listened to with rapt attention. He was followed by brief but forcible speeches from Mr. Raymond, Mr. Stevens and Mr. McKee, of Kentucky, the latter gentleman opposing the bill in temperate terms, but in the peculiar style of eloquence for which he is noted. He preferred to add honors and bounties and pensions to the nameless heroes of the war. Several other gentlemen spoke in favor of the bill, and on its passage the yeas were 116, and nays 11.

BANK FAILURE LOSSES.

It is not known exactly what amount the Government will lose by the failure of the Merchants' National Bank of this city; but irrespective of the sum that may be lost on account of the deposit of Paymaster Paulding, the Government would be the creditor of the Bank about $122,000. The United States Treasurer holds in bonds to secure deposits $100,000, and $200,000 to secure the notes of the banks; also, $6,000 in gold, being the interest due the bank. Against this total amount is to be charged $180,000 circulation of the bank and $4,000 deposit. It is understood that Paymaster Paulding had a deposit in the bank of over half a million dollars, supposed to have been made up of sums drawn from other depositories and transferred to the Merchants' National Bank, contrary to an order from the War Department, which directs disbursing officers to keep their funds on deposit in depositories upon which the Government draws in favor of the disbursing officer's requisitions. The last draft drawn by the United States Treasurer in favor of Paymaster Paulding upon the Merchants' National Bank was dated Jan. 4, 1866, for $10,000, and drafts upon other depositors to the amount of several hundred thousand dollars, in favor of Paulding, have been executed since that date.

THE FORCE OF HABIT.

There is a member in the House from Berks County, Pennsylvania, named Sydenham Ancona, who is in his third term, and of course coming from that region he is Democratic from precedent, habit and nature. To-day Mr. Stevens' resolution of congratulation to the Czar of Russia on his escape from assassination came up, and the ayes and noes were demanded. The roll call proceeded, and Mr. Ancona being the first Democrat on the list, from sheer force of habit, answered "No." The call proceeded, and when it was completed the Clerk read off the list of yeas and the solitary "no," Mr. Ancona. A general titter arose at the gentleman's awkward position, upon which the modest member arose and blushingly asked to change his vote, and the record was unanimous.

CASH RECEIPTS.

The receipts from internal revenue to-day amount to $1,395,812 91.

The Secretary of the Treasury has awarded to Denio & Roberts, of Boston, the contract for furnishing the Treasury Department with burglar and fire-proof safes for one year, at ten dollars per superficial foot. They were the lowest bidders.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

The House Committee on Claims, out of claims amounting to $20,000,000 presented for consideration, have allowed but $130,000, including $6,000 to Obernauson & Co., of New-York, for compound interest notes lost at sea by the wreckng of the steamship *Republic* on a voyage to New-Orleans.

PRIZE MONEY.

The order of the Secretary of the Treasury of a recent date suspending the payment of all prize money, upon which payment had not been made, has been rescinded, and payments on these lists will be commenced after the first of next month. Several hundred thousand dollars are involved in the payments.

GEN. GRANT.

Lieut.-Gen. Grant attended the exhibition of penmanship by our left-handed heroes this evening, together with large numbers of members of Congress and other distinguished persons. The General was in the hall nearly two hours, and examined the specimens very carefully. He remarked that these soldiers fought as well as they wrote.

TEXAS.

An interview has taken place between the President and a Committee appointed by the Texas State Convention, who delivered to him an official copy of the ordinances adopted by that body. Judge Hancock concluded his address by saying:

"We should feel that we had only partially performed our duty to the people of our State were we to omit expressing to your Excellency our cordial approbation of your course as President of the United States, and particularly our approval of your restoration policy. Your wise and patriotic course in behalf of the equal rights of all sections of the country, has revived fresh hope in many a desponding heart that the generation which has experienced the most terrible shock of civil war in modern times, will see civil and constitutional liberty restored throughout the entire land. We thank you in the name of the people of Texas for the noble and patriotic stand you have taken in behalf of constitutional liberty. The olive branch of peace extended to us by your kindly hand we accept in grateful spirit, and pledge to you the support, earnest and thorough, of the people of Texas in all measures that will tend to restore the State to its pristine position among the States of the American Union. May God preserve your Excellency many years in health and prosperity—an instrument under His guidance to restore the Government of our fathers and preserve the liberties of the people."

The President thanked the Committee for the kind and complimentary manner in which their Chairman had alluded to his efforts in restoring the States so lately in rebellion and insurrection to their primitive relations with the Government of the United States. He was gratified to learn from them the unanimity of the people of Texas who had accepted the results of the war. He expressed the hope that the State of Texas, together with all of the other States so recently in rebellion, would soon be restored to their normal condition in the Federal Government, and that their citizens, while bearing its burdens, would be admitted to a full participation in its blessings and protection.

The President said he had the utmost confidence in the ultimate restoration of the Union, and that time and patience would solve the problem. Much would depend on the people of the State of Texas. If they continued in the good work so auspiciously begun, and by obedience to law demonstrate their loyalty to the Government, then he trusted the day would not be far distant when the work of restoration would be completed by the admission of their Senators and Representatives to fill vacant places in Congress.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE......Friday, May 4.

THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

Mr. Conness presented a petition from the workingmen of California, asking the enactment of an eight-hour law for the government of the men in the employment of the United States.

Mr. Conness said he fully believed that labor would be as profitable to the country under the eight-hour system as it is now under the ten-hour system. Thus as much work would be done in eight hours as is now done in ten.

The petition was referred to the Committe on Naval Affairs.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Sumner introduced the petition of the State Government of Massachusetts for reimbursement for war expenses, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Wilson presented the petition of the Sons of Temperance and Sons of Templars, of Worcester, Mass., asking the enactment of a law that intemperance shall disqualify from holding office, civil or military, under the General Government. This was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

POSTAL.

Mr. Ramsey, from the Committee on Post-offices, reported a bill to provide for the erection of a Post-office and Custom-house at St. Paul, Minn.

THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

Mr. Clark called up the bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims to cases growing out of the loss of Government property, money, &c., by Army Quartermasters, Paymasters, Commissaries, &c. It allows an appeal in such cases to the Supreme Court.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Several private bills from the Committee on Claims were considered.

On motion of Mr. Clark, it was resolved, that when the Senate adjourns to-day, it adjourn to meet on Monday next.

CLAIMS ON QUARTERMASTER'S AND COMMISSARY DEPARTMENTS.

Mr. Poland called up a bill to provide for the payment of Quartermasters' stores and subsistence supplies furnished to the Army of the United States. This bill is as follows:

That all claims of loyal persons not exceeding $500 for Quartermasters stores actually furnished to the army of the United States, and receipted for by the proper officer receiving the same, or which may have been taken by such officer without giving such receipt, may be submitted to the Quartermaster-General of the United States, accompanied with such proofs as such claimant can present of the facts in his case, and it shall be the duty of the Quartermaster-General to cause such claims to be examined, and if convinced that such claim is just, and that such claimant at the time such claim accrued, was loyal to the Government of the United States and has ever since so remained, and has never in any way voluntarily aided the rebellion, and that such stores were actually received or taken for the use of and used by said army, then to report each case to the third auditor of the Treasury with a recommendation for settlement.

Sec. 2. That all claims of loyal persons, not exceeding $500, for subsistence actually furnished to said army, and receipted for by the proper officer receiving the same, or which may have been taken by such officers without giving such receipt, may be submitted to the Commissary-General of Subsistence, accompanied with such proof as each claimant may have to offer, and it shall be the duty of the Commissary-General of Subsistence to cause such claim to be examind, and if convinced that it is just, and that the claimant at the time such claim accrued was loyal to the Government of the United States, and has ever since so remained, and has never in any way voluntarily aided the rebellion, and that the stores were received or taken actually for the use of and used by said army, then to report each case to the Third Auditor of the Treasury, with a recommendation for settlement.

Sec. 3. That all loyal persons having claims exceeding $500 for quartermaster's stores or for subsistence actually furnished to the army of the United States, and receipted for by the proper officers receiving the same, or which may have been taken by such officers without giving such receipt, for the use of and actually used by said army, may prosecute such claims against the United States in the Court of Claims in the manner and to the extent now provided by law for the prosecution of claims against the United States in such Courts; and if such claimant shall establish by evidence that at the time his claim accrued he was loyal to the United States, and has ever since so remained, and that he has never in any way voluntarily aided the rebellion, such Court shall render judgment in favor of such claimant for so much of his claim as is found to be justly due, and such judgment shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury appropriated for the payment of Quartermaster's stores and subsistence respectively.

Mr. Grimes said the bill ought to be amended so as to include claims for transportation, so as to send large claims growing out of transportation to the Court of Claims. He said there was more swindling done in river and ocean transportation during the war than in anything else.

The bill was read three times, and laid over till Tuesday next.

A NATIONAL MILITIA.

Mr. Wilson moved to take up the bill to establish a national militia. He said the House had recently killed an army bill, and it was necessary to have this in lieu of it.

Mr. Grimes said he congratulated the country on the killing of the Army Bill in the House. He hoped the Senate Army Bill would be killed also.

The Senate at 1:30 went into Executive Session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

RUSSIA.

Mr. Stevens asked leave to introduce the following joint resolution:

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Congress assembled, That the Congress of the United States of America has learned with deep regret of the attempt made upon the life of the Emperor of Russia by an enemy of emancipation. The Congress send their greeting to his imperial Majesty and the Russian nation, and congratulate the twenty millions of serfs upon the providential escape from danger of the Sovereign to whose head and heart they owe the blessings of their freedom.

There being no objection, the joint resolution received its several readings.

Mr. Grinnell called for the yeas and nays on the passage of the resolution.

The following was the result

Yeas, 124; nays, none. So the joint resolution was passed unanimously.

THE TAX BILL.

On motion of Mr. Morrill, a new reprint of the Internal Tax Bill was ordered. He said this was necessary on account of some modifications and of some errors.

THE MILITARY AND NAVAL ACADEMIES.

Mr. Paine asked unanimous consent to introduce a joint resolution to provide that all persons who have performed meritorious services as officers or enlisted men in the army or navy of the United States for a period of not less than two years during the late rebellion, shall be eligible to appointment to the United States Military Academy until 24 years of age, and to the United States Naval Academy until 21 years of age; and where they served less than two years to be eligible until 23 and 20 years respectively.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, objected unless the word "white" was inserted.

Mr. Paine objected to make the modification, and therefore the joint resolution was not received.

CLAIMS.

On motion of Mr. Banks, the correspondence between the Secretary of State and the British Minister at Washington, on the claims of Thomas Miller and William Fisher, British subjects, on account of alleged illegal arrests, and of Charles Allen, for injuries done to property near Vicksburgh, was referred to the Committee of Foreign Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

HABEAS CORPUS.

Mr. Cook, from the Conference Committee, made a report, which was agreed to, on the *Habeas Corpus* Bill. That bill has, therefore, passed both Houses.

PRIVATE BILLS.

The House then proceeded to the call of Committees for reports of a private character, the first bill being that reported last Friday from the Committee on Commerce, to pay Charles Brewer & Co., of Boston, $3,530, for the passage from Ascension Island to Honolulu, of American seamen whose vessels were burned by the Anglo-Confederate pirate *Shenandoah*. The bill was considered and passed.

Mr. Eckley, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to authorize the issue of a military land warrant to Frederick Berlin, assignee of the heirs of Peter Hess, deceased; and a bill to create the office of Surveyor-General of Idaho Territory, which were considered and passed.

Mr. McRuer, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to quiet the title to certain lands within the corporate limits of the City of Benicia, California, which was considered and passed. It relinquishes to that city the right and title of the United States to all such lands as are in the bona fide occupancy of parties, reserving land occupied by the Government as a military depot or heretofore conveyed by the United States for public purposes.

Mr. McRuer, also, from the Post-office Committee, reported back the joint resolution for the relief of Ambrose L. Goodrich and Nathan Cornish, which was considered and passed.

Mr. McRuer, also from the same Committee, reported back adversely the Senate bill for the relief of Washington and Dorsey, which was laid on the table.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Messrs. Ingersoll, McCullough, Welker and Baldwin made a number of reports from the Committee on the District of Columbia.

The following bills reported by them were considered and passed: A bill to authorize the extension, construction and use of a lateral branch of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad into and within the District of Columbia; a bill to incorporate the Howard Institute and Home of the District of Columbia; a bill to incorporate the Academy of Music in Washington; a bill to amend the charter of the Washington Gaslight Company; the bill to incorporate the National Association to Educate Colored Men for the Christian Ministry, the title of which was changed into that of a bill to incorporate a National Theological Institute; the Senate bill enlarging the powers of the Levy Court of the County of Washington in the District of Columbia.

Mr. McCullough introduced a bill to authorize the construction and use by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company of a railroad between Knoxville and Monocacy Junction, into and within the District of Columbia.

This was read twice, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

THE MILITARY AND NAVAL ACADEMIES.

At the expiration of the morning hour, Mr. Paine introduced his joint resolution in reference to the Military and Naval Academies, modified so as to obviate the objections of Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, by inserting the words, "if possessing the other qualifications now prescribed by law."

It was read twice, and, on motion of Mr. Schenck, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, with leave to report at any time.

THE GRADE OF GENERAL.

The House now proceeded to the consideration of the bill to revive the grade of General in the United States Army.

Mr. Stevens offered the following amendment to the bill:

Provided, That whenever a vacancy shall occur in the office of Lieutenant-General, by promotion or otherwise, the vacancy shall not be filled until after the death or resignation of Lieut.-Gen. Winfield Scott, and thereafter there shall be but one Lieutenant-General.

Mr. Deming addressed the House in explanation and advocacy of the bill. Referring to the question of pay he stated that the present yearly pay of the Lieutenant-General from all sources was $16,080, and that under this bill the pay of the General from all sources would be $17,540. This bill, he said, had been reported as a recompense and reward for the republic's most successful and illustrious defender. In placing this bill on its merits he was constrained to freshen the recollection of the House of the obligations of the country to Gen. Grant in many disheartening hours of extremity and peril, preferring the rewards paid in all ages to meritorious Generals.

Mr. Deming said in ages long anterior to the most ancient records, victorious Generals became the Kings and founders of dynasties. The Sesostris, the Kames and the Pharoahs, and those great imperial chiefs who gave empiral ascendancy to Babylon and Assyria, the Grants, the Shermans, and the Sheridans of that early day, were promoted for their military service to absolute sovereignty, transmissible by descent over great empires. The war which for two lustres raged around mighty Ilion, was a war of Kings, who had purchased their sceptres by previous prowess in the field. Milliades, Aristides, Themistocles and Epaminondas, constantly occur to all as the names of successful Generals who were promoted for their services to the chief positions in their respective States; while the honors conferred by Carthage and Rome upon Cæsar and Hannibal attest the unbounded gratitude of those great martial nations to their illustrious defenders and deliverers. Charlemagne won the iron crown with the sword. The Luxembourgs and the Condes, who reared and upheld the crown of the Bourbons, were invested with palaces, subsidies and grants which almost surpassed the tales of romance or the dreams of Alaric. Under the old *régime* of the Bourbons, munificent rewards were always conferred for military services; while under the Emperor dukedoms, royal titles and pomps were lavishly bestowed by that large, warm and generous Imperial hand upon Generals who pierced the enemy's centre or carried the eagles triumphantly through the bristling points of raging battle. England has been always prodigal of largesses to those who have vindicated her martial renown and extended her dominion. For the single victory of Blenheim, which broke the colossal power of Louis XIV., Marlborough, the hero of that day, was made Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, with a German Principality attached; and on his entry into London he was received with an ovation which reminded a classical spectator of those transcendent triumphal processions which swept over the Appian Way in the palmiest days of the masters of the world. He was immediately invested with the Manor of Woodstock, once a royal palace, the scene of the loves of Henry II. and the Fair Rosamond; and the gratitude of the Queen instructed the Royal Comptroller to build for him the stately Palace of Blenheim—which remains to-day a monument of the genius of the architect and of the gratitude of the nation. For his subsequent victories he was granted a subsidy, charged upon the Post-office, to the amount of five thousand pounds per annum, and his dukedom, which had been previously limited to his heirs male, was extended to the heirs female, in order, as it was finely expressed, that England might never be without a title which would recall the recollection of so much glory. The aggregate of those grants was estimated to exceed £500,000 sterling. At the close of his Peninsular campaign, place, palaces and sinecures were thrown at the feet of the Iron Duke, and the gratitude of the nation descended upon him in magnificent grants and golden showers. The aggregate of those grants, exclusive of salaries, was £900,000 sterling, to say nothing of a single little annuity of £2,000. Nor has the American people ever been unmindful of the claims for distinguished military services to substantial rewards. For his services in the Revolution General Washington was twice made President. For his services in the War of 1812 General Jackson was twice made President. His services in the same war contributed vastly to the elevation of Gen. Harrison to the same office. And Gen. Taylor never would have been President of the United States but for his victories in Mexico, while his distinguished services in two wars directed the attention of a great party to Lieut.-Gen. Scott as its candidate for the Presidency, and all parties finally concurred in bestowing upon him the reward of Lieutenant-General; the only reward which they could offer for his life-long devotions to our flag. I might challenge this long line of heroes to present a claim to a nation's gratitude that could not be met or overmatched by the claim upon this nation, of that modest and reticent soldier who broke the military power and scattered the armies of the rebellion, whose triumph would have buried the great Republic beyond the hope of resurrection. Tried by the standard of success, which of them can present a fairer, purer, more unsullied record? Tried by the mighty interests that hung upon the arbitrament of their swords, on which of their swords did interests hang so momentous as those which hung upon the sword of Grant? Fired by the valor of the foe, which of them ever encountered a foe more worthy of their steel than Lee? If it had been asked of us in that disheartening Summer of 1863, "What reward will you confer on that General who silences the batteries at Vicksburgh, so that the Mississippi may, through a bisected rebellion, flow unobstructed from the prairies to the Gulf?" or if it had been asked of us at the close of last session of Congress, "What reward will you bestow on him who breaks the lines at Richmond and receives the sword of Lee?"—what soul in the House would have placed any limit or qualification on its obligations? Find, if you can, in the history of the world a single martial enterprise more serious in the obstacles to be overcome—more luminous as an example of heroism and endurance—more fatal to an enemy—more magnificent in its results than the solitary enterprise of opening the Mississippi River. Find if you can in the tide of time a nation ever raised from such depths and exalted to such a pinnacle of greatness by one blow, as was this nation, by that struck at Richmond by Grant, in April last, which pierced the head and paralyzed the extremities of the enemy. We are told in books that war is the employment of force for the purpose of crippling or overwhelming an enemy. And in looking over the history of our war I can find but slight proof that we had succeeded even in crippling our enemy until the inflexible will and martial energy of Grant were breathed as an animating soul into the armies of the Republic. Prior to his conspicuous appearance on this splendid arena we had met with some successes, with many reverses; and the reverses were all disheartening to the national spirit, while the successes scarcely penetrated the hide of the grim monster that was confronting us. We had gained a foothold on the sea islands of South Carolina. We had effected a lodgement on the landspit of Hatteras. We had purchased at a heavy expense the strategical position on Roanoke Island. But in neither of these affairs had we decidedly debilitated the enemy; and from neither of these positions had we penetrated his country much beyond the range of our cannon. The first decided success which let in a glimpse of sunshine, lifted the load of despondency and exhilarated the heart of the nation, were those brilliant operations on the banks of the Tennessee and the Cumberland. And when following hard upon the capture of Fort Henry it was announced that Fort Donelson, strongly fortified by nature and art, had surrendered with its 16,000 prisoners, and that large sections of Kentucky and Tennessee were delivered from rebel thraldom, we began to ask, with all the vehemence of kindling gratitude, to whom are we indebted for an earnestness of purpose and a vigor which almost prove that martial enterprise and heroism are not obsolete entirely, and that there is still some hope for our drooping flag? And we were told that he also had said to a rebel commander, "I will accept no terms but your immediate and unconditional surrender. I propose to move immediately upon your works." was a worthy beneficiary whom the nation had reared at its great military school; who won his spurs in the earliest battle-fields of the Mexican War, his full grade of Lieutenant in those crowded and bloody hours when Molino del Rey succumbed to the impetuosity of our soldiers; and his brevet of Captain on that day, ever memorable in our annals, when the steep and frowning heights of Chepultepec were carried, and the trembling city below implored mercy at the hands of our artillerists. We were told, in short, that he had participated in all that brilliant series of engagements which carried the flag of the Republic triumphantly from the shores of the Gulf to the lake-encircled city of the ancient Aztecs. We were told that when the war was over, disgusted with the monotony and idleness which haunts the soldier in time of peace, he had resigned his commission; but that at the first tocsin of the rebellion he had arisen to the defence of the flag under which he was reared and nurtured—that he had offered his services to Gov. Yates, of Illinois, and had organized the quota from that State under the first call of the President; that as Colonel of the Twenty-first Illinois Volunteers, he had quelled the rebellion in North Missouri, broken up a rebel encampment at Paducah, whipped Jeff. Thompson and severely chastised a superior force of the enemy at Belmont. In short, that he was a General who knew what war meant and did not mean. It did not mean, in his judgment, lying in camp and garrison, drilling, and disciplining and organizing forever and ever; but it meant moving on the enemy, finding him, capturing his works, and when his ranks were broken, not waiting for days and months for reinforcements, for shoes, for horses, for transportation, but pushing on after him with such forces as he had, hanging on his flanks like grim death, and going from expedient to expedient, until the enemy was utterly routed and dissolved. We were told, in short, that he was a General of pluck, purpose and self-reliance. We did not believe as some seemed to believe that Robert E. Lee was endowed by the supernal powers with superhuman adroitness, agility and ubiquity, who did not fear, as some of them seemed to fear, that he and the whole army of Western Virginia could suddenly throw a summersault over the intervening mountains and forests into our lines, but knew that by pushing and hammering away with mere human skill, forethought, caution and perseverance, the mightiest paladin of the rebellion must be outflanked or whipped.

Mr. Deming here referred to the conversation between Grant and Buell after the battle of Shiloh, when Grant was criticised for fighting with his back to the Tennessee River, and replied to the question where he would have retreated, that he did not mean to retreat, adding that if forced to retreat, the transports would have been sufficient to carry away all who survived. In one important respect, he continued, the battle of Shiloh accomplished more toward the eventual success of the national arms than any battle fought in the war. It was the *experimentum crucis* that first tested the respective manliness and stamina of the two belligerents. It was the first huddling together of two people in a hand-to-hand fight, and when the enemy retreated from that gory field he retreated with his arrogance tamed and with his dream of invincibility dispelled forever. From that terrible day no Southerner ever ventured to dispute the courage, the persistence or the manliness of his adversary, for there was weeping and lamentation in every Southern home. I have already briefly adverted to the great importance to the national cause of the conquest of Vicksburgh. In the protracted operations which eventually led to the overthrow of that almost impregnable stronghold, what quality or element of a consummate Commander did Gen. Grant fail to exhibit? Strategy? The conception of that enterprise was either the inspiration of a strategical genius or the result of the severest strategical study. Labor and perseverance? The reconnoissance which he made in that amphibious region for the purpose of securing a safe passage behind Vicksburgh, the dredging which he executed, the canals which he dug are unsurpassed and without a parallel in the physical obstacles overcome, unless the parallel is to be found in the memorable expedition of Xerxes to the Peloponessus, which channelled Mount Athos and bridged the Hellespont. Courage? Did he not push his transports through an iron hail compared with which the full blast of Gibraltar or Cherbourg would have been comparatively harmless? Persistence? Did he not again push his transports, already riddled by their first encounter, through the destruction which stormed upon them from the bluffs of Grand Gulf? Forethought? Every step of that enterprise was prearranged in his mind, and every contingency which could possibly be foreseen provided for in advance, and every contingency which could not be foreseen was promptly met on the spur of the occasion. Fighting? After he landed he fought for twenty consecutive days, and fought five pitched battles until he hurled that great army of the Southwest within its lines, and held it there until it dropped into his arms.

Mr. Deming, referring to the Chattanooga campaign, read the account of it contained in Grant's congratulatory order to his corps, and continued: It is universally admitted that the first campaign on which he entered as Lieutenant-General was grand and perfect, requiring as it did the cooperation of four great armies—the Army of the Potomac, the Army of the James, the Army of Western Virginia, and the Army of the Cumberland—all with different objective points, but all contributing to the general object of the campaign—the destruction of the chief army of the enemy. No man can contemplate without admiration that hand-to-hand fight in the thickets of the bloody Wilderness, that persistent and inflexible advance from the Rapidan to the James against overwhelming natural obstacles, against an entrenched enemy perfectly acquainted with every pathway, with every point of attack and resistance, and possessing those interior lines over which he could rapidly hurry his forces and march them upon any point assailed. No man contemplates without the profoundest sympathy the labors, the anxieties and the solicitudes of that protracted siege. At its close the name of Grant was found unconsciously mingling with our thanks to Heaven for that crowning triumph, so important in its immediate results to the Government, and charged with ultimate consequences so momentous to liberty, civilization and the human race. Let gratitude unbounded, unmeasured and infinite be freely tendered to him, and let some substantial reward be proffered in a slight degree commensurate with the obligations of a rescued and disenthralled nation. I think I may safely invoke the favor of the representatives of the people to the humble testimonial proposed by this bill. Let us not, in this day of our deliverance and exaltation, paralyze all future heroism, and reaffirm the gratitude of republics before the civilized world, by ungraciously withholding the title of General from the foremost soldier of the age. To him who entered the war as Captain, and won upon its battle-fields every successive grade, emerging from it with the highest rank known to the service; to him who, at Fort Donelson, first lifted the cloud which rested on the trembling nation; to him who at Vicksburgh released the Father of Waters from his forced complicity with treason; to him who at Chattanooga opened the gates of Georgia so that Sherman might sweep from Atlanta to the sea, and from Savannah to the Capes; to him who successfully conducted two of the most memorable sieges in history; to him who received the sword of Buckner, of Pemberton and of Lee; to him who received the capitulation of three great armies and who dissolved the Confederacy at Richmond. Let us not show ingratitude. Time destroys the proudest memorials. The impress which we have made as a nation upon the human family may all be obliterated, Our proudest achievements, those which we now fondly deem eternal, those which embellish the walls of that historic rotunda, may all drop from the memory of man; our civilization, our liberty sculptured on the pediment of this Capitol, may all be engulphed in the black waters of Lethe; this massive structure with its solid foundations, its expanded wings, its towering columns, its majestic dome, with our annals, our Constitution, our laws and our politics, may all be buried in one common grave; yet we shall not all perish. Rest assured that these American names will survive oblivion and soar together immortal—the name of him who founded, the name of him who disenthralled, and the name of him who saved the Republic.

Mr. Raymond addressed the House briefly in support of the bill. He said such honors as this bill proposed to create, or if not to create, to revive anew for a higher and still greater occasion, became the man for whose head they are to be clustered, whether you consider his private worth, his patriotism, his distinguished services in the field, or the attitude in which he stands to this great nation to-day, and in which he will stand through all time to come. Those honors cannot be greater than his dessert. His services will be remembered not in this land alone, but in all lands where military prowess stands foremost, and for them we cannot give too much of recognition and of honor. Nor will this nation ever forget that it owes to him, in all human probability, the perpetuity of its Government. No words can round his fitting eulogy. No words less graphic than those used by the distinguished gentleman from Connecticut (Deming) can properly and sufficiently describe the long career of his services, the long catalogue of victories he has won, and of honors that he has heaped upon his native land. I rejoice that this bill has been brought forward to do him honor. Would that it was in our power to magnify, to augment to any extent, the honors we would pay, for it is only by such recognition from those they serve that great men ever receive fitting reward. It is not the genius of our institutions to give undue material rewards, even for such material services as these; but, certainly, the nation does not lack a grateful heart. We shall reward him cheerfully and with the heartiest acclamations. From one end of the land to the other he shall be honored and endeared to us all as the saviour of the nation; as the man who rescued from danger and from destruction the priceless principles of self-government; and unless gratitude fade from the coming generations, nothing shall remind them of his name which does not remind them of his services; and when he shall die and mingle his dust with the dust of our common earth he shall descend to an honored grave covered with benedictions—with everything that a grateful people can accumulate around his memory, and that can perpetuate his services. Let this bill, therefore, pass by a unanimous voice of the House; not only this, but let whatever else can be done be done with free, cordial, hearty good will, such as that with which the nation always rewards those who serve the people.

Mr. Stevens spoke in favor of his amendment, but said that, whether adopted or not, he would vote for the bill. He agreed with the gentleman from New-York (Mr. Raymond,) who is willing not only to promote Gen. Grant to this office, but, as I understand him, and I hope I did not misunderstand him, to a higher office whenever the happy moment shall arrive. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. McKee opposed the bill on the ground that it was following aristocratic precedents, and that the nation's gratitude was due more pressingly to the maimed and suffering who had periled their all for the nation.

Mr. Finck supported the bill, and expressed the hope that it would be passed by an unanimous vote.

Mr. Smith followed on the same side, and expressed his regret that any member from his State (meaning Mr. McKee,) should take a different position.

Mr. Rogers also supported the bill, but reminded the House that there were other able and illustrious Generals who were entitled to the gratitude of the American people, and that the men who fought in the ranks, and gained the victories, were not to be forgotten.

Mr. Shellabarger claimed as an additional merit of Gen. Grant, that he had proposed the destruction of slavery nearly a month before the Proclamation of Emancipation. And he sent up and had read a letter from Gen. Grant to Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, dated Vicksburgh, Aug. 30, 1862, in which that view is expressed.

Mr. Delano hoped the House would not adopt the amendment offered by Mr. Stevens, for there was another man in America beside Gen. Grant. There was another whose name, if not inscribed so high on the column of fame as that of Gen. Grant, would be inscribed not far below it. That name belonged to the State of Ohio. It was that of the man who marched his army from Atlanta to the sea. And he trusted and believed that while the name of Grant lived, that of Sherman would not be forgotten. He wanted the American people to be permitted to say that Sherman should take the place at present occupied by Grant.

The previous question having been moved and seconded, the House came to a vote, which was first on the amendment offered by Mr. Stevens.

The amendment was rejected by a vote of 50 yeas against 78 nays.

Mr. Le Blond asked for the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, so that the vote might be shown to be almost unanimous.

The vote was taken, and the bill passed by a vote of 116 yeas against 11 nays.

NAYS.—Messrs. Baker, Coffroth, Dennison, Farnsworth, Harris, Higby, Loan, McKee, Marcur, Morrill and Wilson of Pennsylvania.

The following is the bill as passed. (It was originally introduced by Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, on the 6th of December, 1865; referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, and reported back, with amendments:)

That the grade of General of the Army of the United States be and the same is hereby revived, and the President is hereby authorized, whenever he shall deem it expedient, to appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a General of the Army of the United States, to be selected from among those officers in the military service of the United States most distinguished for courage, skill and ability; who, being commissioned as General may be authorized under the direction and during the pleasure of the President, to command the armies of the United States.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the pay proper of the General shall be $400 per month, and his allowances in all other respects shall be the same as were allowed to the Lieutenant-General by the second section of the act approved Feb. 29, 1864, entitled "An act reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General in the United States Army;" and the said General may select for his Chief of Staff a Brigadier-General from among the officers of the army holding that rank, and may appoint upon his staff such number of Aids, not exceeding six, as he may judge proper, who shall each have the rank, pay and emoluments of a Colonel of cavalry.

THE NATIONAL CURRENCY.

Mr. Stevens introduced a bill relative to the national currency, which was read twice and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

Mr. Laflin, from the Committee on Printing, reported that it was not necessary to have extra copies of the reprint of the Internal Revenue Bill, inasmuch as the modifications spoken of by Mr. Morrill this morning were immaterial in their character.

IMPROVING THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. Eliot introduced a bill to authorize the construction of a ship channel at the mouth of the Mississippi River; which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

PARDONS.

The Speaker presented a message from the President of the United States, in reply to a House resolution of the 5th of March, 1866, asking for information in reference to pardons, transmitting reports from the Secretary of State, Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of War, and Attorney-General, &c. It was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

On motion of Mr. Rice, of Maine, the concurrent resolution from the Senate, instructing the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to inquire and report what further provision should be made for the accommodation of the State Department, was taken up and concurred in.

DAKOTA.

Mr. Burleigh, of Dakota, offered a resolution of inquiry in reference to roads in that Territory, which was adopted.

SOLDIERS' DISCHARGES.

Mr. Ferry offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Invalid Pensions to inquire into the propriety of providing by law for county or other local registration of soldiers' discharges, so as to guard against loss of the originals.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Mr. Rice, of Maine, offered a resolution which was adopted, directing the Secretary of the Interior to communicate the report of Mr. Walter, late architect of the Capitol extension, on the warming and ventilation of the two Houses, with the reports of Messrs. Henry and Wetherell.

Mr. Harding, of Illinois, suggested that there was no necessity for any information on the subject.

TO-DAY'S SESSION.

On motion of Mr. Stevens it was ordered that the session to-morrow be for general debate only; and then at 4:30 o'clock the House adjourned.

Death of a War Correspondent.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, May 4.

George C. Bower, Jr., a well-known and highly esteemed war correspondent, attached to several journals in this city and Washington during the rebellion, died this morning of heart disease.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MAY 4, 1866.

$5,000 U. S. 6s, '67 R.	110	100 Mariposa Pr	25¾
50,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C.	108⅝	1000 do	24
5,000 do	108⅝	800 do	24½
31,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s C.'62	102	500 do	24½
1,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s R.'64	102	1400 do	24¾
24,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s C.'64	102	2400 do	25
10,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s R.'65	102	200 do 2d call	24¾
1,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s C.'65	102½	200 Boston Water P.	34⅝
205,000 do	102	400 New-York Cen.	92½
85,000 do 2d call	102	400 do	92⅝
500 U.S. 5s, 10-40s, C. Small	95¾	1070 Erie R.	74⅝
40,000 do	96	1000 do 2d call	74⅝
2,000 do	95¾	50 Erie R. Pref.	80
6,000 do	96⅛	100 Hud. R. R.	110¾
5,000 U. S. 5s, '74 C. In.	98	200 do b10	110⅝
22,000 Tr. Notes, 73-10s, Second Series	102	100 do 2d call	110⅝
2,000 do	101⅞	200 New-Jersey C.	111
2,000 do 3d Series	101⅝	1700 Reading R.	108
6,000 Brooklyn City 6s, Water Loan	98	800 do	107⅝
8,000 N.Y. St. 7s, Bounty Loan	103⅝	100 Mich. S. & N. I.	78¾
1,000 Virginia 6s	68	100 do	78⅝
2,000 N. Car. 6s	83⅝	100 Ill. Cen. R.	121⅝
5,000 do s30	83⅝	100 do	122
50,000 do	84	100 do	122⅛
140,000 O. & M. Cer.	28¾	300 do	122⅜
10,000 Ohio & M. Cer. P.	70	100 do	122½
4,000 Ohio & Miss. 1st	89	200 Cleve. & Pitts.	82½
1,000 Erie 3d M.	95½	100 Chic. & N. W.	29¾
5,000 Mich. So. S. F. Bs.	92½	100 do	29⅝
5,000 do	93	900 do	29½
5,000 do	93	200 do	29⅝
1,500 Cl. & Pitts. 3d M.	73¾	300 do b30	29¾
1,000 C. & N. W. S. F. Bs.	91	300 Chi. & N. W. P.	61
20,000 P., Ft. W. & C. 3d	93	1100 do	60¾
2,000 Hud. R. R. D. S.	85	25 do	61
8,000 To. & W. 1st M. Ex.	89	100 Chic. & R. I.	124
24 Am. Ex. Bank	112	400 do	124⅜
6 Continental Bank	97	300 do 2d call	124⅝
60 Manuf. Mer. Bank	103	100 do	125
120 Fourth N. Bk.	104	26 Del., Lack. & W.	137¾
200 Canton Co.	59	100 P., Ft. W. & Chi.	100
200 do s3	59	600 do	100⅛
100 do b10	59	600 do	100⅜
86 West. U. Teleg'h	60	100 Alt. & T. H.	34¾
1000 do	60½	100 do	34⅜
200 do	60⅜	100 do	34
100 do	60½	200 Alt. & T. H. Pr.	63
25 West. U. Tel. Rus. Extension	107	50 Chic. & Alton	95¾
200 Wyom. Val. Co.	40	200 do	95
100 Quick. Min. Co.	54½	400 do	95⅜
200 Spruce Hill Coal	5½	100 Mil. & St. P.	50
300 Cleve. & Tol. R.	104⅛	100 Mil. & St. P. Pr.	66
		20 do	67
		100 do	67½
		150 Chic. & Gr. R. R.	45
		200 Mar. & O. 1st P.	40

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

$10,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s C.'62	102	200 Erie Railroad	74¼
10,000 O. & M. Cer.	28¾	100 do	74½
200 Mariposa Pref.	25	100 C. & N. W. P. o15	61
200 N. Y. Central	92½	500 do	60⅞
500 P., F. W. & C.	100	500 do b30	61

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$6,000 U. S. 6s, '81, R.	109	100 Spring M. Coal	50
2,000 U. S. 6s, '81 Cou.	108⅝	100 do	49⅞
1,000 do	108⅝	200 At. Mail S. Co.	128¾
20,000 do 2d call	109	100 New-York Cen.	92½
20,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C'64	102½	300 do	92⅜
5,000 do indorsed	101⅝	300 Alt. & T. H. P.	62
390,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s C'65	102½	100 Chic. & Alt.	98
5,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.	95¾	500 Erie R.	74¼
1,500 do	95⅜	100 do	74
500 do Small	95⅜	200 do s15	73⅞
10,000 Tr. Notes, 73-10s, First Ser.	102	200 do s15	73⅝
2,100 do 2d S. Small	101⅞	200 do	73⅞
40,000 do Third Ser.	102	200 Reading R.	107⅞
10,000 O. & M. C.	28⅜	400 Mich. S. & N. I.	78⅜
10,000 do	28¼	100 Cleve. & Pitts.	82
100 Cum. Coal P.	44⅝	500 Chic. & N. W.	28⅞
100 do	44½	600 do	29
100 Quicksilver	54	200 Chi. & N. W. P.	61
40 Western U. Tel.	60½	200 do	61¼
200 Mar. Min. Co.	12½	100 do	61⅛
200 do	12⅜	40 Chi. & R. I.	124⅛
200 do	12¼	11 do	123⅞
400 Mar. Pref.	25½	300 Mil. & St. P. Pr.	69
		200 do	69⅛

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

$1,000 N. Car. B's	83¼	100 West. U. Tel.	60½
35,000 O. & M. Cer.	28	500 Cleve. & Pitts.	82⅛
15,000 do s3	28	200 do s3	82⅜
200 Canton Co.	58⅞	900 do	82¼
200 do s3	58⅝	200 do c	82½
200 Cum. Coal	45	100 do	82⅜
100 Spruce Hill Coal	5¼	200 Chic. & N. W.	28⅞
100 do s3	5⅛	100 do	28¾
200 Quick. Min. Co. s3	54	100 do b3	28⅝
200 N. Y. Cen.	92⅝	300 Chic. & N. W. P.	59⅞
100 do	92⅜	200 do	60
100 Erie R.	74⅜	600 do	60⅛
100 do	74⅜	300 do s3	60¼
500 Reading R.	107⅞	300 do	60⅜
800 do	107¾	200 do	60½
200 do	107⅝	200 do b3	60⅝
400 M. So. & N. I.	78⅝	100 P., F. W. & C.	99⅞
200 do b3	78⅝	100 Union Nav. Co.	16¼

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer. b3	28¾	300 Reading R. b3	107⅝
100 Cum. Coal	45	800 do	107¾
100 do b3	45	400 do s3	107⅝
800 Spruce H. C.	5¼	300 do b3	107⅝
500 do b3	5⅜	200 do	107⅝
200 do	5⅛	200 Mich. S. & N. I.	78⅝
700 do b3	5½	400 do	78⅜
400 do	5¼	100 do c	78⅝
300 Quicksilver	54	200 do	78⅜
200 do s3	54	300 Clev. & Pitts.	82
100 do	54⅛	900 do	82⅛
300 Mar. Min. Pf.	25⅜	200 do b3	82
100 do b30	25	200 do	81⅞
200 do	24½	200 Chic. & R. I.	124⅛
100 West. U. Tel.	60¾	100 do s3	124⅛
200 do	60½	300 Chi. & N. W. b3	29
100 do b3	60⅝	200 do	29
300 Boston W. P.	35	200 Chic. & N. W. P. s3	60¾
100 N. Y. Central s3	92½	500 do	60⅝
200 do	92⅝	300 do	60½
200 do b3	92⅝	200 do s3	60⅝
100 Erie R. s3	74⅝	300 do b3	60¾
500 do	74⅝	900 do	60⅝
200 do s3	74	500 P., F. W. & C.	99⅞
900 do c	74		

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 Am. Gold	127⅝	400 N. Y. Cen.	92⅝
200 Canton Co. b3	58⅝	500 do b3	92¾
200 Boston W. P.	34⅝	200 do b3	92⅝
200 Spruce H. C.	5¼	500 Erie R.	73⅞
300 do b3	5⅛	500 do s3	73⅞
300 do	5⅛	200 do s15	73¾
200 do b10	5⅜	100 Reading R.	107⅞
200 do	5	50 do	106⅞
300 Mariposa Min. Pr.	25⅜	20 do	106⅞
100 do b3	25½	400 Chi. & R. I.	124⅜
100 do	25⅛	300 do s3	124⅝
200 M. S & N. I.	78⅝	100 Chi. & N. W.	29
200 do s3	78⅝	200 do s3	29
200 Clev. & Pitts. b3	82	500 Chic. & N. W. P.	61
200 do s3	81⅞	200 do s3	61
200 Cleve. & Tol.	104⅛	100 do b10	61⅛
200 do s3	104⅛		

FRIDAY, May 4—P. M.

The Gold speculation was spiritless to-day. The liberal interest disbursements from the Government Office add largely to the available supply, making the article not worth the smallest fraction more, for immediate delivery, even on speculative account, than in the regular way. The heavy coin reserve in the Treasury vaults ($76,676,407, on the 1st inst., exclusive of the May interest appropriations) and the steady accumulation in progress from the custom revenues, are decidedly in the way of the *bull* operations. The extreme figures of the day were 127⅝@127⅞, and the closing price 127⅝, or three-eighths of 1 ⅌ cent. off yesterday's latest quotation. The receipts from Custom duties were unusually heavy, reaching $368,000, and making the total for five days of the current week $2,726,000, or equal to a daily average of $545,200, which would put the whole week's income up to $3,271,200. The foreign exchange market is yielding a little, under a more liberal offering of prime drafts and a less urgent inquiry, especially from the importing interest. Bankers' sixty-day sterling bills closed heavily at 109¾.

The Government Security list was buoyant again, to-day, on active business. Sixes of 1881 advanced ⅛ ⅌ cent. on heavy investment purchases, and left off very firmly. They were in unusually light supply. Five-Twenties were in improved demand and a fraction dearer, closing with an upward tendency, on reduced offerings. Many of the foreign houses, so far from evincing an inclination to put out any more thirty-day options against the market, were buying in to protect their outstanding time contracts; and this movement was regarded as a further slight indication of the inevitable appreciation of the bonds, which, as a 6 ⅌ cent. coin-bearing stock, are deemed the cheapest investment now available. The marked rise in the 10.40s yesterday brought out larger offerings to-day, which, however, were promptly taken up at the going rates, leaving few round lots in the open market. The heaviest buyers express great confidence in the immediate future course of this stock, which will be most directly affected by the funding bill now before Congress, and likely to be made "the law of the land," substantially as it was introduced by Senator SHERMAN, with the avowed sanction of Secretary MCCULLOCH. The aim of this bill is to provide for the consolidation of the entire public indebtedness, as early as practicable, and with due regard to the rights of the Government and its creditors, into a great National stock, bearing interest at the rate of 5 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum, exempt from National, as well as State and Municipal taxation, and having every essential characteristic of a stable and remunerative investment. The bill provides, in the most explicit language, for the payment of interest and principal in coin. It also provides for an eminently judicious mode of liquidation, from the important savings of interest sure to follow the consolidation of the debt into such an uniform interest-bearing security as accords with restored unity, and vastly improved credit of the republic; and from such other unappropriated moneys in the National Treasury, requisite to make up annually a sum of *at least* thirty million dollars, to be applied to the redemption of the new bonds. The consolidated stock project does not contemplate any addition to the aggregate debt; it is framed expressly to guard against it. It is designed exclusively as an absolutely necessary preliminary to liquidation. Washington advices assure us that it is as favorably received there as here, and that there need be no apprehension of its failure to become a law. Congress will undoubtedly act on it promptly, and thus enable Secretary MCCULLOCH to avail himself of the extraordinary ease in money, and the golden opportunity which is now presented, to successfully inaugurate the funding process. The people are in a position to make a satisfactory response to any authorized call upon them, which aims to protect and promote the credit of the Government, the solvency of which is the measure and reflection of their own prosperity. The currency interest obligations were in brisk request and quoted firm.

In the railway and miscellaneous stock dealings there was notably increased animation during the day, and an early rise in the price of all the speculative favorites. This buoyancy was not maintained through the later transactions. Some extensive realizations depressed the market in the afternoon. Toward the close, the speculative fever partially subsided, and the turn of prices was in favor of buyers.

At 5 P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with the preceding evening:

	Thur.	Fri.		Thur.	Fri.
U. S. 10-40s	95⅞	96	Northwest	28⅝	28⅞
U. S. 5-20s	102	102½	N. West Pref.	60⅝	61
U. S. 7.30s	102	102	Rock Island	124⅝	124⅛
N. Y. Central	92⅝	92⅜	Fort Wayne	99⅝	99⅞
Erie	74⅝	74¼	Cumb'land Coal	44⅝	45
Hudson	110⅝	110	Quicksilver	54	54
Reading	107½	107½	Mariposa	12¾	12⅛
Mich. Southern	78⅜	77⅞	Mariposa Pref.	25¼	25
Illinois Central	120⅝	121	Canton	58⅝	58⅝
Pittsburgh	82⅜	81⅞	Ohio Certificates	28	28
Tennessee 6s	90¾	90⅝	American Gold	127⅞	127⅝
Pacific Mail	228	226	Bills on London	109¾	109½
Missouri 6s	74	74			

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	118	Chatham	130
Manhattan	130	Bank of the Republic	113
Merchants'	114	Bank of N. America	106
Mechanics'	130	Hanover	112
America	140	Irving	110
City	200	Metropolitan	121
Phœnix	101½	Citizens'	120
Tradesmen's	130	People's	118
Greenwich	130	Nassau	105
Butchers' & Drovers'	125	Corn Exchange	115
National	105	Continental	97
Merchants' Exchange	110	St. Nicholas	100
Leather Manufac'rs'	155	Importers' & Traders'	107
Seventh Ward	105	Manufac. & Merch'ts	103
State of New York	100	N.Y. Nation'l Ex. B'k	120
Commerce	107	Central National	107¼
Mechanics' Bkg. Ass.	104	First National	210
Ocean	102	Fourth National	103¼
Mercantile	120	Ninth National	109
American Exchange	112	Oriental Bank	126
Pacific	165		

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	89¾	Han. & St. Jo. Land G.	90
Erie 1st M., '75	97½	Del. L. & W. 1st M.	99
Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83	95¼	Del. L. & W. 2d M.	100
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	91¾	Tol. & Wab. 1st M.	88
Erie 7s, 5th mort., '88	93	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. ext.	80
Buf. N. Y. & E. 1st M. '77	95	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	71¾
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., '69	102	Mil. & Pr. du Ch. 1st M.	99
Hud. R. 7s, 2ds, S.F. '85	101½	Chic. & R. I. 1st M.	99
Harlem 1st M., '69-'72	97	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	96
Harlem 3d mort., '68	94	N. J. Central 1st M.	100
Mich. Cen. 8 p. c. '69-'72	105	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st M.	103
Mich. C. nw. 1st M, 8s, '82	107	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	93
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ⅌ c. 1st M.	109	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 3d	88
Mich. So. 7 ⅌ c. 2ds	87½	Cleve. & P. 3d M. conv.	87¼
N. Ind. Goshen L. 1868	93	Cleve. & P. 4th mort.	73
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ⅌ c.	91½	Chic. & Alton S. F.	93
Ill. Cen. 7 ⅌ c. 1875	102	Chic. & Al. 1st M.	93
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	99	Chi. & Alt. Income	85¾
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	79	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	89
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	73	Peninsula R. R. Bds.	80
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	88	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	88¾
Chi. & N. W. Int. B.	80	Chi. & Mil. 1st M.	81
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	83	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort.	100
Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	75		

The omission of a line from our correspondent's inquiry relative to U. S. Five-twenties, as given in our paper this morning, radically alters its drift, and the pertinency of our reply. Referring to the very low quotation given by a cotemporary for the Five-Twenties, our correspondent's question concluded thus: "When, *since the final marketing of the first series*, was this?" The italicised line, which was omitted, indicated the starting point of the period covered by our response; which, keeping in view the necessary qualification of our correspondent's inquiry, is correct. Had his question been as absolute as it was made to appear this morning, we should have answered that before the loan had been many months open to public subscription, it fell in the street, early in 1863, as low as the figure mentioned by our cotemporary. This was immediately prior to the assignment of the business of marketing the loan to Mr. JAY COOKE, the Government Agent in Philadelphia, in the first week of March, 1863. From the time that Mr. COOKE and his sub-agents took charge of the loan until it was finally disposed of, its par value was very uniformly maintained, and its distribution proceeded at a rate exceeding even the most sanguine anticipations of the Treasury officials and the loyal business public.

The more extensive movements at the Stock Boards led to greater activity in call loans, which, however, were freely supplied at the ruling figures of 5 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum, to all first-class houses furnishing Government and other primo collaterals. To the large dealers in the public funds, money was offered in heavy sums at 4@5 ⅌ cent., generally at the minimum rate, which was the highest price they had any real need of paying. The discount market presented no really new features. The cash balance in the Sub-Treasury this evening was $93,246,142, on receipts during the day of $1,430,660, against disbursements of $1,303,471. The issue of Gold Certificates was $313,000.

A long discussion is reported as having taken place, to-day, at the Clearing-house meeting, in the case of the Continental *vs.* the Commonwealth Bank, relative to the forged check of Mr. JOHN ROSS. Some doubt was expressed whether the Clearing-house had jurisdiction of the matter. The subject was eventually referred to a Committee of Five, to report at an adjourned meeting.

The following is a statement of deposits and coinage at the Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, during the month of April, 1866:

Deposits.		
Gold Deposits from all sources		$1,593,789 40
Silver Deposits, including purchases		21,399 11
Total Deposits		$1,615,188 51
Gold Coinage.		
Denomination.	No. of Pieces.	Value.
Double Eagle	60,610	$1,302,200 00
Fine Bars	13	7,229 77
Total	60,623	$1,399,429 77
Silver.		
Half-Dollars	39,600	$19,800 00
Fine Bars	8	361 46
Total	39,608	$20,161 46
Copper.		
Cents	850,000	$8,500 00
Two cent pieces	129,000	2,580 00
Three cent pieces	349,000	10,470 00
Total	1,328,000	$21,550 00
RECAPITULATION.		
	Pieces.	Value.
Gold coinage	60,623	$1,399,429 72
Silver coinage	39,608	20,161 46
Copper coinage	1,328,000	21,550 00
Total	1,437,231	$1,441,141 18

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,088,264. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	577	$345,383	220	$95,906	732	$320,518
Man. of Cotton	549	175,648	84	29,065	321	103,066
Man. of Silk	175	189,589	72	61,711	158	170,488
Man. of Flax	305	115,486	63	21,469	478	132,140
Miscellaneous	491	106,082	10,696	49,020	6,867	46,655
Total	2,097	$831,098	11,135	$257,166	8,576	$772,876
		257,166				831,098
Total entered		$1,088,264	Total marketed			$1,603,974

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,

(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)

30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, May 4, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 10 bbls. Ashes, 4,460 bbls. Flour, 50 bbls. and 329 bags Corn Meal, 250 bushels Corn, 625 bushels Oats, 33 bbls. Pork, 541 pkgs. Cut Meats, 1,234 pkgs. Lard, 50 bbls. Beef, and 190 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue quiet and depressed at $6 62½c.@$6 87½c. for Pots, and $12 75@$13 for Pearls ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Is in fair demand at former prices.

CANDLES—Are quiet at unchanged quotations.

COFFEE—Has been sparingly dealt in at previous prices. We quote: Java at 25½c.@26½c., Native Ceylon at 21c.@22c., Maracaibo at 19½c.@23½c., Laguayra at 18½c.@20½c., Rio at 15½c.@20½c., and St. Domingo at 17½c.@17¾c., cash, in gold, ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Has been in more demand at a shade firmer prices. Middlings are quoted at from 34c.@36c., chiefly within the range, ⅌ lb. Sales since our last 1,800 bales, against receipts of 421 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	7,934
Receipts since May 1, 1866	3,537
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1866	285,612
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1865	737,380
Exports since Sept. 1, 1865	433,203

DRY GOODS.—The Dry Goods Exchange Report to-day has been as follows:—*Jobbers' Prices:* Brown Sheetings—Wachusett, 36-inch, 20c.; Boott A, 16c.; Boott O, 20c. Bleached Shirtings—Androscoggin, 34c.; Bartletts, 36-inch, 30c.; Bartletts, 33-inch, 24c. Prints—Merrimack W, 19c.; Merrimack D, 18c.; Victory, 14c.; Wamsutta, 12½c. Delaines—Hamilton, 22½c.; Manchester, 22½c. Cambrics—Victory, 15c.; Portland, 11½c. Ticks—Amoskeag A C A, 62½c.; Amoskeag, D, 32½c. Stripes—Amoskeag, 34c.; Uncasville, 25c. Denims—Amoskeag, 52½c.; Boston Manufacturing Company, 30c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic and Empress Trail, prices unchanged; S. T. & A. T. Meyer's I X L, in good demand. Corsets—Thomson Coutil L'Imperatrice, $30; Thomson Coutil Parisienne, $14. Shirts—J W L Standard Dress, No. 210, $30; J W L Standard Dress, No. 450, $40.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been more sought after and prices have advanced 10c.@20c. ⅌ bbl., closing buoyantly. Sales, since our last, 16,800 bbls., including common to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 30@$8; very poor to choice Extra State at $8 10@$9 25, chiefly at $8 10@$8 60; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands at $9@$9 40 ⅌ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 30	@$8 00
Extra State	8 10	@ 9 25
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 15	@13 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	9 00	@ 9 40
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	9 45	@13 50
Extra Genesee	9 30	@13 50
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 50	@16 50

Southern Flour continues in fair demand at buoyant prices. Sales since our last, 780 bbls., in lots, at $10 15@$11 25 for poor to good, and $11 30@$16 50 for good to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is advancing on a better inquiry. Sales, 500 bbls. Extra at $8 35@$12 75 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour continues in fair demand, including Superfine, at $5@$6 25 ⅌ bbl; sales, 150 bbls. Corn Meal is in request at $3 85@$4 for Western, $3 90@$4 for Jersey, $4 20 for Marsh's Caloric, and $4 40@$4 45 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl. Sales, 300 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more active, and has advanced decidedly, closing in favor of sellers, who are not eager to realize at going rates, as they anticipate a further material rise. Sales, since our last, 65,000 bushels, including new and old amber Michigan, at $2@$2 55; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1 97@$1 98; now held higher; inferior to very choice Chicago Spring at $1 50@$1 98 ⅌ bushel. Corn has been depressed and declining. Sales since our last, 45,000 bushels, at 78c.@82c. for unsound, and 82c.@84c., in store and delivered for poor to very choice sound mixed Western, ⅌ bushel. Oats are in more request, including State at 60c.@62c., Jersey and Pennsylvania at 56c.@57c., old Western at 57c.@59c., new Western at 44c.@50c., Canada at 57c.@59c. ⅌ bushel. Sales were also made of 5,000 bushels Rye at 69c. for State, and 78c. for Western; 7,000 bushels inferior Canada West Barley at $1 07 ⅌ bushel. The business in Breadstuffs, in Milwaukee, week ending with May 1, Messrs. GEO. I. JONES & Co., notice thus: "Flour has been in good demand during the past week, and prices have improved 25c.@50c. ⅌ bbl. Freight to New-York, by all rail, $1 ⅌ bbl; to Boston and Portland, $1 10; to Baltimore and Philadelphia, $1 10. Receipts for week, 5,007 bbls. Shipments for week, 4,979 bbls. The excitement in the Wheat market noted in our last weekly circular, has continued with increased vigor, and prices have reached a considerably higher point than at any previous time since the present crop began to be marketed. The demand has been chiefly on speculation and for account of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois operators. This class have bought largely both for immediate and future delivery, under the belief that there is a great scarcity of sound wheat in almost every section of the country but that tributary to this port; and this, in connection with the unfavorable prospects for the Winter wheat crop in several of the States, induces them to look for a still further improvement. The receipts have been very light, in consequence of the submerging of railroad tracks and destruction of bridges by the overflowing of the upper Mississippi and rivers in this State, and owing to these damages it is thought the arrivals must continue moderate for some time yet. Many parties who, earlier in the season, sold for delivery about this time, in expectation of large receipts from Minnesota, have been compelled to enter the market to fulfill their engagements, and this has materially aided the upward movement. The demand from Eastern millers and dealers has been considerably checked by the advanced prices, and many having chosen to secure the profits offered by selling out their purchases, have sold in preference to shipping, and the stock in store here is now largely in the hands of Western operators, who are holding with much confidence. The stock has been further reduced by shipments. Communication by water with the lower lake ports has been resumed within the past two days by the reopening of the Straits at Mackinaw. The first arrival of the season from below was the propeller *Montgomery*, on Sunday evening, 29th ult. Last year the first arrival was on 21st April. Vessels are now rapidly leaving for the lower lakes. Freights have ruled quiet but steady at 9c.@9½c. on Wheat to Buffalo, and 14½c.@15c. to Oswego. The weather has been very favorable for farming operations, and the prospects for the Spring wheat crop in this section are encouraging. The stock of Wheat in store is estimated at 500,000 bushels. The receipts of Wheat for past week sum up 149,821 bushels, against 104,164 bushels for the same time last year. Shipments for week, 38,416 bushels by rail, and 594,409 bushels by lake, as follows: 232,500 bushels to Oswego, 181,056 bushels to Buffalo, 36,700 bushels to Ogdensburgh, 30,950 bushels to Cleveland, 15,900 bushels to Toledo, 12,643 bushels to Sandusky, 13,600 bushels to Kingston, 50,750 to Port Colborne, and 21,270 bushels to other ports. We quote No. 1 Spring Wheat in store, subject to 2c. ⅌ bushel storage, at $1 66; No. 2 at $1 51@$1 52. Winter Wheat ranges from $1 75 to $2 30. Oats have ruled firm and steady during the past week. We quote No. 1 in store, subject to 2c. storage, at 34c.; No. 2 at 28c. Receipts for the week, 35,664 bushels."

HAY—North River bale continues in demand and steady, at 60c.@85c. for poor to very choice, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in request at steady prices, including last year's crop at 20c.@65c., and two years' old at 8c.@35c. ⅌ lb. From Mr. E. WELLS we have the following notice of the week's business in Hops: "We have to report a steady trade and a still smaller stock, now reduced to so small a compass that only the expectation of foreign arrivals relieves the market from the rule of a famine. Prices are now so high that the dealers, as far as possible, have withdrawn from the market, being unwilling to contribute to a further advance; they are withholding their orders, and decline buying except when they are forced, in the hope that fortunate and early arrivals of foreign consignments will relieve them from the necessity of purchasing from the present market. In this situation, liberal and more particularly early arrivals are much needed. We doubt, however, very much if foreign consignments will arrive in time and in sufficient quantity to prevent the use of the few good sound Hops left, at the current rates of the past week. Respecting the prospects for the coming crop in this country, we learn from the interior that a large portion of the old yards are being plowed up, the severity of the Winter, the deep frosts, having destroyed the roots. New yards, however, are said to be doing well. Roots are bringing very high prices. London (Eng.) letters of the 14th of April advise: "Plantation reports are unfavorable on account of continuance of rain." The following are the closing quotations:

1864	Interior American	8@15
1864	Prime American	20@30
1865	Interior American	15@45
1865	Prime American	55@65
	English	50@55
	Belgian	60@65
	Bavarian	70@75

HEMP—Has been very quiet at irregular prices.

HIDES—Have been in limited demand at former rates.

LEATHER—Has been in request and quoted steady.

LIME—Has been quiet at previous rates.

MOLASSES—Has been in very moderate request at unchanged prices, including New-Orleans at 85c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 60c.@75c.; Cuba at 40c.@60c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been fair in demand, including Spirits of Turpentine at 90c.@92c. ⅌ gallon; Crude do. at $4 75@$5; Resin at $3 20@$15 ⅌ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 25@$3 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Have been quiet yet firm, including Crude Whale at $1@$1 05; Bleached Whale at $1 20; Crude Sperm at $2 35; Unbleached do. at $2 50; Lard Oil at $1 70@$1 85; Red Oil at 80c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 45@$1 47 ⅌ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Continues in moderate request and steady, at 26½c.@27c. for Crude, 42c.@43c. for Refined, in bond, and 56c.@58c. for do. free, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more active, though at reduced prices, but closing much more firmly. Sales since our last 12,250 bbls., in lots, at $28 62½@$29 12½ for new Mess, closing at $29, regular way; $28@$28 50 for one year old Mess; $27@$27 25 for new Prime Mess, $24 50@$25 for new Prime, ⅌ bbl. Sales were also made of 6,750 bbls. new Mess, May, June and July delivery, sellers' and buyers' options, at $28 62½@$29 25 ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand at 11½c.@12½c. for Shoulders and 16½c.@18c. for Hams; sales 650 pkgs. Bacon is in limited request, including Cumberland Cut at 14½c.@14¾c.; Short Rib at 15½c.; Long Ribbed, 15c.; Long Clear, 15½c.@16c.; Short Clear, 16c.@16½c. ⅌ lb. Sales 180 boxes. Dressed Hogs are scarce and quiet at 12½c.@13c. ⅌ lb. Lard is brisker and dearer; sales 1,150 tcs. and bbls. at 18c.@21½c., and small lots at 21¾c. ⅌ lb. Beef is in request and firm $16@$20 50 for new Plain Mess, and $21@$24 50 for new Extra do.; sales have been reported of 900 bbls. Tierce Beef rules quiet and nominal. Beef Hams are in demand, at $41@$42 ⅌ bbl.; sales 150 bbls. Butter is in liberal supply and limited request at 42c.@55c. for poor to very choice State, and 35c.@50c. for Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese continues dull at 15c.@22c. ⅌ lb.

NEW CROP BUTTER.

Orange and Sussex Co.—fresh pails, ⅌ lb	.50	@55
North-River—fresh pails, ⅌ lb	.50	@55
Pennsylvania—fresh pails, ⅌ lb	.50	@55
New-York State—half firkin tubs, ⅌ lb	.48	@50
New-York State—Welsh tub, ⅌ lb	.45	@47
Western—tubs and firkins	.35	@45

NEW CROP CHEESE.

Farm Dairies, ⅌ lb	.15	@20
Orange County—flat skimmed	.17	@19

OLD CROP CHEESE.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality	.21	@22
Factory-made Dairies—second quality	.19	@20
Farm Dairies—first quality	.21	@22
Farm Dairies—second quality	.19	@20
Farm Dairies—common	.17	@18

RICE—Has been inactive at old rates.

SEEDS—Have been quiet and somewhat nominal.

SOAP—Has been in fair demand, including Castile at 15½c.@16c.; Colgate's Pale, at 12½c.; and Family at 13c. ⅌ lb.

SPICES—There has been a moderate business doing in the principal kinds at uniform prices.

SUGARS—Have been less freely dealt in, but have been steady in price. Sales since our last, 570 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@13½c.; and 245 boxes Havana, at 11½c.@13½c. ⅌ lb. We quote fair to good Grocers' at 10½c.@11½c.; Refining at 10⅝c.@10⅞c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars are in fair demand at 13½c.@15½c. ⅌ lb. Messrs. STUART now quote their Refined Sugars thus: best Crushed, 15⅞c.; best Granulated, 15⅞c.; best Ground, 15⅞c.; best White A, 15c.; best Yellow C, 14⅛.

STEARINE—Sales since our last 107,000 lbs., at 17½c.@19½c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 139,000 lbs. at 11½c.@11⅝c., and 48,000 lbs. Grease at 11c.@14c. ⅌ lb.

TEAS—Have attracted more attention at steady prices.

TOBACCO—Has been quiet and unsettled. Sales since our last 113 hhds. Kentucky, at 5½c.@18c.; and 275 cases Seed Leaf, at 5c.@8c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Is dull and nominal at $2 25½@$2 26½ ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been more active. For Liverpool there were taken 350 bales Cotton (by steamer) at ⅜d. ⅌ lb.; 25 hhds. Tobacco at 25s. For London, 400 bbls. Resin at 3s. ⅌ 280 lbs.; 700 bxs. Bacon at 15s. ⅌ ton. For Cork and orders, a Danish brig from New-York, with 1,500 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 6d., if to England, or 6s. to any continental port between Havre and Hamburg. For Marseilles, a British bark, from Philadelphia, with 4,000 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 6d. ⅌ bbl. For Antwerp, a Prussian bark, from Philadelphia, with 4,000 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. ⅌ bbl.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, May 4, 1866.

MEATS.

Dull times have been the rule this week, according to the representations of the dealers, who, nevertheless, have not hesitated to put up prices, where they had any plausible pretext for so doing. Prime qualities of beef and mutton have been quoted firmer, and less abundant. Veal has been in liberal supply. Lamb has been more freely offered at easier rates.

Beef, hind-quarter, ⅌ lb	15	@ 20
Beef, fore-quarter, ⅌ lb	10	@ 13
Beef, roasting pieces, ⅌ lb	18	@ 30
Beef, chuck-roast, ⅌ lb	20	@ 27
Beef, round, ⅌ lb	18	@ 25
Beef, rumps, ⅌ lb	17	@ 22
Beef, porter-house steak, ⅌ lb	28	@ 38
Beef, sirloin steak, ⅌ lb	28	@ 35
Beef, coarse cuts, ⅌ lb	14	@ 18
Beef, corned, ⅌ lb	18	@ 24
Beef, smoked, ⅌ lb	22	@ 28
Beef tongues, each	1.00	@1.50
Mutton, by the carcass	16	@ 18
Mutton, hind-quarters, ⅌ lb	18	@ 22
Mutton, fore-quarters, ⅌ lb	14	@ 16
Mutton, chops, ⅌ lb	20	@ 25
Mutton, legs, ⅌ lb	22	@ 25
Lamb, Spring, ⅌ quarter	1 37½	@3 25
Pigs, roasting, each	2 00	@4 50
Pork, by the carcass, ⅌ lb	12	@ 14
Pork, joints, ⅌ lb	18	@ 20
Pork steaks, ⅌ lb	20	@ 25
Pork, corned, ⅌ lb	18	@ 20
Bacon, ⅌ lb	22	@ 25
Hams, ⅌ lb	22	@ 28
Shoulders, ⅌ lb	16	@ 18
Veal, by the carcass, ⅌ lb	9	@ 16
Veal, hind-quarters, ⅌ lb	16	@ 20
Veal, fore-quarters, ⅌ lb	8	@ 15
Veal, cutlets, ⅌ lb	25	@ 30
Veal, fillets, ⅌ lb	22	@ 25
Sweet Bread, each	10	@ 25
Sausages, country made, ⅌ lb	16	@ 20
Lard, ⅌ lb	18	@ 25
Suet, ⅌ lb	10	@ 15
Tripe, ⅌ lb	8	@ 10

POULTRY AND GAME.

Only a very meagre supply of Poultry and Game has been available this week, at generally higher prices—which circumstances have operated as a check on consumption. The dealers complain of the slackness of business.

Blackbirds, ⅌ dozen	75	@1 25
Capons, ⅌ lb	45	@ 50
Chickens, ⅌ lb	35	@ 40
Ducks, ⅌ lb	30	@ 35
Ducks, Brant, ⅌ pair	2 00	@2 50
Ducks, broad-bill, ⅌ pair	1 50	@2 00
Ducks, teal, ⅌ dozen	3 00	@3 50
Fowl, ⅌ lb	25	@ 30
Geese, ⅌ lb	22	@ 25
Geese, wild, each	1 00	@1 50
Guinea Hens, ⅌ pair	75	@1 00
Pigeons, squab, ⅌ pair	1 00	@1 25
Pigeons, wild, ⅌ doz.	2 25	@2 50
Plover, ⅌ dozen	2 50	@3 50
Snipe, English, ⅌ dozen	2 50	@3 50
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	18	@ 25

FISH.

With more liberal offerings of the leading kinds, the tendency of prices is downward. The demand, however, is moderate.

Bass, ⅌ lb	$ 12	@ 20
Blackfish, ⅌ lb	12	@ 15
Brook Trout, ⅌ lb	50	@1 00
Catfish, ⅌ lb	12	@ 15
Clams, soft, ⅌ 100	35	@1 00
Clams, hard, ⅌ 100	50	@1 00
Cod, ⅌ lb	8	@ 12
Cod, Roe, ⅌ lb	8	@ 10
Cod, dried, ⅌ lb	10	@ —
Eels, ⅌ lb	12	@ 18
Eels, smoked, ⅌ bunch	22	@ 25
Flounders, ⅌ lb	10	@ 12
Haddock, ⅌ lb	10	@ 12
Haddock, Roe, ⅌ lb	8	@ 10
Haddock, Finnan	12	@ 15
Halibut, ⅌ lb	20	@ 25
Halibut, smoked, ⅌ lb	16	@ 20
Herrings, ⅌ lb	8	@ 10
Herrings, smoked, ⅌ bunch	10	@ 15
Lobsters, ⅌ lb	8	@ 10
Mackerel, salt, each	10	@ 15
Mackerel, smoked, each	10	@ 15
Oysters, ⅌ 100	75	@2 75
Oysters, pickled, ⅌ 100	2 00	@3 00
Perch, ⅌ lb	12	@ 15
Pickerel, ⅌ lb	18	@ 22
Pike, ⅌ lb	12	@ 15
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ lb	75	@1 50
Salmon, smoked, ⅌ lb	25	@ 35
Salmon, pickled, ⅌ lb	20	@ 25
Shad, each	25	@1 00
Shad Roe, ⅌ pair	—	@ 25
Sunfish, ⅌ lb	9	@ 12
Sounds and Tongues, ⅌ lb	10	@ 15
Whitefish, smoked, ⅌ lb	15	@ 20

VEGETABLES.

Limited transactions have been reported in this branch of trade, though the increasing receipts of new truck tend to depress prices.

Asparagus, ⅌ bunch	$ 25	@$1 00
Beans, dry ⅌ quart	12	@ 15
Beans, Lima, ⅌ quart	31	@ 37
Beets, per dozen	15	@ 25
Carrots, ⅌ dozen	20	@ 30
Garlic, ⅌ bunch	10	@ 15
Horse Radish, ⅌ lb	15	@ 20
Lettuce, ⅌ head	6	@ 12
Leeks, ⅌ bunch	6	@ 10
Mint, ⅌ bunch	4	@ 8
Onions, ⅌ peck	25	@ 62½
Onions, ⅌ quart	4	@ 9
Onions, new Bermuda, ⅌ bbl	4 75	@5 50
Parsnips, ⅌ dozen	18	@ 25
Parsley, ⅌ bunch	10	@ 15
Peppers, ⅌ bunch	6	@ 12
Peas, green, ⅌ half-peck	1 00	@1 50
Peas, dried, ⅌ quart	10	@ 15
Peas, split, ⅌ quart	10	@ 12
Potatoes, ⅌ bbl	2 50	@3 75
Potatoes, ⅌ peck	40	@ 50
Potatoes, new Bermudas, ⅌ bbl	8 50	@9 25
Radishes, ⅌ bunch	8	@ 15
Rhubarb, ⅌ bunch	8	@ 10
Sage and Thyme, ⅌ bunch	2	@ 4
Shallots, ⅌ bunch	8	@ 10
Spinach, ⅌ half peck	20	@ 30
Sprouts, ⅌ half peck	20	@ 25
Tomatoes, preserved, ⅌ can	20	@ 25
Tomatoes, new Bermuda, ⅌ quart	50	@ 62½
Turnips, ⅌ peck	50	@ 75
Water Cresses, ⅌ quart	15	@ 20

FRUITS AND FLOWERS.

In the fruit line, there is no animation, trade being very dull and prices more or less nominal. A fair business is in progress in flowers, shrubs, &c., the assortment of which is now nearly as full as it will be during the season. We quote the leading varieties thus: Carnations, 25c.@50c. each; Dahlias, $1@$1 50 ⅌ dozen; Daisies, 6c.@18c.; Geraniums, 15c.@$1 each; Gillies, 15c.@50c.; Heliotropes, 15c.@25c.; Ivy Plants, 15c.@50c.; Lilies, 30c.@$1; Myrtles, 15c.@30c.; Oleanders, 25c.@$1; Pansies, 6c.@10c.; Roses, 25c.@$1; Verbenas, 6c.@30c.; Sweet Williams, 8c.@12c. each; Moss, 15c.@25c.; Rosemary Plants, 15c.@40c. each; Azalias, 40c.@$1; Blackberry Plants, $2@$1 50 ⅌ dozen; Raspberry Plants, $1 ⅌ dozen; Tomato Plants, $1 per hundred.

Almonds, ⅌ quart	$ 35	@$ 40
Apples, ⅌ bbl	7 50	@9 00
Apples, ⅌ peck	87	@1 50
Apples, Dried, ⅌ lb	22	@ 25
Bananas, each	3	@ 12
Cherries, dried, ⅌ lb	18	@ 20
Chestnuts, ⅌ quart	20	@ 30
Citron, ⅌ lb	45	@ 50
Cocoa Nuts, each	10	@ 15
Cranberries, ⅌ quart	18	@ 25
Currants, ⅌ lb	15	@ 20
Dates, ⅌ lb	15	@ 20
Figs, ⅌ lb	20	@ 30
Fruit, Canned, ⅌ can	30	@ 60
Ginger, ⅌ lb	15	@ 20
Grapes, ⅌ lb	25	@1 00
Hazel Nuts, ⅌ lb	15	@ 18
Hickory Nuts, ⅌ quart	—	@ 15
Lemons, ⅌ doz.	10	@ 30
Oranges, ⅌ doz.	10	@ 30
Peaches, Dried, ⅌ lb	30	@ 40
Peanuts, ⅌ quart	12	@ 15
Pine Apples, each	18	@ 62½
Prunes, ⅌ lb	18	@ 25
Raisins, ⅌ lb	18	@ 25
Walnuts, ⅌ quart	15	@ 18

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND HONEY.

New Butter and Cheese are more abundant and in very moderate request at declining prices. Eggs are also plenty and low in price. The demand is fair.

Butter, new, fancy table, ⅌ lb	$ 55	@$ 60
Butter, new, fair to good table, ⅌ lb	45	@ 53
Butter, old, prime to choice, ⅌ lb	45	@ 50
Butter, cooking, ⅌ lb	40	@ 45
Butter, roll, ⅌ lb	40	@ 45
Cheese, ⅌ lb	16	@ 24
Eggs, eleven for	—	@ 25
Honey, ⅌ lb	35	@ 40

SUNDRIES.

Groceries are steady in price, with rather more doing. Coal is held with increased firmness, but is slow of sale. Flour is rather higher and still on the advance.

Coal, nut and stove, ⅌ ton of 2,000 lbs.	$7 00	@$9 00
Coffee, Green, ⅌ lb	30	@ 45
Coffee, Roast, in bean, ⅌ lb	35	@ 40
Coffee, Roast and Ground, ⅌ lb	30	@ 40
Coffee, rye, chicory, &c., ⅌ lb	20	@ 25
Flour, Extra Family, ⅌ bbl	13 00	@18 00
Flour, Family, ⅌ 24 lb. bags	1 00	@1 30
Meal, Corn, ⅌ 25 lb. bags	87½	@1 25
Meal, Oat, ⅌ 25 lb. bags	1 25	@1 50
Molasses, ⅌ gallon	80	@1 00
Rice, ⅌ lb	11	@ 14
Soap, by the box, ⅌ lb	10	@ 15
Sugar, Brown, ⅌ lb	11	@ 14
Sugar, Soft White, ⅌ lb	15	@ 15½
Sugar, Hard, ⅌ lb	16	@ 17
Sugar, Maple, ⅌ lb	25	@ 30
Syrup, ⅌ gallon	1 00	@1 40
Teas, English Breakfast, ⅌ lb	1 00	@1 10
Teas, Green, ⅌ lb	1 00	@1 65
Teas, Mixed, ⅌ lb	85	@1 10

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE LIQUOR-DEALER'S APPEALS.

Hearing before the License Board's Committee on Applications.

On the 1st instant the Superintendent of Police sent out a circular to every Police Captain within the Metropolitan District, excluding the County of Westchester, bidding him notify all liquor-dealers in his precinct to whom, for any reason, he might decline to deliver blank applications for license, that he could be heard by the Board of Excise Committee on Applications. The Superintendent's order named the days on which the precincts were to be heard respectively. Yesterday dealers who transact business in the First, Second, Third, and Twenty-seventh Precincts were heard, Captains WARLOW, DE CAMP, GREER and HELME being in attendance to explain their inability to recommend the applicants. It was observed that the keepers of the Greenwich-street brothels did not put in an appearance. The venders who did appear were mainly grocers who had resolved to dispose of their groceries and hereafter keep only ales, liquors and cigars; and these, wherever the police record was favorable, were informed that the Excise Board would probably grant them license.

The most interesting of the applications was that of Mr. JOHN MCAULIFFE, the opulent wholesaler and retailer, who has retailing establishments at No. 43 Nassau-street, No. 19 Fulton-street, No. 351 Broome-street, No. 191 Avenue D, and No. 62 Avenue C. The police record shows that arrests have been made in one of these places, and upon this record the Committee required explanation. Mr. MCAULIFFE could only say that he would strive to make his shops unobjectionable in future, and the Committee intimated that the Board might grant him a license. FOLICK KEHOE, of No. 29 Coenties-slip, did not know why Capt. WARLOW had declined to recommend his place, and the Captain, taking the stand, described the place as a gambler's resort, and said that one of the proprietors was once arrested for murder. This testimony was fatal to KEHOE's application, and he retired with the assurance that if he does not clear out his bar before the Board of Excise get ready to enforce the law, the police will attend to that duty for him. DANIEL J. BARNEY, of No. 206 Chambers-street and No. 185 West-street, appeared with a numerously signed petition from residents of the neighborhood, and Capt. GREER informed the Committee that Mr. BARNEY's place has been frequented by persons who have no visible means of support, and that robberies are said to have been committed in the place. BARNEY pronounced this statement false, and the Committee reserved its decision. FELIX MARX, of No. 256 Broadway, keeper of a dining-saloon, employs girls to wait on the tables, and Capt. GREER could not indorse his application without advice from the Board; but the Committee told him that the law does not contemplate the exclusion of female waiters from eating-houses and hotels. There being no other report against Mr. MARX, the Committee gave him an application blank. The case of Mr. J. SELIGMAN, of 256 Barclay-street, was precisely like the foregoing, and the Committee gave him a blank. There were fifty-two applications in all, but only about a dozen license papers were given out. All the keepers of eating-houses, who desired information as to what risk they might run by selling ginger-pop and lemon-soda after midnight and on the Sabbath, were advised to avoid the appearance of violating the law, and all dealers were warned that on the first established complaint for violation the law the Board will revoke the license and retain the money received therefor.

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH.

Land Quarantine—The Street-Cleaning Contract—Other Matters.

After the reading of the minutes, yesterday, Counselor TRACY advised the passage of resolutions supplemental to the Proclamation of Peril. He had been unable to find in the Health Law authority for building or leasing places for the proper accommodation of families that may be removed from infected dwellings. The Board might possess the power under the Proclamation of Peril, but he thought it not improper to ask the Governor's signature to resolves expressly covering this ground and enabling the Board to erect on land hospitals and other buildings for the care of immigrants and residents who may be temporarily removed from any infected place. The resolutions were adopted, and Secretary CLARK was instructed to transmit them to the Governor.

THE CELLAR POOR.

Dr. PARKER reported upon his conference with the Commissioners of Charities and Correction. Messrs. BELL, BRENNAN and NICHOLSON will gladly coöperate with the Board of Health to the extent of their ability in measures looking to an improvement of the condition of our cellar population; but they are cramped for funds, and with their present means cannot accommodate more than four hundred persons. Dr. PARKER suggested that, since the Health Board is providing for the gradual removal of the cellar population to more salubrious quarters, the Board can erect fit buildings on the East River islands if the Commissioners of Charities and Correction will grant the land for that purpose.

President SCHULTZ said that members of the New-York Produce Exchange had entered a strong protest against the use of the Battery Barracks for the detention of families which may be taken from infected dwellings.

Dr. PARKER reported that at a meeting of the Presidents and attendants of the City Dispensaries, on Wednesday evening, willingness to coöperate with the Board of Health was expressed on all hands; but the Dispensaries are destitute of means, and the question for the Board is, How shall the volunteers from these institutions be paid? The subject was left with the Sanitary Committee.

THE CONTRACT FOR STREET CLEANING.

President SCHULTZ presented, and the Board ordered on file, the following letter, which was, on the 23d ult., addressed to the contractors for street cleaning, and to which no reply has been made:

OFFICE OF THE METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1866.

Messrs. Brown, Devoe and Knapp, Contractors &c.:

GENTLEMEN: You are doubtless aware that, as one of the Commissioners for cleaning the streets of this City, I have not been, and am not now satisfied with the manner in which you perform the service.

That my opposition might not seem factious or unreasonable, I have suggested various measures by which the work done by you could be verified; but thus far the evidence which has been produced as to delinquencies and omissions on your part, has not induced the majority of the Commissioners to refuse payment, as in my judgment should have been done.

Now that the presence of cholera seems imminent, I am very anxious that an effort should be made, to not only sweep, but positively cleanse the streets and gutters of this City, and to this end I take the liberty (at the risk of being criticised for officiousness) of proposing to you that for the purpose of testing the practicability of thoroughly cleansing the streets of New-York, you assign any district or Ward of this City to such Police Captain or Sergeant as shall be designated for the term of three months, who shall assume the whole duty and obligation you may be under by reason of your contract, to clean such streets, bulkheads and piers. There will doubtless remain some details in this arrangement which should be adjusted by interested parties. I will take the liberty of naming His Honor the Mayor, and Mr. CRAVEN, of the Croton Board, as gentlemen eminently qualified. Mr. CRAVEN's familiarity with the condition of the pavements, also with the measurement of the streets, will enable him to determine, by maps in his office, the exact proportion of surface-measure which may be thus assigned, and the proportion which this bears to the whole surface of the paved streets of the City. My object is to determine several points of great practical value.

First—Can cobble-stone pavement be thoroughly swept, and if so, the cost of the same?

Second—Can this kind of pavement be swept by machinery, and if so, to what extent and at what saving from hard labor?

Third—What is the difference between the cost of sweeping and the value of manure?

As this portion of the work will be done thoroughly, without regard to cost, and a weekly statement made to the public, it may relieve you of the general apprehension that your services are vastly overpaid, and to this extent you certainly are interested in the experiment.

As you are to designate the Ward or territory, and the Police will only ask of you the *pro rata* surface-pay you receive, I cannot doubt that you will gladly accept the proposition.

It will, of course, be understood that I am personally to become responsible for any excess of cost over the contract price, and the Police in no way further responsible than to render efficient aid, which I have no doubt they would do most cheerfully. Should there remain a balance to the credit of the account, (which I do not anticipate,) I will gladly give it to such charity as you may designate. I hope you will designate a day not later than the middle of May for trial to begin, and then I will try and show you one Ward with clean streets, which may serve to guide you in the contract, which, if properly performed, would, in my judgment, meet the just expectations of the citizens of New-York.

Very respectfully, JACKSON S. SCHULTZ.

OTHER MATTERS.

A letter was read from the Clerk of the Brooklyn Common Council, saying that if the Board of Health will declare certain sunken lots dangerous to the public health, the Common Council will apply the remedy.

Citizens of Flatbush and Gravesend sent in a protest against the landing, by Messrs. SWIFT and SPINOLA, of dead animals, offal, and the like, on Barren Island, and Commissioner BERGEN indorsed the protest as not unreasonable.

Attorney BLISS informed the Board that he has been in receipt of numerous complaints against the street-cleaner's dumping-grounds, and he desired the sense of the Board. The President replied that the contractors were to have until the 10th inst. to remove their manure-heaps. The Attorney had also received communications touching the use of certain places as urinals. Dr. STONE counseled the copious use of Croton water before 7 o'clock every evening.

The King's County Medical Society's tender of services was referred to Deputy Superintendent CONCKLING.

Commissioner BERGEN moved and the Board voted to amend the 63d section of the code, so as to forbid the sale in Brooklyn of any fish "in or from any vehicle, or in any street or public place, from which all parts which are not usually cooked for food have not been removed."

Attorney BLISS reported that the number of orders that have been made for the abatement of nuisances has reached 8,100.

Dr. SWINBURNE reported, from the owners of the steamship *England*, that only six cases of diarrhœa and no case of cholera had occurred on board that vessel since the time of her sailing from Halifax. Five children had died—one from whooping-cough and four from inanition. None of the cholera clothing was taken on the voyage from Halifax to New-York, and since the arrival of the ship she had been thoroughly cleansed and disinfected. The passengers, who are all well, have been seventeen days in quarantine. Under this condition of things, the Board did not deem it imprudent to permit the *England's* passengers to come up to the City.

ABATTOIRS AT COMMUNIPAW.

The Work in Progress—Full Description of the Proposed Establishment—The Probable Cost.

The work of preparing a foundation for the abattoirs to be erected at Communipaw, New-Jersey, has already commenced, and is proceeding vigorously. Yesterday we were favored with a view of the plans of the proposed structures, which have been prepared by Mr. V. B. RUSCO, of Chicago, Ill., the builder of the principal slaughter-houses in that pork-producing city.

The abattoirs will be located about one mile from the ferry of the New-Jersey Central Railroad Company, at Communipaw, a fine plank-road connecting the two. The principal building will be 75 feet in depth by 360 in length. The first story will be 16 feet in height, the second 14 feet, with an attic 10 feet high, the latter being used solely to keep the lower stories cool and well ventilated. Along the front of the main structure will run an alley-way leading to small pens in which the cattle will be inclosed previous to slaughtering. The cattle being selected from these pens will be dragged to the front of the slaughter-house, hoisted by machinery, of which steam will be the motive power, and their throats cut, the blood running into a gutter and finally into a large tank. Intervening between each two of the cattle-pens will be a place for the reception of the offal. The cattle being killed and the offal disposed of, the carcases will be placed on slides and run into the main building, where they will be hung up until wanted. The whole building is arranged to contain about 700 head of slaughtered cattle. It will, however, be divided into compartments, each complete in itself, and each capable of containing 95 head. Every butcher can, therefore, if he desires, have a compartment entirely to himself.

The second story of the building will be devoted entirely to the slaughter of hogs, of which animals 3,000 can be disposed of per day. Provision will be also made for hanging 5,000 hog carcases. The hogs will be killed in the same manner as the cattle. Ample water supply will be provided by two powerful steam pumps.

At one end of the building will be an ice-house capable of containing 300 cattle and 500 hog carcasses. At the other end a rendering house, fitted up in the most approved manner. It will contain eight rendering tanks on WILSON's principle. By a peculiar arrangement the foul air from the tanks will be conveyed to the furnaces and there burned, so that no bad odors can possibly escape.

Forming a wing to the main building, but detached from it, will be a hog and sheep pen, capable of containing about 20,000 hogs and 10,000 sheep. Behind these buildings will be the stock-yards, in which 20,000 head of cattle can be kept.

The buildings will be frame structures erected on piles. Ample provision will be made for keeping the whole place clean and well ventilated. All the hard work, such as the hoisting of carcases, pumping water, &c., will be performed by steam power, and if the plans are fully carried out, it may safely be said that a more perfect abattoir will not exist in the world.

It has been stated that the plans of the buildings resemble those of the Parisian slaughter-houses, but this is not so. They are entirely original.

The parties interested in the enterprise are capitalists residing in New-York and New-Jersey, with the New-Jersey Central and the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne Railroad Companies. The whole cost of the buildings will be about $150,000, and they will be completed about the 15th of July, or perhaps earlier.

Every inducement will be held out to butchers to make use of the establishment. No rent will be charged them, and it is probable that other expenses incurred will be more than defrayed by the offal, which will be purchased by the proprietors of the abattoir.

Should the enterprise succeed, of which there can be but little doubt, additional ranges of buildings will be erected as they are wanted.

Indian Visitors.

The Boyafort band of Chippewa Indians, ten in number, are at present stopping at the Girard House in this City. They have just arrived from Washington, where they have been engaged some time in effecting a treaty with the United States Government. The tribe to which this band belong, occupy an extensive tract of land in the northern part of Minnesota, near Vermillion Lake, and their possessions are said to be very extensive and rich with gold mines. They are under the charge of Gen. WEBB, United States Indian Agent, who is showing them round the City, and making purchases of clothing, trinkets, &c.

The Chippewas of Minnesota are a hardy and healthy race, and will compare favorably with any other tribe of redskins on this continent. Not having associated with their pale-faced brethren to any extent, they have contracted none of the enervating diseases which afflict those of their race who live near civilization. In fact, previous to this trip to Washington of the Boyaforts they had never seen half a dozen white people in their lives. Their ideas of civilization are very crude and limited. They imagine that their race are far superior to the whites in numbers, warlike deeds, &c., and think we are very kind to furnish them with blankets, beads, guns and ammunition.

By the terms of the treaty they are to receive $30,000, two-thirds of which will be forwarded to the Indian agency in the West, and the balance disbursed in obtaining such articles for them as may strike their fancy. The following are the names of the four Chiefs who accompany the party:

CABESH-KODOYWAY, Head Chief—signifying, "that travels to the end of the prairie."

BAJBAH-MAJIEWESHCUNG, second Chief—"mountain traveler."

EDOHWANAW-KWEBINES, third Chief—"cloud bird."

CAG-WA-DA-BEAMIGISH-CUNG, fourth Chief—"that tramps the ground."

The chief interpreter is JOSEPH GURNOE, who, although a half-breed, is very intelligent. He is employed by the Government, and has been with the party during their stay in Washington—some three months—and will accompany them to their homes. They attracted considerable attention in their walk about the City yesterday. To-day they will visit the Central Park, and other objects of interest, and in a few days will leave for their hunting-grounds in the far West.

POLICE COURTS.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Dodge.

THEFT OF A DIAMOND RING.

Yesterday morning WM. J. BAILEY, a genteelly dressed young man, about 22 years of age, and a resident of St. Louis, Mo., went into the jewelry store of TIFFANY & Co., at No. 550 Broadway, and asked to see some diamond rings. Mr. ADOLPH GIVEN, one of the salesmen, exhibited several, but after examining them BAILEY declined purchasing any and left the premises. Soon after the salesman discovered that one of the rings, valued at $750, had been carried off, and he immediately pursued BAILEY, finding him in the bar-room of the St. Nicholas Hotel. The suspected thief was arrested by Officer ROGERS, of the Eleventh Precinct, who is stationed at the hotel, when the missing ring was found in BAILEY's possession. On being arraigned the prisoner stated that it was his first offence and he was sorry that he had committed the crime. Committed for trial without bail. The prisoner is a native of New-Orleans.

ASSAULTING AN OFFICER.

On Thursday afternoon as Officer PALMER, of the Court Squad, was conveying GARDNER A. FULLER to the Tombs, who was committed for trial on several charges of counterfeiting certain trade marks, he was suddenly attacked by the prisoner on the corner of Elm and White streets, and struck on the head with a weapon technically known as a "sand club." FULLER endeavored to escape, but the officer overtook him and lodged him safely in prison. Committed for trial to answer the charge without bail.

THE EXCISE LAW.

Officer DEYMAN, of the Fifteenth Precinct, arrested CHAS. GREEN, of No. 209 Mercer-street, on a charge of keeping open his premises for the sale of intoxicating liquors after midnight in direct violation of the fourteenth section of the new Excise Law. Officer YOUNG, of the same Precinct, arrested JOHN STILLING, of No. 53 University-place, on a similar charge. Both prisoners were held to bail for trial at the Court of General Sessions.

AN IMPOSTOR ARRESTED.

Officer TAYLOR, of the Eighteenth Precinct, arrested PATRICK MCDONNELL, a native of Ireland, 23 years of age, on a charge of swindling. It appeared from the affidavit of AUGUST FROHLING, of No. 269 Avenue A, that the prisoner has been in the habit of going about the City selling what purported to be licenses and permits granted by the Excise Commissioners. Committed for trial in default of bail.

The Tombs—Before Justice Hogan.

A CHLOROFORM ROBBERY.

GREGORY FERNANDEZ, a resident of the Island of Madeira, and GUSTAVE MEYER, a German, arrived at this port on Tuesday last from Aspinwall by the steamer *Costa Rica*, when they secured lodgings at the house of WM. HARTUNG, No. 486 Canal-street. Both FERNANDEZ and MEYER indulged in wine; so much so that it became evident to Mr. HARTUNG that MEYER desired to keep his companion intoxicated. His barkeeper, HENRY BOHM, also had his suspicions aroused. On Thursday evening, MEYER and FERNANDEZ drank a quantity of wine, and while sitting at a table MEYER was seen to take a handkerchief from his pocket and apply it to the face of his companion, when the latter became so stupid and helpless that he had to be removed to his room. MEYER took charge of FERNANDEZ, and acted in such a manner that the barkeeper became convinced that a robbery was contemplated and he determined to keep up a strict watch upon MEYER's movements. At this time it was discovered that a strange odor which had pervaded the bar-room was caused by chloroform. Soon after MEYER came down stairs when he was detained by Mr. BOHM, and charged with having robbed Mr. FERNANDEZ. The charge proved to be correct, as the pockets of the latter were found to have been rifled of a bill of exchange for $3,000, a gold watch and chain, valued at $120, and $60 in gold coin. At first MEYER denied having the property, but it was found under some rubbish in one corner of the room. The accused was handed over to the custody of Officer BARKER, of the Fifth Precinct. On being arraigned before the Court the accused was held for trial at the General Sessions.

LAW REPORTS.

The San Francisco Gold Robbery.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

The examination in the case of Martin Quirk, charged with passing two counterfeit $20 United States Treasury notes, which was adjourned to yesterday, was again adjourned.

Samuel Terwilliger, charged with having $12 worth of currency in his possession, was discharged.

The examination of John Lambert, *alias* John Lambert Ensor, charged with stealing $20,000 in gold on the high seas, was resumed yesterday.

Edward Devitt testified as follows: I was passenger from San Francisco to San Juan on the steamer *America*, and from Greytown to New-York on the *Santiago de Cuba*; recognize the prisoner as a passenger on those steamers; he went by the name of John Hall; he was a stowaway on the *America*; a man told me so; his name was Dennis Mullins, also a stowaway; I heard in San Francisco that this prisoner had committed the robbery; a man in San Francisco so informed me; his name was Dennis McCarthy; he also gave me a likeness by which I could identify the prisoner; McCarthy said the property was stolen by the prisoner from the stateroom of a steamboat running from San Francisco, and that it belonged to a passenger on that steamboat; all that I know about this prisoner being the thief is what I was told by McCarthy, and from his resemblance to the portrait; I know Capt. Leese of the detective force of San Francisco; I did not pretend to be a detective on the steamer; the Captain had the prisoner up in the wheelhouse, where he showed his ticket; I believe it had the name of John Hall on it; never gave any information to any police-officer in New-York in relation to this matter; am a porter in the City Hall of San Francisco; played at cards and dice on board the steamer; am not a gambler by profession.

James P. Bennett testified as follows: I am a detective officer; I aided in the arrest of Lambert on board the *Santiago de Cuba*; searched the prisoner and found on his person $300 in greenbacks.

Mr. Spencer—Oh, ho! and we have a receipt for only $200.

Over his berth I found a banjo, wrapped in canvas; inside the banjo was a buckskin satchel; in the buckskin satchel was $4,420 in gold; the gold was inside the banjo; when I showed the prisoner the money he said "it is all up," or words to that effect; when I arrested him he denied all knowledge of the robbery; I gave the money to Mr. Kennedy.

Mr. Ball said that the case was closed for the Government, except the missing letter, which he would like to have put in testimony.

Charles E. Spencer testified as follows: I have seen Mr. A. Oakey Hall during the intermission, and also the day before yesterday, when he told me he hoped he would not be subpœnaed here; the letter could not be found; Mr. Hall said he had caused what is called the Recorder's drawer to be searched, but the letter was not there; Mr. White and Mr. Blunt had also searched for the letter, but with the same result; Mr. Hall said the Recorder must have thrown it somewhere, not supposing that it would ever be needed after the prisoner was discharged; the letter stated that Leese had gone on board the steamer and searched for the prisoner; it also said that Lambert had been hidden on board the steamer by another flunkie, speaking of Lambert as a "flunkie."

Mr. Spencer then argued the case for the defence, charging that Mr. Kennedy had acted very unjustly in connection with this matter, in first holding Lambert without any assurance that a robbery had been committed at all; and second, in making a complaint that Lambert had robbed a man on the high seas, when the man who lost the gold, according to the statement in the missing letter, did not discover his loss till he arrived at the hotel in San Francisco.

Mr. Blankman contended that the Commissioner had no jurisdiction in the case; because if any robbery had been committed by any person, it had been committed in the State of California, and on such a charge the prisoner had already been discharged by the Recorder, and the prisoner could not be examined with a view to extradition on that ground; for if the offence was not proven to have been committed on the high seas, then the charge was worthless, because the accused must be tried here where he had been apprehended.

Mr. Donohue submitted some points in writing to the Commissioner, and Mr. Bell, Assistant U. S. District-Attorney, is to argue the case for the Government to-day. The case was then adjourned till to-day.

Before Commissioner Betts.

The examination in the case of Otto Bürstenbinder, charged with shipping nitro-glycerine oil to San Francisco without marking it as such, which was to have been resumed yesterday, was adjourned again until Monday.

Before Commissioner Nelson.

The case of Carl Noelte, demanded for extradition by the Prussian Government, was called up once more yesterday, but the same return was made as on former occasions, namely: That the Sheriff refused to surrender him. The case was again postponed to Monday, the 14th inst.

United States Circuit Court—Southern District.

Before Judge Nelson.

George B. Dixwell vs. Charles Goodyear, Jr., and James A. Dorr.—NELSON, C. J.—This is an application to set aside an order in the above cause of 21st September, 1863, which will be found in the record, that the money paid under it to be repaid to the petitioner, Goodyear, and that the suit be dismissed, or all proceedings thereon stayed.

The main ground of the application is that the above claimant, who claimed upward of $65,000, had compromised the same for $25,000; that the compromise was made for the benefit of Goodyear; and a sum far exceeding this amount had already been paid by him. On looking into the papers, we are quite satisfied that this view cannot be sustained. On the contrary, the compromise was made by George B. Dorr, and for his own benefit. Goodyear had no equitable right or interest in this fund, as it belonged originally to J. A. Dorr, and had been assigned to Dixwell, the complainant. He had no concern, therefore, in the compromise between the parties, as they were strangers to him, and were dealing in respect to their own interests. Beside, J. A. Dorr, as well as the other beneficiaries in the fund, had suffered from the neglect of duty on the part of Dixwell while he had the management of the fund, and were entitled to an abatement of his claim on this ground. As between them, therefore, the compromise was just and proper.

As it respects this suit, the proceedings cannot be extended beyond the rights of Dixwell under the assignment from J. A. Dorr. When the sum due under that assignment has been paid either to Dixwell by Goodyear, or to his assignee, or to both, in the aggregate, this suit is at an end. The claim for which it was brought would be satisfied. Whether this sum has already been paid is a question not now before me. When paid, if the assignee claims more under this decree or order, the remedy is plain. An application to the Court would arrest further payments.

We do not see that the creditors of Goodyear, the testator, have any particular interest in the fund in question. It belongs to the beneficiaries, who, to the extent of their interest, stand on the same footing as Charles Goodyear, deceased, in his lifetime, in respect to their interest in the patent, and to the executor since.

The arbitration I do not regard as entitled to any weight or influence in the case. The whole proceeding was tainted with illegality, part of the consideration being an agreement not to oppose the extension of the patent by Congress.

Motion denied with costs.

For the motion, Mr. Stoughton; in opposition, Mr. Blatchford.

Lease—Damage to Premises by a Storm.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Shipman and a Jury.

The United States vs. Joseph M. Mora et al.—This was an action to recover a quarter's rent, amounting to $3,500, claimed to be due under a lease by the Government to the defendants, of certain bonded warehouses on the basin at the Atlantic Dock, leased by the Government.

The lease provided that the defendants should restore the premises, at the end of the term, "in good order and condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted, and also damage by *lightning, storm, fire or flood*, and in case of the destruction of the buildings, or any of them, by *fire, flood or lightning*, the rent for such of them so destroyed shall cease until said party of the first part (the United States) shall cause the same to be reconstructed."

In February, 1860, a severe wind storm partially unroofed the buildings, and the defendants, by order of the Government, removed the bonded goods from the building, and now claimed a deduction from the rent, proportionate to the time which the premises were left in that condition till repaired.

The defendant claimed that the word "storm" had been by mistake omitted from the clause of the lease relating to injury, but that the word "flood" was broad enough to cover it, and moreover, that by a statute of New-York, passed in April, 1860, it was declared "that the lessees or occupants of any building which shall without any fault or neglect on their part be destroyed, or be so injured by the elements or any other cause, as to be untenantable or unfit for occupancy, shall not be liable or bound to pay rent to the lessors or owners thereof, after such destruction or injury, unless otherwise expressly provided by written agreement," by reason of which they were not liable to pay their rent.

The Judge held that the term "flood" would not cover this damage, and that the statute was inapplicable as the damage had occurred before its passage.

The Jury, under his charge, found a verdict for the Government for the full amount claimed.

For the United States, Mr. Courtney and Mr. Allen; for defendants, Mr. Dykers.

Court of Appeals—March Term.

Williams and McGaff vs. The People, &c.—Plaintiffs in error were indicted for the crime of robbery, and tried and convicted thereof at the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Rensselaer County. On the trial each defendant was offered as a witness in his own behalf, and rejected by the Court. The question presented to this Court was, "Is a defendant who is indicted for a criminal offence a competent witness in his own behalf."

The Court held that the provisions of the code of procedure making a party a witness in his own behalf, applied only to civil cases, and that under its provisions a party to a criminal prosecution was not entitled to testify in his own behalf.

Judgment of the Court affirmed.

Buck vs. Mead, Sheriff.—Plaintiffs were commission merchants in the City of New-York, selling paper on commission. By an arrangement with one Skinner, a paper manufacturer at Ogdensburgh, they were to sell for him on commission, and to advance three-fourths of the value of the paper on the receipt thereof, by their notes at three months. They gave orders as to size and quantity of paper, to suit their particular customers. One parcel of forty-eight reams sent forward to them was levied upon by the defendant as Sheriff, claiming the paper as their property. This Court held, that to entitle the plaintiffs to hold the property, as against the defendant, it was essential to establish one of the following propositions:

First—That they had made advances specially upon the credit of this shipment; or,

Second—That they were entitled by their arrangement with Skinner to a lien for any balance of advances generally.

Neither of which propositions being established by them, they were not entitled to recover.

The judgment of the General Term was affirmed.

QUESTION AS TO THE VALIDITY OF A GIFT CAUSA MORTIS.

Bedell vs. Carll, &c., Executors.—Aaron H. Bedell, in his lifetime, held a promissory note executed by one Berry, and payable to the said Bedell or order. Bedell, in his lifetime, indorsed said note and delivered it to his daughter, the plaintiff, and subsequently died. The plaintiff commenced suit thereon against the maker, when the executors of the said Bedell were substituted as defendants, under section 122 of the code; and the maker of the note paid the money into Court. On the trial of the cause, the plaintiff produced the note, proved the indorsement thereon, read the same in evidence, and rested her cause. The defendants, as executors, &c., moved the Court for judgment, &c., on the ground of the insufficiency of the evidence to establish a gift *causa mortis*. The Court overruled the motion and judgment was given for the plaintiff.

The Court held that the evidence was sufficient to entitle the plaintiff to recover; that the possession of the note at the trial, indorsed in blank by the payee, was *prima facie* evidence of ownership; that the averment in the complaint that the plaintiff acquired title by gift was unnecessary, and did not cast upon her the burden of proving it.

The judgment below was affirmed.

Post vs. Hover.—The plaintiffs, being two of the heirs-at-law of John Hover, deceased, brought this action to obtain the construction of his will. The question was whether an estate by implication had been created in John Hover, Jr., thereby rendering certain dispositions by the will void, as contravening the statute of perpetuities.

This Court held that to devise an estate by implication there must be so strong a probability of such an intention, that the contrary could not be supposed.

That if the language of a will is susceptible of two constructions, and by adopting one construction it would be unlawful, while if the other were followed it would, the latter interpretation should be made.

The Court held that in this case no estate was given to John Hover, Jr., by implication, and affirmed the judgment of the Court below.

Wills Admitted—Charitable Bequests.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

The wills of the following persons have just been admitted: Mary E. Weaver, Wm. Gray, Rebecca S. Ives, Minna S. Wilson, Christie Linderman, Wm. Quenzer. The will of Frederick A. Thibault bequeaths the sum of $250 to the American Bible Society. Mr. Wm. Forgay, by his will, bequeaths $2,000 to the American Bible Society; $1,000 to the Trustees of the Presbyterian Church; $1,000 to the Trustees of the Seventh Presbyterian Church; to the Society for the Relief of Aged Indigent Females, $2,000; to the American Sunday School Union, $1,000; to the Trustees of the Eastern Dispensary, $1,000; to the New-York Orphan Asylum Society, $1,000; to the Society for the Relief of the Half Orphan Asylum and Destitute Children, $1,000.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 4.

By Justice McCunn.

William Frochich vs. Margaret Frochich; motion granted and cause referred to a referee to hear, &c. Tallmadge Baker et al. vs. Pierson W. Otis; motion granted and proceedings dismissed by default. Elisha G. Eldridge vs. James E. Mail; motion granted and proceedings stayed, &c. George S. Miller vs. Michael Jordan; motion granted and proceedings dismissed by default. Sarah Eneas et al. vs. The New-York Merchants' Insurance Company; motion granted. Alexander Brinkman vs. John B. Leclere; in this case it appeared the parties appeared before the Justice and were heard; this being so, this Court is disinclined to interfere; the temporary injunction must be dissolved, with costs. William Loeschig vs. Dudley R. Wheeler et al.; motion granted. In the matter of James Donnelly on *habeas corpus*, writ granted and prisoner discharged.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 4.

By Judge Cardozo.

Jacob Skinner, Jr., vs. Richard M. Ross et al.; motion to dissolve injunction denied; $10 costs, to abide the event. Dennis Hogan vs. Charles Devlin; order settled. George H. Perkins vs. George V. Cooke; bail reduced to $2,500.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FIFTY-SECOND-STREET BAPTIST CHAPEL.—The hall southwest corner 52d-st. and 3d-av. has been neatly fitted up for public worship, by a newly organized Baptist congregation, under the charge of Rev. JOHN STANFORD HOLME. Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Lecture on TUESDAY, and prayer meeting on FRIDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. SUNDAY, May 6, will be devoted to the interests of the Sabbath-school. Subject of the discourse in the morning—*The Sabbath-school a Necessity of the State—the Sabbath-school a Necessity of the Church.* SUNDAY EVENING, the Monthly Sabbath-school Concert. Addresses from Mr. LUCIUS HART and others, together with singing, as usual.

AMERICAN CONGREGATIONAL UNION.—The Thirteenth Social Reunion will take place on THURSDAY EVENING, May 10, at 7½ o'clock, at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn—Rev. H. W. BEECHER'S. Gov. BUCKINGHAM will preside. Major-Gen. HOWARD, Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER and other eminent speakers are secured. During the exercises the old "Integer Vitæ" will be rendered by an efficient male chorus, directed by Mr. G. E. AIKEN. Instrumental music by Dodworth's Band. Tickets 50 cents, to be had at Room No. 49, Bible House; the *Independent* Office, New-York, and at the office of the *Union*, Brooklyn.

THE THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE United Communion Services of the Christian Union Association will be celebrated THURSDAY, May 10, at 3 P. M., in the 29th-st. Collegiate Dutch Church. All members of Evangelical branches of the Church of Christ are invited to the communion table. Conference SUNDAY EVENING in the First Dutch Church, Joralemon-st., Brooklyn, at 7½. Subject: *Church Union.*

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 WORTH-ST.—There will be meetings on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY AFTERNOONS of next week, at 2½ o'clock. The children participate in the exercises, and interesting addresses may be expected. The children will have their dinner immediately at the close of the meeting.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF THE OLD BREWERY—The original mission at the Points, Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-School at 2 o'clock P. M. Visitors will address the children, and are always delighted with their order, proficiency and singing.

THE FREE METHODIST SOCIETY have removed from Sullivan-st. to Lebanon Hall, No. 593 Hudson-st., junction of 8th-av. Divine services every SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Free seats. Come and worship with us. JAMES MATHEWS, Pastor, No. 56 9th-av.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.—THE HIStorical Jubilee discourse will be preached on SUNDAY EVENING, May 6, in the Presbyterian Church, corner of 5th-av. and 19th-st., by the Rev. ISAAC FERRIS, D.D., LL.D., at 7½ o'clock. The New-York Bible Society united in this service.

SWEDISH CHURCH.—DIVINE SERVICE, in the Swedish language, is held every SUNDAY MORNING at 10½, in the new Evangelical Lutheran Church of Gustavus Adolphus, No. 31 East 22d-st., near 3d-av., Rev. A. F. O. DREVELL officiating. All Scandinavians are cordially welcome.

A SERMON FOR THE BOARD OF FOReign Missions of the Presbyterian Church will be preached by Rev. CYRUS DICKSON, D. D., of Baltimore, on SABBATH EVENING, May 6, at 7½ o'clock, in the University-place Presbyterian Church. A brief abstract of the annual report will be presented.

YORKVILLE.—CHAPEL OF THE HOLY Trinity, 85th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Seats free. Rev. WM. DIMOND will preach morning and evening. SUNDAY-School at 9½ A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. On SUNDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, Right Rev. Bishop POTTER will hold the first annual confirmation.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN CHRISTIAN UNION.—The annual sermon in behalf of this society will be preached by Rev. HOWARD CROSBY, D. D., in the 4th-av. Presbyterian Church, corner of 22d-st., on SUNDAY EVENING, May 5; services commencing at 7½ o'clock.

AMERICAN SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY.—The annual sermon before this Society will be preached by Rev. N. J. BURTON, of Hartford, Conn., on SABBATH EVENING, May 6, in the Clinton-av. Congregational Church Brooklyn—Rev. Dr. BUDDINGTON'S. Service to commence at 7½ o'clock.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, BAPTIST—Lexington-av., corner of 35th-st., Rev. C. E. DUFFIE, D. D., Rector; Rev. G. W. BACON, M. D., Assistant. There will be service in this church on every SUNDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock, as well as usual. Morning service at 10½ o'clock.

BELIEVERS IN THE SECOND ADVENT and future life for the righteous only, worship at Farragut Hall, corner of Canal-st. and Bowery, east side. Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. The public are invited to attend. Seats free. Entrance Canal-st.

GREENE-STREET M. E. CHURCH—Between Broome and Spring sts. Rev. JOHN S. INSKIP, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Morning subject—*Peter's Sermon on the Day of Pentecost.* Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF the Old Brewery—The original Mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M. Visitors will address the school. They are always delighted with the order, proficiency and singing of these children.

LECTURE FOR THE JEWS IN CONTInental Hall, corner 34th-st. and 8th-av., on SUNDAY, at 7½ P. M., by Rev. Dr. WALTON, of the General Theological Seminary and Free Episcopal. Services at 10½ A. M., Rev. W. WARDLAW officiating. Jews and Christians are invited to attend.

OPENING SERVICES OF THE SEA AND Land Church, corner Market and Henry sts. Preaching at 10½ A. M. by Rev. J. M. KREBS, D. D.; preaching at 3 o'clock P. M. by Rev. J. O. MURRAY, D. D. Several distinguished speakers will address the meeting in the evening, at 7½ o'clock.

SEXTON.—A COMPETENT PERSON WHO holds the above position would like to obtain the position in a church in the upper part of the City; ample reference as to trustworthiness and qualifications. Address CHURCH, Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES IN WANT OF church room accommodations, will find "Palace Hall," 6th-av. near 31st-st., desirably adapted. The hall is 80x50 feet, and is furnished complete.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE THINGS THAT ARE COMING ON THE EARTH.—The second lecture of the course, by JOHN WILLIAMS, will be delivered SUNDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in University Building, Washington-square. Subject: *The Geographical Limits of the Roman (or Prophetic) Earth—The Countries at Present Comprised within those Limits, and the Political Changes which may be Expected in those Countries.* Students of prophecy and thoughtful observers of events now transpiring are invited to attend. No charge of any kind is imposed on those who come.

NEW YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 6th inst., corner Catherine and Madison sts., by the Pastor, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.; concert of prayer for seamen; also preaching corner Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3½ P. M.; all seats free.

MEMORIAL CHURCH — HAMMOND-ST., corner of Waverley-place. Tenth anniversary of the opening of the church. Rev. Dr. SPENCER will preach in the morning; Rev. GEO. G. HEPBURN in the afternoon, and Rev. Dr. FRANCIS VINTON, Assistant Rector of Trinity Church, in the evening. Service at 10½, 3½ and 7½. Seats free.

EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY CHURCH Anti-Slavery Society, in the Church of the Puritans, SABBATH EVENING.—A sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. CHEEVER, SABBATH EVENING, at 7½, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, on *The Christian Right of Suffrage for the Colored Race as well as the Whites, and the Crime and Consequences of Withholding It.*

THE AMITY-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH having removed their place of worship from 22d-st. to the Hall of the Rutgers Female Institute, 5th-av., near 42d-st., will have service there SABBATH MORNING and AFTERNOON, at 10½ and 3½. Preaching in the morning by Rev. W. R. WILLIAMS, the former Pastor; in the afternoon by Rev. HOWARD OSGOOD.

REV. DR. DOWLING WILL PREACH at the Bedford-st. Baptist Church, near Carmine, on SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. *The Ordinance of Believers.* Baptism after the morning sermon. In the afternoon, the hand of fellowship will be given to about fifty new members. In the evening, a special sermon to young ladies.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Corner of 4th-av. and 22d-st. By special request, Rev. Dr. FOSTER will deliver at this Church his centenary sermon preached at the New-York Conference, occupying the pulpit both MORNING and EVENING. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH OF THE HOLY MARTYRS—Forsyth-st., near New Canal. Rev. JAMES MILLETT, Pastor. On SUNDAY EVENING, Rev. Mr. WELLMAN, Assistant Minister at St. Bartholomew's Church, will preach.

PUBLIC SERVICES ARE HELD IN the New-England Church, (Congregational,) on 41st-st., near 6th-av., every SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. All interested in this new organization are cordially invited.

ADVENT MISSION—NO. 108 WEST 24TH-ST. Preaching MORNING; in the AFTERNOON, Elder J. K. BELLOWS and the Lord's Supper; EVENING, J. V. HIMES, of Michigan, is expected. Love-feast every third Sabbath afternoon in each month.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. Dr. GEER, Rector of St. Timothy's Church, will preach next SUNDAY EVENING.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH—18TH-ST., near 5th-av. SUNDAY, Rev. EASTMAN BENJAMIN will preach at 7½ and 10½ A. M., and Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET at 3 and 7½ P. M. The afternoon service for deaf mutes.

ELDER J. V. HIMES WILL PREACH at Room No. 18 Cooper Institute, on *The Near Coming of Christ*, on SUNDAY, the 6th inst., at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., and in the EVENING at No. 108 West 24th-st., in the Advent Mission Church.

A PRAYER MEETING IS HELD EVERY SATURDAY EVENING in the Social Rooms of the Broadway Tabernacle Church, corner of 6th-av. and 34th-st. Entrance from 34th-st. Strangers cordially invited.

AT ST. JOHN'S M. E. CHURCH, 53D-ST., between Broadway and 8th-av.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 6th inst., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. by Rev. GEO. C. ESRAY, the new pastor. Seats free. The public are invited to attend. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

PREACHING ON PROPHECY.—BISHOP SNOW, of Mount Zion, will preach on *The Evidence of the Speedy Appearing of Christ*, in University Building, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free.

PREACHING IN JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—By Rev. WM. H. DEPUY: MORNING, at 10½; EVENING, at 7½. Sacrament after morning service. Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

REV. R. S. HOWLAND, D. D., WILL preach the sixth in the course of sermons on *The Christian Life*, next WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 9, in St. Timothy's Free Church, 54th-st., west of 8th-av. Service at 8 o'clock.

FRIDAY, 11TH.—FREEDMAN'S AMERICAN and British Commission. A. M. E. Church, Sullivan-st., near Bleecker; 7½ P. M. Speakers: Maj.-Gen. O. O. HOWARD, Rev. HENRY HIGHLAND GARNET, Professor DAY and others.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION MISSIONS—At the Mission Hall, No. 100 West 24th-st., SUNDAY EVENING, May 6, at 7½ o'clock. Rev. RICHARD PARKER will preach. Seats free.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION MISSION—At Clinton Hall, Astor-place, SUNDAY EVENING, May 6. Services at 8 o'clock. Christian Unity. Devotional exercises and addresses by Rev. Dr. STRONG, Rev. Dr. FREELAND, Rev. CHARLES B. SMYTH and Rev. T. WALSH. Seats free. A collection will be taken up to defray expenses.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION MISSION—At the Church corner of 17th-st. and 5th-av., South Brooklyn, SUNDAY EVENING, May 6, at 7½ o'clock. Rev. TRESHAM D. GREGG, D. D., of Dublin, will preach. Seats free.

REV. J. W. SHACKELFORD, RECTOR, will, by request, preach before the Young Men's Church Association, Yorkville, on SUNDAY EVENING, at the Church of the Redeemer, 85th-st., near 3d-av. Subject—*The Law of Social Obligation.*

CHRISTIAN CHURCH — 28TH-ST., NEAR Broadway.—Services LORD'S DAY, May 6, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by the Pastor, URBAN C. BREWER. Baptism at the close of the evening service.

CHURCH OF THE RESURRECTION—35th-st., near 6th-av. The Rector, Rev. EDWARD O. FLAGG, will preach MORNING and EVENING. Service, 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SIXTH UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, EVERETT ROOMS, 34th-st. and 6th-av. Rev. E. G. BROOKS Pastor. Service every SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. Sunday-school at 9. All are cordially invited.

THE NEW CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, (Protestant Episcopal,) Nos. 53 and 55 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., will be open for Divine service, on SUNDAY, May 6. Services 10½ A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M.

DR. J. R. NEWTON WILL ILLUSTRATE healing by touch or will-power, with practical illustrations on invalids present, at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway at 10½ o'clock; meeting also at 7½. Free.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHAPEL—3D-AV., between 77th and 78th sts. Rev. J. TUTTLE SMITH, Pastor. Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. Service on ASCENSION DAY, at 3 P. M.

REV. SAMUEL B. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M.

PILGRIM BAPTIST CHURCH—ON 33D-st., west of 8th-av. Preaching on SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING by Rev. JOHN A. MCKEAN, of Philadelphia. Baptising after morning service.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between 2d and 3d avs.—Rev. W. H. BOOLE, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free. Prayer meeting at 6¾ P. M.

THE FIFTEENTH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, (Dr. ALEXANDER'S,) between Irving-place and 3d-av. Services at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIdence on the Hudson, above Albany. Large square modern house, 2½ stories, 30 acres of land, large orchards, all small fruits, unfailing stream from a large spring, barn, carriage-house, &c., all in good order. Price, including furniture, horses, carriages and utensils, $25,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF BRADISH JOHNSON, Esq.,

at West Islip, L. I., containing about 80 acres, laid out in farm, gardens and lawns, and 176 acres of woodland.

The buildings are all first-class, modern and commodious.

Dwelling-house is large, conveniently arranged and completely furnished. Four hot graperies, one cold grapery, peach-house, greenhouse, large reservoir for supplying water to dwelling and graperies; three houses for farmer, gardener and laborers; large carriage-house, sheds, barns and necessary outbuildings; a good dock, with boat-house, boats, &c.

The whole will be sold, with stock, carriages, horses, &c., &c., complete.

For further particulars, inquire of

E. A. ROOSSE, No. 428 West 16th-st.,

Or of A. G. THOMPSON, West Islip.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE late Jacob B. Herrick, situated on the Hunt's Point Road, Westchester County, 10 miles from the City Hall, accessible by steamboat, steam and horse-cars. There are 24 acres of land, extending to the water, all in a high state of cultivation, with every variety of choice fruit. The buildings, which are nearly new, comprise the dwelling-house, large and replete with every convenience, commanding a fine view of the Sound, adapted for a Winter as well as a Summer residence, having a furnace, heater, double sashes, plumbing throughout, supplying laundry, kitchen, bath-room, &c., &c.; also a gardener's house, coach-house, barns, all in perfect repair. There is also an ice-pond, ice-houses, and a fine well of soft water. A rare opportunity is offered to merchants and others to secure an elegant home. A large part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years. For further particulars apply to J. HOBART HERRICK, No. 10 South-st., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT YONKERS, A handsome two-story and attic house, 42x48, filled in with brick; basement and sub-cellar; twenty finished rooms; piazza on three sides; gas fixtures, hot and cold water; furnace and range, built in the best manner by days' work; carriage-house, and grapery under glass, 70 feet long, all in good repair; 122 feet on North Broadway, extending through to Palisade-av.; about two acres forest and fruit trees of the choicest varieties, in full bearing, ripening in succession; fine river view; eight minutes' walk to depot; price, $29,000, with furniture; terms easy; if not sold soon will be let, furnished, for the Summer season. Apply to WM. H. KINSLEY, No. 10 Fulton-st., or to Dr. KINSLEY, on the premises.

FARM FOR SALE—TWO MILES FROM Peekskill, on the Turnpike-road, about half a mile from the residence of Messrs. Henry Ward Beecher, Dayton and Kitridge; all trains stop at Peekskill; time from New-York about 1½ hours; the farm contains about 102 acres good land; good buildings; excellent water brought to the house and barn in pipes; very healthy and within riding distance of numerous lakes, say from two to twelve miles; price, $14,500. Inquire of JOHN Y. YELLOTT, No. 32 Park-row, New-York.

YONKERS.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A very pretty cottage, with five lots of ground, about ten minutes' walk from depot and steamboat landing; shade and fruit trees, grapery, vegetable garden, &c.; house has eleven rooms and front and rear piazza; magnificent view of the Hudson; price $8,250; rent $650. JAMES R. EDWARDS, No. 277 West 23d-st.

FOR SALE—AT ELIZABETH, A VERY DESIRable residence; stables, carriage-house; two acres of land; large pear orchard, small fruits in abundance, in full bearing, with the house; from one to five acres of land; if unsold May 10, will be rented.

W. R. LAVERTY, No. 95 Liberty-st., New-York.

$800, $1,200, $1,500, $1,800, $10,000.—For sale, cottages and elegant dwellings, at East New-York and Woodham. Also, 700 lots, well-built cottages and elegant dwellings. For particulars, apply to CHAS. R. MILLER, Atlantic-av., East New-York.

HOTEL FOR SALE—"STANWIX HALL," ALBANY, N. Y.—The above well-known and popular hotel is for sale; possession given immediately. For further particulars apply to F. RIDER, on the premises.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

To close the estate of

STEPHEN KINGSLAND,

deceased, the following desirably located property:

Nos. 41 and 43 Marion-st., between Spring and Prince sts.; size of lots each 25x100 feet, with two-story and attic on front and four-story on the rear—brick houses in good order and well rented.

ALSO.

Nos. 306 and 308 2d-st., near Av. D; size of lots 47x106 feet in all, with three-story brick houses front and rear, in good order and well rented.

If not sold by the 15th of May will be offered at public auction by Adrian H. Muller, P. R. Wilkins & Co., Auctioneers.

Apply to W. M. THURMAN, No. 428 Canal-st.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—THE well-known elegant residence of the late B. E. Clark, situated on the corner of New-York-av. and St. Mark's-place, one of the pleasantest and most desirable locations in the City of Brooklyn. The house is large, conveniently arranged, containing all modern improvements, and is in complete order from cellar to attic. From the observatory a very fine view is afforded of the very pleasantest part of the city. There is a new brick stable on the premises, large and commodious, together with about thirteen lots of ground, well laid out and stocked with choice fruits, vines and shrubbery. A well matched pair of carriage horses, also two carriages, harness, &c., &c., will also be sold with the property if desired. For further particulars and permit to examine the property apply, between 4 and 5 P. M., to L. BRADLEY, Executor, No. 25 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—THE residence of the late John Griffin, in Rye, Westchester Co., N. Y., about ¾ of a mile from Mamaroneck depot, an expensive-built house, 44x45; wing attached, 22x36 feet; walls filled in with brick; containing 19 hard-finished rooms; parlor large; floors deafened; water drawn on second story; furnace, bath, carriage-house, ice-house, barn, stable, hennery, wood-house, boat-house, used for bathing; about 16 acres of choice land fronting the Boston post road, sloping to the water; grounds tastefully laid out with ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c.; a large variety of young and bearing fruit trees, choice selections; also, a fine kitchen garden. For further particulars inquire on the premises of Mr. D. L. ROGERS.

RYE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE AT RYE, ten minutes' walk from the Port Chester Depot, a magnificent country residence, commanding a view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country for more than 20 miles.

THE HOUSE is large and in complete order, and contains 18 rooms, laundry, pantries, hot and cold water, stationary washtubs and furnaces, and carpeted throughout with Brussels and three-ply carpets, laid down last year, and partly furnished.

OUTBUILDINGS are of recent construction, with every convenience; large carriage-house, and stabling for 12 horses; hennery, piggery and sheds, &c., &c.—all newly painted.

THE GROUNDS are over 8 acres, beautifully ornamented with landscape beds, shrubbery, graveled walks, Summer-house, statuary and fish-ponds, filled with fish; shade trees of large growth, and fruit trees of the choicest kinds in great abundance.

A FINE KITCHEN GARDEN of over one and a half acres, with hot-beds, greenhouse, grapery, and stocked with gooseberry, currant, blackberry and raspberry bushes, and about 1,000 of the best varieties of strawberry plants.

A PLACE every way desirable for a permanent home or Summer residence; the sea bathing is excellent, and the situation unsurpassed for health. The sidewalks on the avenue, from the house to the depot, will be flagged this Spring, and gas introduced into the street. Immediate possession given.

For particulars, terms, &c., apply to

W. K. PEYTON, No. 274 Bowery, New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT AT CASTLETON HEIGHTS, STATEN ISLAND, FOR SALE.

House nearly new and in perfect order; villa style; about 17 acres, with natural forest trees, fruit trees, &c.; a small spring-water lake at foot of lawn; stable, carriage-house, &c. Must be sold at once. Very desirable. Apply to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—THE COUNtry seat and farm of the late Thomas Richardson is for sale, and immediate possession can be given. The property is in Westchester County, and about three and a half miles from Central Park. There are about 90 acres of land, but if preferred 65 would be sold. House commodious, and contains every modern convenience, with lawns, gardens, fruits, grape and green houses, and outbuildings complete and hardly equalled. Location very healthy. For further particulars apply to SAMUEL NIMMONS, No. 15 Broadway, or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT HUNTINGTON, MASS.—A fine modern house, containing 11 rooms, beside halls, attic, ample closets and pantries; piazzas front and sides; pure soft water in house; ice-house filled; one acre of land, with fine shade and fruit trees; delightfully situated in healthy location; three minutes' walk to depot; church and schools; on the line of the Western Railroad from Springfield to Albany; price $4,000; if not sold before June 1, will be rented furnished for the Summer at $400. Apply to C. E. WILLIAMS, East Hampton, Mass.; or to A. J. TAYLOR, Esq., No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIdence, on Pappoosequa, Narragansett Bay, opposite the town of Bristol, R. I., consisting of a fine house, with 13 rooms, bath-rooms, &c.; stable for horses, with carriage-house; about five acres of excellent land; wharf and water front, 350 feet; house and carriage-house nearly new; built in the best manner. For further particulars, inquire of MARTIN BENNETT, Esq., Cashier First National Bank, Bristol, or to JOHN H. WARDWELL, No. 748 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—IN THE ROMANTIC VILLAGE OF Chester, on Connecticut River, 10 miles from the Sound, a convenient house with L attached, all two stories high, containing 8 rooms and good cellar, all in good order, ½ acre land, new stable, plenty of fruit and shade trees, location healthy and fine view; Hartford boats pass every day; very desirable for a Summer residence. Address C. BOGART, Chester, Conn.

A SPLENDID FARM AT MILLSTONE, N. J., 1¼ miles from depot, 85 acres, all under superior cultivation; 15 acres wheat, 12 acres oats, apples, pears, &c.; farm well watered and in excellent fence; good two-story and extension house, large barn and all necessary outbuildings; a first-class place and everything in perfect order; $9,000.

PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 2.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE ON THE Morris and Essex Railroad, within 1½ hours of the City and three minutes from depot; the dwelling is a modern-built Gothic, about 36 feet square, with extension, and in perfect order; a stable and carriage-house, large farm-house, barn, ice-house (filled) and other outbuildings, with about 96 acres of land; abundance of fruit; will be sold with or without furniture. Apply to NATHANIEL NILES, No. 18 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—IN THE VALLEY OF THE ASHUelot, a beautiful residence at Huntington, Mass., in the midst of the Hills, (a spur of the Green Mountains,) 20 miles west of Springfield; six acres of land, with abundance of choice fruits; first-class and most substantial house, barn, &c.; the property is only sold in consequence of the death of the owner; it cost $10,000 in gold and will be sold for $7,000 in currency. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN 28TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY, in consequence of the owner going to Europe, one of the most desirable and elegant houses in this City; house is 25 feet wide by about 58 feet deep, brown-stone front, four stories high, with every modern convenience, and in the most perfect order throughout; will be sold either with or without the elegant furniture. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE at East Hampton, Mass. House nearly new, 13 rooms, with water and gas; lot ¾ acre, with fruit trees; on line of New-Haven and Northampton Railroad, four miles from Northampton, near Williston Seminary. Village thriving, location healthy, no fear of cholera. Price $7,000. Apply to E. A. HUBBARD, Springfield, Mass.

FOR SALE, AT IRVINGTON ON THE Hudson, a large and very desirable residence, with four acres of land, good barn, outhouses, &c.; fine view of the river, and a short distance from the depot. If wanted, the furniture, horses, carriages, &c., will be sold with the place. For particulars apply to E. TWEEDY, No. 126 Duane-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY-SEAT at Riverdale, 12 miles from the City, containing 3 acres in lawns and garden, handsome Gothic buildings, fruit, ornamental and forest trees. The house has modern improvements. The owner being obliged to reside in the West will sell the place much less than cost. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A FARM FOR SALE—ONE HOUR'S RIDE from New-York, in Westchester County and within five minutes' walk of the depot; an elegant mansion, furnished complete, 50x45 feet, three stories and attic; water in the house from a never-failing spring; orchard of apples, pears and other fruit. Apply to D. HODGMAN, No. 27 Maiden-lane, New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—IN ROCKLAND COUNTY, near Suffern's Depot, at a bargain; owner going South; consists of 84 acres of land, well cultivated, fenced and watered; good buildings and fruit of every kind; easy of access to City; all for $4,500; also, 80 acres mountain land for $1,000. Inquire for further particulars of RUFUS L. SCOTT, No. 60 Wall-st.

FOR SALE IN AN ENTERPRISING CITY, one hour from New-York, a fine store, dwelling-house, good-will, stock and fixtures of a well-known hat, cap, fur, straw goods and gents' furnishing goods business; has paid $10,000 a year for 15 years; will lease the store, if business is purchased.

RIDER & FORD, No. 39 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM AND BUILDINGS WITH beautiful building sites, on the banks of Hudson River, in Rhinebeck, adjoining Delanos; also, another in town of Yonkers; and two lots on Lexington-av. Apply to EDWARD E. COWLES, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE — AT REASONABLE PRICES, large and small farms and residences, in healthy locations, on the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad, at Summit, Chatham, Madison and Morristown. STEPHEN H. WARD, Chatham, N. J.; A. MUCHMORE, No. 296 Washington-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—IN BERGEN, TWO MILES FROM the Jersey City Ferry, near the dummy railroad, a fine double dwelling-house, with five lots of land, stable and plenty of fruit. Inquire of THOMAS W. JAMES, Jersey City; or address Box 100 Jersey City Post-office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR A SNUG City house, a handsome improved country place in New-Rochelle, with two acres, six minutes' walk from depot. Inquire of W. HARDENBURGH & VAIL, No. 58 Wall-st., or URMY & COPLAND, No. 410 4th-av.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement-house No. 60 West 22d-st.; 18 feet wide, 55 feet deep. Price, with part of the furniture, $20,000. Immediate possession. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, RENT, OR EXCHANGE—AT West Morrisania, the property known as Lewis Terrace; will be rented separately or together; houses contain all the modern improvements. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE ON the banks of the Shrewsbury River, and short drive from Long Branch; six acres, one acre of lawn, fine shade, terraced down to the water's edge; bathing, sailing and fishing. GEORGE H. PETRIE, 77 Leonard-st.

FOR SALE—A NICE NEWLY-BUILT HOUSE in Waverley-st., Hudson City, fifteen minutes from Hoboken Ferry; contains seven rooms; large attic and cellar; water inside; with two lots. Apply to C. P. NICOLE, No. 300 7th-av.

$2,500.—FOR SALE CHEAP—HOUSE and 28 acres of good land at Deer Park, L. I.; 37 miles from New-York on L. I. R. R.; well in kitchen, young fruit trees, &c. Inquire of J. R. WALKER, No. 108 Leonard-st., New-York.

A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE in New-Jersey, close to city and depot; choice fruit, rich soil, &c.; price $5,500. Address Box No. 33, Ramsey's, N. J.

AT GREENWICH, CONN.—FOR SALE—Handsome house, with two acres ground, near depot; stable, carriage-house; fine fruit and shade; immediate possession. PARSONS & WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

MADISON-AV.—FIRST-CLASS BROWNstone English basement house, No. 25 Madison-av., fronting the square, for sale; price, $35,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—THREE FOURstory brown-stone houses, south side 52d-st., between 8th-av. and Broadway; will be sold at a low figure this week. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—One mile from depot, on the Northern New-Jersey Railroad, 18 miles from Jersey City, and 4 miles north of Englewood, in a high and healthy locality; 15 or more acres land; buildings new and in good order; dwelling in Chateau style, large, heated by steam, and replete with modern conveniences; gardener's cottage, laundry, stable and carriage-house, poultry-house, ice-house, &c.; large vegetable garden, with every variety of fruit and fine old shade trees. Apply to

E. S. SAXTON,

No. 33 Exchange-place.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE—A FARM containing 260 acres of land, about 200 cleared, the remainder fine timber land, situated on the south side of the Susquehanna River, in the town of Vestal, Broome County, N. Y., 6½ miles from Binghamton, the county seat, and 1½ miles from the Town of Union, and the Erie Railway Depot.

There are on the premises one large farm-house, containing 12 rooms, besides the kitchen, pantries, closets, &c., with a fine high cellar, lathed and plastered, with cement bottom. There is a pump and sink in kitchen, connecting with a large cistern under it. There is a large inclosed woodshed attached, and the house is furnished on three sides with a fine piazza. The house has lately been painted and papered throughout. A tenant-house, containing 6 rooms and a buttery, with a large high cellar under all, made expressly for dairy purposes. One barn, 40x55, with stabling for 6 horses. One barn, 30x40, with stanchions for 10 head of cows, and bull stable. One inclosed cattle shed, 18x90, with stanchions for 22 head of cows, and with hay loft above; all for the cattle stables have drop-plank floors. One wagon shed, 28x30. One carriage-house, 30x32, with harness room and granary above, with covered grain bins holding 2,500 bushels; corn crib, tool-house, hen-house, piggery, and ice-house, which is filled from the river about 300 yards distant. The barn-yard is 90x180 feet, inclosed by a tight high board fence, with suitable gates, and subdivided into 4 yards, for different kinds and grades of stock. There is a large cistern in the centre of the yard, holding about 15,000 gallons, affording an ample supply of water at all seasons of the year, and is supplied from the barns and sheds, all of which are furnished with tin gutters and leaders front and rear. There are 3 wells of fine water on the farm, attached to the houses and farm buildings. One is furnished with a powerful force-pump. All the houses and buildings are in first-rate order. The garden, about ¾ of an acre, is inclosed by a high picket fence, and is supplied with all the choice small fruits, and has a large asparagus bed. There is a fine young orchard of selected apples, standard and dwarf pears, cherries, plums, &c., besides a small orchard of old grafted trees.

A large portion of the farm is river flat, the balance rolling land, and is admirably adapted for a grain, dairy, or grazing farm. It is supplied with never-failing springs and streams of water, and a large portion of it is seeded down. The farm has a river front of about one-half a mile, and the house and farm buildings are situated on a fine dry ridge of gravelly loam, about 30 feet above the river bottom, and sloping down to it on three sides, commanding a most beautiful view of the river and valley. The extension of the Chenango Canal passes through the farm, about one-half a mile from the house, and will add greatly to its value; the section through the farm is nearly completed. The land and fence damages have not been appraised, but will be large, and will accrue to the purchaser.

The Susquehanna Valley is celebrated for its beauty and salubrity; it is thickly settled with enterprising farmers, and the neighborhood is supplied with excellent schools and churches.

A large portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage.

For price and terms, apply to

ALFRED D. WITHERS, Flushing, L. I.

Or Central National Bank, corner Broadway and Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN FISHKILL, ON THE HUDSON, a very pleasant, healthy and convenient country seat of from 15 to 40 acres superior land, well watered and stocked with great variety of fruit and ornamental trees, in first-class neighborhood, near to depot, churches, telegraph and post-offices; it has many splendid river views with shady walks, free from all annoyances, and ample buildings for a large family; immediate possession, in excellent order, can be given; if not sold by 15th inst., will be to let. Full information may be obtained of Messrs. E. H. ARNOLD & SON, No. 265 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE COUNTRY REsidence and farm of the late E. Boonen Graves at Morristown, N. J., 1½ miles from Morristown Depot. The premises contain about 75 acres with the mansion-house, farm-house, carriage-house and barns, green and grape-houses. The dwelling-house is elegant and spacious, with all the modern improvements. The grounds are under the highest state of cultivation, containing fruit trees of every variety. The place is easily accessible from the City of New-York per Morris and Essex Railroad, and can be seen at all times. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AT IRVINGTON.—FOR SALE—The well-known country seat (Silver Spring) adjoining Washington Irving's Sunny Side, consisting of thirty acres, with large river front; mansion house of stone; park-like grounds, with noble trees; farm-house, greenhouse, barns, ice-house filled; never failing spring, supplying house, garden, fountains, &c.; land fertile. For terms apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st., or JOHN McVICKAR, No. 21 West 32d-st., New-York.

$25,000 TO $35,000.—FOR SALE A BEAUtifully situated country place, at upper end of Palisades, Hudson River, one hour by Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, one mile from station; mansion-house, cottage, barns, sheds, &c., all nearly new, recently put in elegant order; ready for immediate occupancy; will sell 15 acres and all the improvements for $25,000, or 35 acres and improvements for $35,000, and take a smaller property in exchange if desired. Apply to N. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE HUDSON, one hour by rail from the City, a new and commodious house, containing drawing-room, two parlors, dining and sitting-rooms, 11 large bed-rooms; kitchen, &c., in basement; scenery unsurpassed; three-quarters of an acre of land, well stocked with choice fruit and shade trees. For terms apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York, or GEO. W. CARTWRIGHT, Jr., Sing Sing.

FOR SALE AT ROCKAWAY—A HANDsome and very complete cottage, stables, coach-house and other outbuildings, with the furniture, which is of the best quality; the house is double, has 50 feet frontage on the ocean, and is in the most perfect order; price for the whole, $7,000 cash. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF the late Benjamin M. Brown, situated on Long Island Sound, about 21 miles from New-York, at Mamaroneck, Westchester County, containing about 44 acres of land, with a large double house, barns and all necessary outbuildings; plenty of fruit, &c.

For further particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT ROCKLAND LAKE, A MOST desirable country seat, three-fourths of a mile from steamboat landing on North River; a good commodious house, outbuildings, with 18 acres of land in a high state of cultivation; large water front on the lake; a full supply of fruit and shade trees; the views are very fine; location healthy. DAY, FERDON & CO., No. 191 Broadway, Room No. 4.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence; has a fine water view; three acres of land; 100 fruit trees; choice berries and fruits in abundance; large house with two wings; large barn and other outbuildings; situated in the pleasant and healthy Village of Lanesboro, Berkshire County, Mass.; six hours' ride from New-York or Boston; price $3,500. Apply to, or address, W. H. H. WILCOX, Pittsfield, Mass.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 60 ACRES, 37 MILES from New-York, 3½ from depot; cottage house, 22x44, built 12 years; good outbuildings; apple and peach orchards, grapes and various other fruits in abundance; land first quality, nearly level and free from stone. Price $5,000; terms easy. See card view of house and lawn, at E. A. BUNCE'S, No. 7 Chambers-st.

ORANGE, NEW-JERSEY.—GOOD BARGAINS.—For sale or to let, two large and desirable houses, splendidly located, high ground. Spring water, near depot, &c. One of these houses will be sold for much less than its value. Apply to A. O. VAN LENNEP, No. 54 Cedar-st.; or by letter to J. S. OTIS, at H. B. Claflin & Co.'s.

FOR SALE—CHEAP AND ON EASY TERMS, the two-story and high basement brick house, No. 91 East 87th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., with modern improvements. Possession given at once. Inquire of W. H. FALCONER, No. 21 2d-st., near Bowery, from 8 to 10 A. M. and 6 to 8 P. M.

SIXTH-AVENUE.—FOR SALE—THE VALuable plot of ground on northeast corner of 6th-av. and 16th-st., consisting of four full lots now so improved as to yield a good interest, and capable of being further improved so as to make a most desirable investment. Apply to WM. H. ROSS, No. 704 Broadway.

A FARM OF 70 ACRES FOR SALE, or a fine large house to let, one mile and a quarter from Chatham depot, on the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad; house contains ten large rooms; location healthy; views unsurpassed; fine locust grove in front. Inquire at the Chatham depot of ELIHU L. GREEN.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE PLACE AT Flushing, L. I.; house contains 10 rooms besides attic and cellar; grounds well laid out, with choice fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery; within five minutes' walk of depot. For further particulars apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 75 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT POUGHKEEPSIE—THE late residence of Mr. Edward Bech, on South-av.; house 37 feet front, with extension and conservatory, large garden, stable and carriage-house. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or to EDWARD BECH & CO., No. 6 Hanover-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

BAKERY FOR SALE—A CORNER ONE OF the leading avenue; business all over the counter; owner retiring. A lease of five years and fixtures will be sold at a fair price. Further particulars on application to JOHN KAVANAH, north-east corner of 42d-st. and 6th-av.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE AT BERGEN POINT, N. J., near the depot of the New-Jersey Central R. R.; price $6,000. Apply to A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale or exchange, at Bergen Point, N. J., with fine water front, and within forty minutes of Wall-st., by the N. J. Cen. R. R.; ten trains a day. Apply to A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

SOUTH NORWALK PROPERTY.—Places in and around South Norwalk for sale; eight to let furnished. Apply to JOHN FERRIS, South Norwalk, Conn., Ely Block.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY HOUSE, WITH 1¼ acres, barn, garden, &c., in Passaic Valley, New-Jersey, near Summit Station. Apply to SOUTHWICK & WOOD, No. 59 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—FARM OF FIFTY ACRES; CHOICE land; plenty of fine fruit; house 9 large rooms; 19 miles of New-York. J. M. C. MARSH, No. 34 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR FOR SALE—With ten or more acres of land handsomely laid out, with a great variety of fruit and ornamental trees, good garden and fine lawns; house large and well furnished, having all the modern improvements; situated upon high ground, commanding a fine view of the Sound and surrounding country; healthy and no mosquitoes; good bathing, fishing and hunting. Good farm-house, large carriage-house, stable, &c. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FURNISHED HOUSE AT PEEKSKILL, N. Y., to rent for the season. House has all the modern conveniences; contains about 16 rooms, beside bathroom, &c.; well furnished; plenty of fruit, &c.; stable and all necessary outbuildings.

For further particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT BAY Ridge, suburbs of Brooklyn, containing 11 rooms, all in good repair, within half an hour of the ferry, and 100 yards of city cars, which pass every 15 minutes; the house commands a splendid view of New-York Bay, and has 20 acres of land, barn, stables, kitchen garden, and extensive apple orchard attached; rent $1,200. Apply to WM. H. POWER & CRAIG, No. 3 Broadway.

TO LET.

SPLENDID BANKING ROOM AND OFFICES TO LET,

in the spacious building No. 61 Broadway, opposite Exchange-place, newly fitted up in a superior manner, heated with steam, and with all other modern improvements. POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN,

No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET.

A delightful country residence situated in the suburbs of the Village of Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Mass., a village famed for the remarkable salubrity of its climate and unsurpassed for the beauty of its natural scenery. The premises in question consist of a new and finely finished cottage, having on the first floor a front and back parlor, dining-room, kitchen and wash-room. The second floor is divided into square rooms and bedrooms. A small stream of purest water is brought from a neighboring spring into the wash-room and conducted away from it—thereby cooling and purifying the premises with a continuous flowing stream. A piazza extends around the building, and the adjacent grounds are conveniently large, and ornamented with shade trees. Trains arrive and depart every few hours on the Housatonic Railroad, by which, with its connections with the Western Railroad, the Hudson River Railroad, and thence with the Connecticut and Hudson Rivers and the Sound, persons can readily reach the village from every part of the country, while it is daily reached from New-York, Boston and other cities. The premises will be let for a year or during the Summer months, the former preferred, and possession given immediately. For further information, apply at once to Mr. JEFFREY DECKER, No. 265 Canal-st., New-York; or to Miss ANN RUTH CURTIS, Hudson, Columbia County, New-York.

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES DESIRING A pleasant COUNTRY RESIDENCE during next year. A gentleman has just erected a large and commodious building in the upper part of Westchester County, containing some 30 rooms, with large parlors, dining and billiard-rooms; delicious water at the door; ice-house full 75 tons, barns, stables, good garden spot, fine playground for children, and large pond of water for fishing and boating; the whole thing admirably arranged for the accommodation of about 50 persons, including servants. This is a fine opportunity for about four or six private families to club together, and, where the families are known to each other, would make it pleasant and comfortable as a residence during the whole year, as it is of easy access to railroad, just 20 minutes' walk from the station. Persons can be here at 9 A. M. and leave at 5 P. M.; full advantage of express trains. Price per year $2,000. References will be required as to character and responsibility. For further particulars apply to JOSEPH PICKARD, Rotunda Building, under Croton Aqueduct Board, City Hall, or to G. F. HICKOK, Park Bank.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET FOR SUMmer months at Bedford Station, Harlem Railroad, 40 miles from 26th-st. Station; the location is very healthy and quiet; churches, stores, post-office, &c., quite near; the house is a large handsome two-story building, with wing; has been built only four years, is on high ground, close by the railroad depot; good water, with cistern in kitchen; carriage-house and stable if desired; the house is well furnished throughout, with every convenience; good garden, fruit, &c.; possession given as soon as required. For further information inquire of D. M. BARRETT, on the premises, or of T. P. BAINBRIDGE, Harlem Railroad depot, 42d-st., or at No. 771 6th-av., corner 44th-st., of Mr. L. HIGGINS, grocer.

RARE CHANCE TO OBTAIN A FINE residence for the Summer, situated on the banks of Croton Lake, Westchester County, New-York, 2½ hours from the City, 3 miles from Mount Kisko, (Harlem Railroad,) and 6 miles from Sing Sing; one of the most beautiful locations on the lake; well-filled ice-house, vegetable garden planted, fine stable, carriage-house, &c.; will be let for the Summer months, furnished; contains 10 rooms, besides pantries, milk-room, &c. For particulars, inquire of JOHN E. COWAN, No. 44 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

TO RENT, FURNISHED, AT SING-SING—A beautiful place of 37 acres; the house situated on a knoll and commanding a fine view of the river. There are seven bedrooms in the house, exclusive of the servant's rooms, and an ample supply of hot and cold water in the kitchen, bathroom and laundry. There is a fine barn and a farmer's cottage on the premises. The situation is high and remarkably healthy. Price $400 per month for six months. Apply to J. W. ROBINSON, Agent, Sing-Sing.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—FOR three or six months; a very desirable furnished house, with twelve rooms, located on Main-st., in the beautiful village of Farmington, Conn., five hours from New-York by two daily trains on the New-York, New-Haven and Canal Railroad. Address Post-office Box No. 52 Farmington, Conn.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—WANTED, A lady of some means and experience, without incumbrance, to take a first-class furnished house in Orange, N. J., and keep it as a boarding-house for the Summer or year; can be filled at once with good paying boarders, and if the right person offers a liberal arrangement can be made. Address Box No. 3,976 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—FOR FOUR MONTHS FROM JUNE 1, a furnished house, at Tarrytown, in good order, good location, &c.; it contains 13 rooms, has gas in, and water in the kitchen; garden and stable attached. For full particulars apply to Mr. HAZELBRAITH, Agent for D. & T. Smith's Line of Steamboats, foot Harrison-st., North River.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF 21 YEARS, the well-known premises No. 321 Broadway, recently under lease to H. J. Bang as a restaurant; at the end of the above term, either a renewed lease to be given on satisfactory terms, or payment to the holder of one-half the value of his improvements.

TO LET FOR THE SUMMER—AT STOCKBRIDGE, BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.—A furnished house, newly fitted up throughout, containing nine convenient rooms, and situated in one of the most beautiful villages on the line of the Housatonic Railroad. Apply to J. W. FISKE, No. 120 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET, AT NYACK—A NEAT AND COMmodious house, furnished throughout, including a first-rate piano; 12 rooms, gas throughout; fine river view; four minutes' walk from ferry or steamboat landing. Apply to A. B. HUTCHINGS, No. 38 John-st., from 10 to 1 o'clock.

FURNISHED HOUSE, AT NEW ROCHELLE, to let for the Summer months—A desirable furnished house, three acres of land, with stable and garden; location unsurpassed, near the water, five minutes' walk from the Neptune House. Apply to R. W. GULAGER, on the premises or through the Post-office.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—HOUSE IS large and in good order; carriage-house, stable, ice-house, &c.; seven acres of land, all under cultivation; it will be let with the furniture and can be had immediately; it is beautifully situated near Fort Hamilton, L. I. Apply to R. CORNELL WHITE, No. 92 Warren-st.

TO LET IN THE VILLAGE OF FLUSHING, L. I., for the Summer, a pleasant and completely furnished residence, with two acres of land, fine ornamental and fruit trees, carriage-house and stable for three horses, and within five minutes' walk of depot. For particulars, apply to S. S. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—AT MORRIStown, New-Jersey, the country residence of the late E. Boonen Graves, fully furnished; with garden, green and grape houses; 1½ miles from depot. Inquire of R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT Throgg's Neck, Westchester, containing ten rooms, carriage-house, garden, plenty of fruit and shade trees. Inquire at Clinton Hall, corner 8th-st., New-York.

E. UNDERHILL.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT TARRYTOWN, A beautiful little cottage; nice garden, plenty of choice fruits; near the depot. Also, two large furnished houses, and two unfurnished houses; immediate possession given. Apply to J. A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

AT YONKERS—BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE TO let, furnished; neighborhood first-class; half acre, fine shade, fruit, &c.; dumb-waiter, gas and water. Also, a large double house. JAMES YOUMANS, No. 4 Dock-st., Yonkers.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, AT PALENville, Greene County, a farm-house pleasantly situated on the stage route to Catskill and the Mountain House. For particulars address O. ADSIT, Palenville, or J. LENNOX, No. 258 Front-st.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—ON THE HUDson, near West Point; furnished house, with stable, garden, abundance of fruit, &c.; one of the most desirable places in the Highlands. Apply to EDWARD MITCHELL, No. 62 Wall-st.

TO RENT—TO A SMALL FAMILY, WITHOUT children, or to one or two single gentlemen, part of a neat small house on 32d-st., near Lexington-av. Address AMERICAN ART JOURNAL, Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE SITUATED at Wilton, Conn., on the line of the Danbury and Norwalk Railroad. Inquire of BURR SMITH, Esq., Wilton, Conn.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT TARRYTOWN, A large double house, barn and carriage-house; large garden, plenty of choice fruit; near the depot; rent moderate. Apply to J. A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

AT NO. 58 WEST 18TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs., three large rooms on second floor, furnished, $30 per week; unfurnished, $25. Also, first floor parlors, $25; references exchanged; no children.

TO LET—THE FRONT BASEMENT AND PARlor floor, three rooms, and two rooms on third floor, in a three-story brick house in a good neighborhood to a small family. Apply to J. S. MOON, No. 292 4th-av.

TO LET ON STATEN ISLAND—SOME FINE furnished houses for the year or season, beautiful locations and perfectly healthy, near the landings. D. R. HITCHCOCK & SON, No. 100 Broadway.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, en suite or single, to let without board to gentlemen only; very desirable location, No. 94 10th-st., one door from University-place.

TO LET—A SMALL REAR BUILDING, SUITable for some light manufacturing business. Inquire of W. H. FALCONER, No. 21 2d-st., from 8 to 10 A. M. and 6 to 8 P. M.

OFFICE TO RENT—ROOM FRONTING ON Broadway and Cortlandt-st., with an abundance of light, and up only two easy flights of stairs. Apply to CARLTON & SMITH, No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 11.

TO LET—AT WOODSIDE, L. I., A TWO-STORY and attic dwelling house, with five acres of land, carriage-house and stables. For particulars apply to S. S. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st.

TO LET—IN STOCKBRIDGE, MASS., TO A small family, part of a large, furnished house, for a year, six or four months. Inquire of D. W. CHAPMAN, No. 325 Broadway.

FURNISHED HANDSOME BEDROOM and parlor, with the use of the bathing-rooms, to one or two gentlemen; references required. No. 100 Waverley-place, one house of Washington-square.

TO LET—FROM THE FIRST OF JUNE, A FARM cottage, with plain furniture, and garden attached, if desired; at moderate rent. For particulars, address AARON M. REED, Ridgefield, Conn.

SARATOGA BRICK RESIDENCE AND BARN TO LET—June to Sept. 15; elegantly furnished; modern improvements; eight beds. Price $1,000, to a nice family. Address H. VAN DEUSEN, Saratoga, N. Y.

TO LET, FURNISHED—ELEGANT ROOMS in the best part of the City, suitable for housekeeping in the Continental style. URMY & COPLAND, No. 410 4th-av.

TO LET AT ORANGE, N. J.—A COTTAGE containing 10 rooms, good garden, near depot. Inquire of MARVIN, No. 376 Broadway, or Walnut-st., Orange.

TO LET—THREE-STORY BRICK AND STONE house, No. 18 Rush-st., Williamsburgh, six blocks from South 7th-st. ferries; house and extension 20x32; possession at once. Apply at the house.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT FOR the season, at Cornwall, N. Y. Apply to JAMES M. BARRETT, No. 92 Warren-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY STORE, NO. 48 Broadway. Apply at No. 122 Broadway, of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—APPLY at 28 Pike-st., or 3 Tryon-row, room 4, from 12 to 4.

TO LET—THE SECOND STORY OR ROOM AT No. 25 Waverley-place, newly furnished.

TO LET.

TO LET, AT PEEKSKILL,

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE,

Fully furnished; with shade, carriage-house, &c. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET.

By JAMES M. TAYLOR,

No. 27 Pine-st.,

Store and basement No. 27 Beaver-st., rear of Wall-st.; Stores Nos. 191 and 193 Duane-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES

in 23d-st., 34th-st. and 9th-st., for six and twelve months, at from $200 to $250 per month.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—NEW-Rochelle, $2,500; Flushing, $2,700; Mount Vernon, $750; Hudson City, $1,500; Factoryville, S. I., $1,000. Apply to ALBERT HAMILTON, No. 127 Broadway.

STORES IN BUFFALO TO LET.

TO LET—the newly erected magnificent stores in the American Block, Main-st., Buffalo, N. Y. These stores are finished in the most elegant, modern style, size 24 feet by 125, with sky-lights; a well-lighted basement of the same size, and a floor on the second-story of 34x63, and being situated in the best business part of the city, they will be well adapted for any wholesale or large retail business. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT FURNISHED—FROM THE 20TH of May to 15th October, the house No. 23 West 22d-st. References required. Apply at the above number [illegible]

ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS FOR single gentlemen, without board, may be had at No. 164 5th-av.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, IN SUITES AND SINGLE; PRIVATE FAMILY, No. 27 WEST SIXTEENTH-STREET.

TO LET—COUNTRY PLACES FOR THE SUMMER or year; rents from $250 to $3,000. Apply to RAYMOND & CO., No. 195 Broadway, Room No. 18.

TO LET—STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, BY THE [illegible] G. HAEGEN, No. 38 [illegible]

BROADWAY STORE TO LET, AT NO. 869 Broadway. Apply in the store.

CHURCH EDIFICE TO LET—IN A GOOD location up town, for afternoon and evening services. Inquire of SINCLAIR & TOUSEY, No. 119 Nassau-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO HIRE IN THE COUNTRY from 1st June to 1st October, an old-fashioned double house, (with stable) fully but plainly furnished in a village not over one hour's ride from the City and near the depot. The house must be well shaded, and in a healthy section of country; Westchester or Connecticut preferred. [illegible] must be reasonable, and full particulars. Box No. 161 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT—A GOOD COMFORTable house, with from one to two acres of good land on high ground, from 20 to 50 miles from New-York. Any one having such a place can address (describing house, grounds and neighborhood) J. B., Box No. 143 Times Office.

HOUSE WANTED.—ANY ONE HAVING AN unfurnished house in a good location in this City, that they are willing to let at a reasonable price to a good and responsible tenant, will please address, with full particulars, Box No. 3,959 Post-office.

WANTED—AN UNFURNISHED HOUSE FOR gentleman and lady only, [illegible] Address Box No. 3,261 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT—A FACTORY WITHIN 100 miles of New-York, [illegible] two stories, with at least 15-horse water power and [illegible] dwelling-houses. [illegible] Address, stating full particulars, Box No. [illegible] Wolcottville, Conn.

WANTED—A ROOM, UNFURNISHED, IN A pleasant location; [illegible] per month. Address A. T., Station D, for three days.

SUMMER RESORTS.

LAUREL HOUSE, AT CAUTERSKILL FALLS, on the Catskill Mountain, 1½ miles west of Mountain House, is now open. Desirable rooms may be engaged by letter to J. L. SHUTT, Catskill. Conveyance will be made to house by the proprietor's new post-coach, [illegible] at Catskill steamboat landing and railroad station. Carriages may [illegible] to Catskill Clove, to Plautakill and Stony Cloves, which abound in the best of trout brooks.

SUMMER.

STETSON HOUSE, LONG BRANCH.

This new and elegant Hotel will be opened for the season on or about the 15th of June next. This hotel is particularly [illegible] Rooms may be engaged [illegible] at the Astor House, New-York, [illegible] STETSON. On the [illegible] of April the stockholders [illegible] the Astor House [illegible] J. D. CORLIES, Treasurer, No. 153 Broadway.

THE WINDEMERE HOUSE, GREENwood Lake, Orange County, N. Y., having been purchased, [illegible] will be opened for families and single persons; beautiful and healthy resort, [illegible] Send for circular to M. P. BROWNING & CO., Warwick.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE NEW-ENGLAND HOUSE, Bernardston, Mass., offers accommodations to boarders for the Summer months. It is a pleasant and healthy location, situated on the railroad [illegible] Apply to WM. B. BASCOM, Bernardston, Mass.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, MASSENA SPRINGS.—This establishment is beautifully located on the banks of the Racquette River, in a section of unsurpassed salubrity. [illegible] CROCKER & CO., Massena Springs, St. Lawrence County, New-York.

SANS SOUCI HOUSE, BALLSTON SPA, SARATOGA CO., N. Y.—This house will be opened [illegible] Seven miles from Saratoga Springs. Eight trains run each way daily. Apply early.

CLIFFWOOD HOUSE—ON THE SEASHORE, Opposite Keyport, N. J., 1½ hours from New-York by [illegible] Address or apply at No. 176 Bleecker-st. E. KENT.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, LONG Branch, N. J., will open June 1, 1866, being very [illegible] the most prominent hotel at Long Branch. Address COOPER & LAIRD.

MANSION HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, N. J., will open May 25, 1866.

S. LAND, Proprietor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid in a private family; no objections to go in the country; best of city reference given. Call or address, No. 171 West 4th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as [illegible] Call [illegible] No. 319 East 25th-st., between Avenues B and C, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to do chamberwork [illegible] washing and ironing; [illegible] Call at No. 431 8th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN woman [illegible] Summer. Can give City reference. [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID or to take care of children, by a respectable young girl [illegible] No. 143 East 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO GENERAL housework in an American family; is an excellent washer and a good cook; City reference required. [illegible]

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF German girls, for all capacities, at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near the Bowery.

A LADY OF EDUCATION AND REFINEMENT, but in altered circumstances, desires a position [illegible] Address Mrs. CLARA STUART, Baltimore Post-office, Baltimore.

TO SUMMER HOUSES, HOTELS AND BOARDING-HOUSES.—A first-class cook, [illegible] Apply to Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 205 6th-av. [illegible]

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 205 6TH-AV., corner of 14th-st., [illegible] chambermaids, [illegible]

A YOUNG LADY IS DESIROUS OF A situation as companion to a lady; [illegible] Address MARY STENSON, Station B.

ALL WISHING CONFIDENTIAL HELP, [illegible] will apply at the Select Servants' Institute, No. 99 Bleecker-st., west of Broadway.

MALES.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUATION as coachman or gardener; understands his business; [illegible] Mr. Mackenzie's, Tompkins-av., Tompkinsville, Staten Island.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A young German [illegible] Address JOSEPH, at Young & Elliott's seed store, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman; [illegible] for J. REILLY.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG [illegible] No. 130 Pearl-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION; [illegible] Address COACHMAN, Box No. 208 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT [illegible] Call, or address No. 218 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION [illegible] Address C. F. B., Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY COLORED man [illegible] No. 41 West 28th-st., or No. 213 West 38th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY [illegible] JAMES ROBINSON, 164 West 24th-st.

GENTLEMEN IN WANT OF FIRST-CLASS [illegible] by LYNN & HESSE, [illegible]

UNION EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—FOR [illegible] of male and female help. Call at No. 7 Amity-st., [illegible] SHEEHAN & CO.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

SPECIAL PRIVATE BOARDING.—ANY lady desiring to find an elegant home with excellent medical attendance, kind care and strict retirement during confinement, can find every requisite with a widow lady living genteely, without children or boarders. For particulars address Box No. 381 Brooklyn Post-office.

A SUIT OF ROOMS, FURNISHED AS parlor and bedroom, on second floor, or arranged to suit applicants, with first-class board, with private family up town, can be obtained by addressing G. H. B., Box No. 4,369 Post-office.

BOARDING.—A VERY PLEASANT ROOM AND bedroom adjoining, suitable for single gentlemen, at No. 34 West 29th-st. Dinner at 6. House convenient to cars.

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY CAN BE ACcommodated with board in a first-class house, in a private family, at Fort Washington. Inquire of J. A. VANBUSKIRK, No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st.

ROOMS TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT board, to a family of adults or single gentlemen, in a small private family; no children; location very desirable. Address L., Box No. 3,553 Post-office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, AND SINgle gentlemen, can obtain handsomely furnished rooms, with board, at No. 243 West 42d-st. Delightful Summer location; house first-class; references.

A SUITE OF ROOMS ON SECOND OR third floors, or single rooms with board, or with private table, at No. 35 East 22d-st., one block from Fifth-avenue Hotel. References exchanged.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS ON the second floor, also one or two single rooms, may be had with or without board, at No. 161 West 14th-st.; reference required.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen and their wives, or for gentlemen only, with private table if desirable. References. Apply at No. 6 4th-av., near Cooper Institute.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms to let, with board, to agreeable parties at No. 234 West 36th-st.

120 EAST 17TH-ST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, in suit or single, to gentlemen only, without board. House first-class, convenient to cars.

UP-TOWN BOARD.—TO LET, AN ENTIRE second floor, with board. House first-class. Inquire at No. 153 East 51st-st.

13 EAST 28TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Elegant suites and single rooms on second and third floors, with very superior board. References exchanged.

VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED rooms, without board, to be had at No. 34 West 19th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

ROOMS, WITH BOARD—AT NO. 141 MONtague-st., Brooklyn, on the heights; superior location.

COUNTRY BOARD.

OAK PARK,

Three miles from Tarrytown. This magnificent private mansion, standing in its own park of 40 acres, and situated on very high ground, is now open for the reception of a limited number of guests; all modern improvements; horses and carriages on the estate; mountain air. For further particulars inquire of CHARLES DE REVERE, News Agent, Tarrytown, or of the proprietor, B. BARNARD, No. 51 Lispenard-st., between 3 and 5 o'clock.

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY BOARD MAY be obtained at Canaan, Conn., for 8 or 10 persons, in a commodious house; location pleasant, healthy, and near the Housatonic River; also, the Twin Lakes. Good fishing, bathing, &c.; four hours from New-York by railroad. For further information, address or inquire of W. VAN DEUSEN, No. 508 Broadway, between 3 and 5 o'clock.

COUNTRY BOARD—THE SUBSCRIBER HAS opened a commodious hotel for the accommodation of City boarders, at East Worcester, Otsego Co., N. Y., on line of Susquehanna Railroad, two hours' ride west from Albany; charges reasonable. Address GEORGE RICH, proprietor, or call for reference at No. 34 1st-st., or No. 281 3d-av.

BOARD WANTED—FOR THE SUMMER months, on the Hudson River, 60 to 80 miles from New-York, by a gentleman and his family, consisting of wife, three children and two nurses. For good accommodations a liberal price will be paid. Address B. G., Box No. 3,162 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN NEW-Jersey, in a genteel farm-house, for a gentleman, wife, three children and nurse, within 30 miles of New-York, on the line of some railroad; the best of references given. Address C. L. P., Box No. 5,130 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—WANTED—BOARD FOR a family of five for six months, in a respectable farm-house, where there are no other boarders. A mountainous district desirable, within 12 hours of New-York. Please address, stating particulars, Box No. 2,048 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD—BY THE WEEK OR DAY, at a private house on the Catskill Mountains, four miles west of the Mountain House; also, at a hotel. EDGAR H. LAYMAN, private house. H. A. LAYMAN, Hotel, Tannersville, Greene County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FINE AIRY ROOMS IN a large new house, situated on the South Bay, within a few minutes' walk of the ocean, at Oneck, (near Quogue,) Westhampton, L. I. Apply as above to E. C. HALSEY.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished rooms, with first-class board, for families and single gentlemen, 13 miles from City Hall; stabling for horses. Apply to or address WATSON, Room No. 25, No. 51 Wall-st.

CHOLERA.—A FAMILY OCCUPYING A MOST delightful residence in Sing Sing, overlooking the Hudson, and within convenient distance of steamboat and cars, desires a few borders, who are willing to pay good prices for first-class accommodations. Address Box No. 5,758 Post Office, New-York.

TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH OTHER liberal accommodations and good board, may be had in a healthy country village by a party without children, having regard for the Sabbath; no other boarders; reference given and required. Address F. C. G., Box No. 128 *Times* Office.

FOUR OR FIVE GENTLEMEN CAN BE accommodated with good board, pleasant rooms and the comforts of a home, in the pleasant city of Rahway, N. J., near the depot, one hour's ride from the City. Address M. D. F., Box No. 4,149 Post-office, New-York; or call on the subscriber, No. 55 Cherry-st., Rahway.

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY BOARD WITH large rooms, newly furnished, at White Lake, Sullivan County, N. Y.; fine fishing, boating, bathing and driving; stabling on the premises; the healthiest locality and finest scenery in the State. Address LAKE HOUSE, care of John Hanna, Esq., No. 75 William-st., N. Y.

BOARD WANTED—COUNTRY AND CITY, for gentlemen and families. N. B.—All wishing accommodations can see description of places to suit them by calling at or addressing the BOARD EXCHANGE, No. 450 Broadway.

$7 PER WEEK.—TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN [illegible] one hour distant from city [illegible] *Times* Office.

A FEW GENTEEL PARTIES CAN HAVE [illegible]

BOARD FOR BOTH FAMILIES AND [illegible] W. CENTER.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE, CLAVERACK, N. Y. [illegible]

PROF. S. T. FROST.

FROM MAY 1ST—GOOD BOARD CAN BE [illegible] Stamford, Conn.

BOARD—IN THE MANSION HOUSE KNOWN [illegible]

BOARD FOR FOUR OR FIVE YOUNG [illegible]

FURNISHED COTTAGE, WITH BOARD, [illegible]

ON A FARM IN VERMONT, A CITY [illegible] *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS, male and female, are making as high as $20 per day with THE GREAT LABOR SAVER. Send stamp for circular. P. WAYWELL, Box No. 4,733 Chicago.

AN ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT, WILLING boy, [illegible]

WANTED—A STRONG BOY ABOUT 18 YEARS [illegible] STATIONER, Box No. 107 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS, BY THE DAY OR week, [illegible] Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine [illegible]

WANTED—A GOOD COOK AND TO TAKE [illegible]

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC WOMEN TO [illegible] STAFFORD & CO., [illegible]

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS OPERATOR [illegible]

WANTED—BY A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, a Protestant girl as chambermaid [illegible]

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN, [illegible] C. G. M., Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN WHO UNDERstands [illegible]

WANTED—A GOOD COOK WHO UNDERstands [illegible] No. 173 West 14th-st.

WANTED—AGENTS TO INTRODUCE [illegible]

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK; ONE WITH [illegible]

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE[illegible] understands hair-dressing [illegible]

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, ALL HALLOW EVE; OR, SNAP-APPLE NIGHT, YANKEE COURTSHIP, and BARNEY THE BARON. Characters by Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams and the company.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock, INGOMAR, THE BARBARIAN. THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, INGOMAR, THE BARBARIAN. Characters by J. C. Cowper, George Becks, J. Burnett, E. B. Holmes, D. E. Ralton, J. W. Blaisdell, Danvers, Barry, Miss Bateman, and Miss Mary Wells.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY, and BOOTS AT THE SWAN. Characters by Messrs. Lester Wallack, John Gilbert, Charles Fisher, Miss Mary Gannon, Mrs. Vernon and Miss Fanny Morant.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾, 3 GUARDSMEN. Cast including every member of the company.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾, DOGS AND MONKEYS, KNIGHTS OF THE MIST, and THE SOAP-FAT MAN.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, DOMINIQUE, LES DEUX LEO DEUX FUGITIFS and OLIVER TWIST.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
AUSTRALIAN BIRD SHOW, THIS AFTERNOON at 2. EVENING at 7¾ o'clock: CLAUDE MARCEL; Or, THE IDIOT OF TARBES. INFANT DRUMMER, DWARFS, GIANTESS, 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock—The Ethiopian Fun Makers in their eccentricities; TAMING THE ELEPHANT, LES MISERABLES—OLD TIME'S ROCKS, and SHYLOCK; Or, THE JEW OF CHATHAM-STREET.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS AFTERNOON, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, MOCKING BIRD SONG, THE GREAT BOND ROBBERY, SONGS, DANCES, &c.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2¼ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ROBINSON, THE CHAMPION HORSEMAN, with his juvenile protege, CLARENCE; Mlle. De Berg, the dashing Parisian Equestrienne.

STUDIO BUILDINGS,
No. 15 West 10th-st.
THIS DAY AND EVENING—MARBLE STATUES.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
SUNDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRAND ORGAN CONCERT.

IRVING HALL,
Irving-place, corner 15th-street.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Miss KATE McDONALD'S FIRST GRAND CONCERT.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum	$10
The Daily Times (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The Semi-Weekly Times, one year	$3
The Weekly Times, one year	$2

These prices are invariable. Club rates are discontinued. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible.

Address
H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday the bill to provide for the payment of Quartermaster's stores and subsistence supplies furnished the army by loyal citizens was read three times, and laid over till Tuesday next. Several petitions were offered and referred, and private claims considered.

In the House, on motion of Mr. Stevens, a joint resolution was unanimously passed congratulating the Emperor and people of Russia on his recent Providential escape from the danger of assassination. The report of the Conference Committee on the *Habeas Corpus* Bill was agreed to, and the bill now waits the signature of the President. The bill authorizing the construction of the lateral branch of the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad into the District of Columbia was passed; also the bill to incorporate the National Association to Educate Colored Men for the Christian Ministry. The House then took up the bill to revive the grade of General in the United States Army, and was addressed by Mr. Deming, Mr. Raymond and other members in favor of the bill, which was passed by an almost unanimous vote—yeas, 116; nays, 11.

GENERAL NEWS.

At Petersburgh, Va., on Monday night last two churches belonging to the colored people were set on fire and consumed, and during the conflagration another was discovered on fire, but in time to save the building. The event has caused much excitement in the community. The *Index* says: From every quarter and from all classes, we have heard an unbroken comment of regret and indignation that there could have been found within the limits of Petersburgh one heart so profligate and abandoned as to inflict this outrage on our colored people, and there is a disposition equally wide-spread to take every possible means to hunt down the author or authors of the crime. If the guilty parties imagine that they would find the faintest shadow of approval of their villainy in the sympathy of this community, they have been wofully deceived. In no part of Virginia, or of the South, does a better feeling exist between the whites and blacks.

Hon. John Hogan, one of the Missouri Congressmen, asserted in a speech at St. Louis, on Tuesday night, that he had been informed by one of the Judges of the United States Supreme Court, that the Missouri preachers' and lawyers' test oath law was unconstitutional. The decision will not be officially made public until next Winter.

The St. Louis *Evening News* says a new Democratic paper is to be started in that city, with Mahony, of the Dubuque *Herald*, who was for some time a State prisoner in Fort Warren, and P. L. Hudgins, who was expelled from the old Missouri State Convention for disloyalty, as editors and managers.

The Merchants' National Bank of Washington failed yesterday. The amount of its notes in circulation is $180,000, which, are secured by United States bonds. The bank was also a Government depositary. The number of private depositors was large, and many of the sums entrusted were very large.

A skiff containing two boys and three girls recently drifted out into Lake Ontario from Oakville, Canada West, and was picked up by a schooner from Hamilton. Two of the girls had been washed overboard, and the third had died from exposure.

The Governor has appointed Col. Chas. W. Darling, late Assistant Paymaster-General, to the position of Commissary-General of Subsistence on his staff, and assigned him to duty at New-York City, in the Inspector-General's Department.

A movement is fully inaugurated in East Tennessee to organize a separate State government. A convention for this purpose met at Knoxville on the 3d inst., and vigorous measures were adopted to secure the object.

The house, two barns and other outbuildings of George L. Harmon, in West Suffield, Conn., were burned on Sunday, while the family were at church, and $25,000 in money and bonds were consumed. His whole loss was $30,000—insurance only $3,000.

Pest, who poisoned his wife near Auburn, N. Y., about three months since, and who was under arrest for the crime, committed suicide yesterday by cutting his throat with a razor.

George C. Bower, Jr., a well-known and highly esteemed war correspondent, attached to several journals in Philadelphia during the rebellion, died in that city yesterday morning of heart disease.

Frank Gurley, the murderer of Gen. McCook, was released on parole, at Huntsville, Ala., last Saturday. Gurley is Sheriff of his County, and will soon enter upon the duties of his office.

Levi Mayhew, the murderer of Theodore Durham, was executed at Batavia, N. Y., yesterday. He confessed his guilt, and addressed some words of warning to the spectators.

William Hutchings, the last but three of the surviving Revolutionary soldiers, died on the 3d inst. at Penobscot, Me., at the age of 102 years.

Surveyors are busy locating the route of the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad. The Directors have issued an address to the people along the proposed line of the road, in which they estimate the whole cost of the construction and equipment of this road, from Oswego to New-York, at about the sum of $8,000,000.

A trial of skill by the telegraphers of New-England and New-York will take place on Monday, 7th inst., the prize being a silver telegraph key.

The Atlantic House, Isles of Shoal, was burned on Thursday night, together with nine other houses.

A towboat exploded on the Mississippi River on Thursday, killing nine persons, including the Captain, his wife and the engineer.

The Franchise Bill just passed by the Tennessee Legislature will disfranchise, it is said, nine-tenths of the voters of the State.

LOCAL NEWS.

All the members of the Metropolitan Board of Health attended the meeting yesterday. A communication was received from the Common Council of Brooklyn, informing the Board that they will apply a remedy if the Board will declare certain sunken lots dangerous to the public health. Citizens of Flatbush and Gravesend sent in a complaint against the depositing of dead animals, offal, and the like, on Barren Island. The Kings County Medical Society tendered aid in the event of an outbreak of disease. Dr. Parker reported that the Commissioners of Charities and Correction cannot supply accommodation for more than 400 of the cellar population of the City. The sixty-third section of the code was amended so as to regulate the sale of fish in Brooklyn. The Board of Police was directed to close as a dwelling, and thoroughly cleanse at once, the house in Ninety-third-street, near Third-avenue, where Mrs. Jenkins died.

In the Tombs Police Court, yesterday, Gustave Meyer, a German, was committed for trial on a charge of having robbed Gregory Fernandez of a gold watch and over $3,000 in gold coin and bills of exchange, having first stupefied his victim with chloroform. In the Jefferson Market Court the following commitments were made: Wm. J. Bailey, on a charge of having stolen a diamond ring valued at $750 from Tiffany & Co.; Gardner H. Fuller, on a charge of assaulting an officer while under arrest; Charles Green, of No. 209 Mercer-street, and John Stilling, of No. 53 University-place, on a charge of breaking the new Excise Law; Patrick McDonnell, on a charge of swindling storekeepers by selling fictitious licenses from the Excise Commissioners.

Yesterday morning, fifty-two liquor dealers who do business in the First, Second, Third and Twenty-seventh Police Precincts, to whom Capts. Warlow, De Camp, Greer and Helme had declined to give application blanks, appeared before Commissioners Acton and Manierre, the Board of Excise Committee on Applications for License, and after an extended hearing, ten of the number were informed that probably the Board would give them license. The keepers of the lower class of dram-shops did not apply to the Committee, it having been understood in advance that the Committee would not entertain their petitions. The dealers to be heard this morning are those of the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Police Precincts.

The injunction suit pending in the Supreme Court, already reported in the Times, in the case of George Sumner *vs.* The New-York Mail Steamship Company and others, was argued yesterday before Justice Clerke, by Mr. Fullerton on behalf of the plaintiff, and Mr. Wm. M. Evarts for the defendants. The Court decided to continue the injunction as to the steamship *Rising Star*, the party enjoined not to sell or encumber the vessel named, under a penalty of $100,000, a bond in this amount to be executed and approved by the Court.

At a meeting of the Metropolitan Board of Excise, yesterday, 696 licenses were granted, making precisely 1,100 liquor dealers who have been licensed to sell in this City thus far. None of the applications from Brooklyn and neighboring towns have been considered by the Committee. The Board has resolved to grant no more than one license to any one person on a single application, there being a doubt whether it is strictly legal to grant two or more licenses to one person or firm at any one meeting.

The argument on the motion made in the Supreme Court, Chambers, before Justice Clerke, in the suit of George Law *vs.* The Mayor of the City, &c., reported in the Times of Friday, has been concluded. The motion was to open a judgment rendered in favor of Mr. Law against the City for between $36,000 and $37,000 for services on account of the Battery enlargement. The decision of the Court was reserved.

The examination in the case of John Lambert, charged with stealing $20,000 on the high seas, was resumed before United States Commissioner Osborn yesterday. The testimony was concluded, and Messrs. Spencer, Blankman and Donohue argued the case for the defence. Assistant District-Attorney Bell will sum up for the Government to-day.

The New-York City Tax Levy Bill has not been signed by the Governor, on account of an error it is said to contain. The Governor is legally advised that he cannot approve a bill if in any respect altered from the form originally received from the Legislature.

The case of Carl Noelte came up again before United States Commissioner Newton yesterday, when the return made was that the Sheriff refused to surrender the prisoner. The case was adjourned to the 14th inst.

An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Gover over the body of Anthony Reish, whose death was the result of burns received by the upsetting of a burning pot of turpentine on the 29th ult. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Some experiments were shown yesterday in the upper part of the city by Prof. Norbel, demonstrating that nitro-glycerine may be handled with safety under certain circumstances.

A band of ten Chippewa Indians are now in the City, accompanied by their interpreters. They will visit the Central Park to-day.

Gold closed yesterday at 127⅛. Sterling Exchange was less active, bankers' 60 day bills leaving off at 109¾. Stocks were in more demand and firmer, but less buoyant in the afternoon. Government Securities were advancing, on heavy investment purchases, stimulated by the favorable reception of the funding project now before Congress. Produce and merchandise were in better demand. Flour, Wheat, Oats, Cotton, Pork and Lard were dearer. Freights were more active.

Canada—The Fishery Question.

The writer of the letter from Canada which we print in another column is well informed upon the matters referred to, and his statements are therefore entitled—apart from their intrinsic interest—to very careful attention. His information as to the effects of the repeal of reciprocity, and the feeling thereby engendered among our neighbors, will perhaps surprise those of our wise men who anticipated a cry for annexation as the immediate result of their Japanese policy. The truth is, that for certain qualities of lumber, and also for barley and long wool, we must continue to a very large extent dependent upon Canada; and the extra cost of these articles in our markets, produced by customs' duties, will fall upon our own people as consumers, not upon the Provincial farmer or lumberman.

The most important of our correspondent's statements, however, relates to the fisheries, and the course which the Canadian authorities are represented as willing to pursue to avert difficulty. A licensing system is suggested by which, at what we presume will be merely nominal rates, American fishermen may acquire a right to ply their vocation in Provincial waters. Such a system would not differ essentially from the plan recently proposed by a City cotemporary, namely: the imposition by the Province of a light tonnage tax, to be paid by American fishermen resorting to the in-shore fishing grounds. Both plans are practical, and, in the present state of the question, equitable, and would equally meet all pressing requirements, by enabling our fishermen to visit the most valuable fisheries on the northern coast as quietly as during the existence of the Reciprocity Treaty. Neither a license nor a tonnage tax could be complained of as oppressive; and time would be obtained for a satisfactory settlement of the whole question. We share our correspondent's hope that a sense of common inconvenience will lead to a just and mutually advantageous arrangement at no remote period.

The Excise Law—Its Rigorous Enforcement Inexpedient.

Whether the Excise Law shall prove largely or only partially beneficial depends to a great extent upon the course pursued by the Board created for its administration. If they exercise a wide discrimination in the interpretation of its provisions, restrain the vigilance of their subordinates within reasonable limits, and reject the absurdly rigid notions which are being applied in some parts of Massachusetts, the law will accomplish all that the friends of order have desired. If, on the contrary, they lay down narrow and pharisaical rules, and attempt the enforcement of crotchets which may be tolerated in the ancient City of Salem, but are utterly unsuited to the circumstances of modern New-York, they will deprive the law of the moral support which is essential to the efficiency of every enactment, and will provoke an irresistible demand for its abrogation. It is for the members of the Board to decide which of these results shall be produced. Upon them rests the responsibility of determining whether the law shall be a success or a discreditable failure.

The extraordinary power conferred upon the Police may be taken as illustrative of the necessity that exists for extreme caution. For instance, the 19th section of the law empowers "every sheriff, constable, policeman and officer of police" to prevent the infraction of any of its provisions "by summarily closing and keeping closed" the offending places. Now such power may possibly be necessary to provide for contingencies, but its literal exercise, as a rule, or indeed in any but remarkable cases, would be monstrous. The power to "forthwith arrest" and detain in custody for the night a dealer who, in the opinion of the Police, may have transgressed the law in trifling particulars, equally calls for limitation. Either of these powers is dangerous to the integrity of the officer as well as to the liberty of the citizen; and, ordinarily, neither can be necessary to insure the punishment of offending parties.

So again in regard to certain of the offences enumerated in the law, such as the sale of liquor to apprentices, to a man contrary to the request of his wife or child, and so forth. It is not clear that some of these provisions are not too inquisitorial, and may, perchance, stimulate knavish collusion. Certain it is, however, that in the administration of a law of which these are features, the spirit of the measure will be a safer guide than the dicta of policemen, or the cant of over-zealous abstainers.

A wide distinction should be drawn, moreover, between places where only liquor is sold, and places where other refreshment is also provided. The former may be advantageously closed at midnight; the latter cannot be so closed without occasioning serious inconvenience to those who can ill afford to endure it. In New-York, as in every large city, there are a multitude of men who work while the members of the Board of Excise are enjoying wholesome sleep. To these toilers, refreshment in the course of the night is a necessity, with which the law ought not to interfere. The men requiring accommodation of the kind spoken of are not drunkards; they simply need at late hours what others more fortunately situated obtain several hours earlier. Why are they to suffer? Not, surely, on their own account, for they are workers; nor on account of the misconduct of the establishments where their wants have been supplied, for these have been among the most orderly in the City. We submit to the Board, then, that the limitation as to hours prescribed by the law should be enforced solely against mere liquor-dealers; and that restaurants, where food is supplied in conjunction with liquor, should remain open all night, if the business of the locality renders that proceeding expedient. There are ample means for guarding against the abuse of this relaxation of a provision which never could have been intended to operate harshly, where *bona fide* wants are concerned.

The same plea applies to the regulations to be laid down for Sundays. The Board are bound so to adjust this part of their arrangements that existing facilities for the supply of meals on Sunday shall be continued unimpaired. They eat like other people, we dare say, on the first as well as on the second day of the week, and the law protects hotel guests from inconvenience in respect of eating or drinking. But the crowd who cannot boast of mansions on Madison-avenue, and who have not the felicity of being the guests of Mr. Cranston or the Messrs. Leland or Stetson, are left to the tender mercies of the Board of Excise and the Police. What is being done in their behalf? What heed is paid to their requirements in the dispensing of licenses or the rules to be enforced in reference to business on Sunday? At least, the very large class whose eating is confined to restaurants, are as much entitled to consideration as the visitors at hotels; and a respectable restaurant-keeper is justified in doing as much for his customers as though he were the acknowledged landlord of a first-class hotel. There must be no unfairness in the matter, no one-sided thoughtfulness on the part of the Board, or one-sided vigilance on the part of the Police. Above all, a law designed to suppress vice, check disorder, and put down an unlawful traffic, must not be converted into an agency for interfering with the necessary comfort of a large city, or propagating a fanaticism to which the common sense of the community is unmistakably opposed.

Good Advice to Black Men and Whites.—The unfortunate fact that the great mass of the Southern negroes are unable to read is not without a certain countervailing advantage, especially when their present circumstances are taken into account. They are left in blissful ignorance of much of the bad advice that is attempted to be given them, and know nothing of many of the intolerable wrongs under which they still labor. Were they to read some of our newspapers the whole race would be driven to frenzy and revolt to-morrow. We are glad to see, however, that the special organs of the negroes that have been started in the South are much more reasonable than the anxious friends of the race in the North. The South Carolina *Leader*, which is the organ of the colored people in that State, and which has for its motto the profoundly philosophical words of St Paul, "First the blade, then the ear; after that the full corn in the ear," addresses the negroes in language which we cannot forbear quoting and commending to the consideration of all who are really and intelligently their well-wishers:

> "Colored people of the South, listen to our advice—listen to the dictates of common sense. Beware of false teachers, who come to you in the clothing of sheep, but inwardly are ravenous wolves. These men have no desire to see you on amicable terms with your white neighbors. They come to widen the breach already existing, and to make capital out of the dissensions in our midst. The moment a good understanding exists between you and the whites, that moment their 'occupation is gone;' but if these speculators in ruin attain their aims, we tremble for your race! Cultivate peace with all men, and especially with those with whom your lot is cast."

The Cellar Population—How to be Removed.

The Board of Health have under consideration a very important measure, the removing bodily *the cellar population* of New-York from their habitations. They are enabled to do this, probably, by their general powers with reference to removing nuisances, and from the particular powers conferred on them in the near approach of a pestilence. The cellar population of our City form, without doubt, one of our worst nuisances. They breed disease and nurture vice. Some of the habitations underground are such as can be seen in no other civilized city—damp, close, without windows or ventilation, and packed with human beings who live or lodge there. There can be no doubt that some of these places are simply intolerable. The first appearance of cholera will probably be in these dens, and few who congregate in them will escape its attacks. If cholera be an epidemic here the next Summer, the dead will be carried out of these cellars by hundreds.

There is no doubt that the Board should at once begin with the process of breaking them up. In Liverpool, where the cellar-houses had become hotbeds of typhoid, until the people could bear them no longer, there were removed from them in one year 20,000 persons. There are probably in New-York some 15,000 of such under-ground residents. The number a few years ago was larger, but the building up of the business quarters for stores and warehouses have turned many of the cellar-tenants out, and the new tenement-houses have constructed their basements more above-ground.

Suppose the Board attempt to turn out, say two-thirds of these wretched people, there are still 10,000 poor persons thrown out of house and home—a formidable number to cast upon the streets. And yet a certain proportion, perhaps all of these, must be removed, or the City will be scourged with pestilence, and the occupants themselves will perish miserably in their holes. But what are all these underground, burrowing men, women and children to do? Where are they to go to if turned out? One plan spoken of, is to erect temporary barracks on the squares and unoccupied lands in and around the City, and to place them there temporarily. The Commissioners of Charity are said to be ready to shelter them, if the Board of Health would feed them. But just there is "the rub." Of course, half of the tenement-house population of the City would be most happy to spend the Summer in nice wooden cottages in and around the City if their food and rent were to be paid. But the Board do not desire and have not the funds for any such gigantic charity. They fear, most of all, making the poor paupers. A new pauperism created would be almost as bad as the old nuisance.

Thus, if the evicted poor are not supported, the difficulty arises that many of them will be far from their places of business—that is, from the persons who employ them as laundresses, or chore-women, or day laborers, or 'longshoremen, or from their "stands" where they peddle, or the restaurants where they beg, or the groceries that know them and supply them a part of the year on credit, or from all those mysterious and semi-miraculous sources which enable people who seem to have no occupation to keep soul and body together. These persons suddenly transported to a distant part of the City are at once left on public support.

The question for the Board and equally for the public is to get rid of the cellar-nuisance and yet avoid occasioning too great a hardship or creating pauperism. As usual, the solution probably lies in a middle course, and will gradually work itself out.

Let the Board, for instance, instruct the Police that after a certain date all dwellings beneath the ground which have no window, or but one window, or those wherein more than one family reside, or those in which there is stagnant water and excessive dampness, or where the cesspool leaks under the walls, shall be *at once vacated*, whatever becomes of the inhabitants.

This would at once break up those hideous lodging-houses in the First, Fourth and Sixth Wards, and empty the fearful under-ground tenements in Baxter, Mulberry, Water and Cherry streets. The tenants would undoubtedly remain till the last moment, and then be turned into the streets, and thence would go to the station and alms houses. They ought to be there, and the sooner they are forced out the better. This would clear up the poorest dwellings immediately. Next, let the Police give warning in every precinct, that in four weeks every cellar would have to be vacated as a dwelling. The tenants would begin to drift out; some would get into the attics, some would go up town to shanties, some to Willamsburgh and Brooklyn, and Hoboken, and all the suburbs, and others to the country. Even the present tenement-houses are not all full. There would be some suffering, it is true—a certain amount of hardship; but that is better than dying of cholera or typhoid, beside poisoning the neighborhood. Some few, perhaps, could be lodged in barracks or tents for time.

By degrees, thus all the cellars could be cleared of tenants, and then after that never allowed to be reoccupied, and, in future, no similar places permitted to be built as residences.

We are confident that in this matter the experience and judgment of individual and responsible police, or sanitary officers, could be depended on, and that the evil could be remedied, and yet no great hardships be caused.

The Industries of New-York.—"A fair day's wages for a fair day's work," is something that everybody should struggle for until everybody achieves it. But the continual breaking up of one and another branch of industry by strikes, and the exorbitant demands that are sometimes made by workers, operate very disadvantageously to the interests of this City. In at least one line of activity, several large contracts have lately gone abroad that ought to have been executed in this country, and we know of much more work in various branches of labor that has been sent to Boston and Philadelphia because of the higher cost of its execution in New-York. This is not, of course, altogether the fault of our mechanics. It is also due to our extravagant rents and the extreme price of the necessities of life. But, nevertheless, from all these causes, the industry of the City suffers greatly. Boston and Philadelphia are the gainers.

The Citizens' Association.

The Times is well aware that we *believe* in the Citizens' Association as a body of upright, intelligent, public-spirited tax-payers, singly intent on saving our citizens from legislative and municipal thieves.—*Tribune.*

We cheerfully concede all that is desired for the "Citizens' Association," and as cheerfully add that we should rejoice to see its means and votes much more efficiently and successfully applied. But like all other "associations" for "reform," it is liable to be imposed upon. Adventurers take advantage of its inexperience and practice upon its credulity. The *Tribune*, for example, led the "Citizens' Association" into the support of a candidate for Mayor whose nomination served no purpose but to defeat Mr. Roberts, whose election would have been a real, substantial reform. Some years ago there was a "Young Men's Christian Reform Association," professing all sorts of things—piety included—but which was used to foist an aspiring "Christian young man" into office.

Southern Industry.—On the ever-interesting question of the forthcoming cotton crop the appearances now are, from all we can learn, that on this, as on so many other things, those of moderate judgment will come nearest the realized truth. The sanguine estimates of the four-million-bale people will be found altogether too large; and, on the other hand, the sore-headed one-million-bale estimates will be proved to be decidedly too low. The former class fancied that all hands in the South, and all colors and all sexes would rush indiscriminately to the planting of cotton—attracted by the high prices and the assurance of large returns. This has by no means been the case, and the breadth planted has consequently been very much less than some people anticipated. But we nevertheless hear from all, or nearly all, the States of a prospect that the crop will be between a half and three-quarters of what it used to be before the war. In Texas it will doubtless be as large as ever; but this can be said of no other part of the South. However, even these prospects are exceedingly encouraging for the country.

Gone Under.—We rather think that when Head-Centre Stevens arrives here from Ireland he will find Fenianism dead and altogether beyond resurrection. Not only does it exhibit no signs of life, but its renewed vitality would be against the established nature of things, and the fixed laws of humbug. In ten or twenty years Irish discontent may again organize itself, but it may be considered settled that it will not be in the form of Fenianism. Had Stevens come here a couple of months since, he would have had a very high time; but what with the doleful fizzle in Ireland and the ridiculous fizzle here, the mercenary motives of the leaders and the irremediable deficiency of money, the fights of the factions against each other and their harmlessness toward the common enemy, all that the Head-Centre will find himself invited to will be the baked meats of the funeral.

The People and the Health Board.—The moral value of the sanitary operations of the Board of Health is already apparent in this City. The self-possession of the citizens under the reported appearance of the pestilence, and the entire absence of anything like panic, arises in great part from the confidence of the people in the success of the labors of the Board, and from a consciousness that everything possible is being done to protect the City. The courage of the Board imparts itself to the citizens, and the activity of the Board makes every man alive to the necessities of the situation. Had things remained as they were, we should not only have offered the highest physical inducements to the disease, but the perfect helplessness which our citizens have always felt before their municipal tyrants and plunderers, and in the presence of all sorts of monstrous local grievances, would have formed an unsurpassed groundwork for a popular panic.

A Symptom.—Gleams of light force their way into that dark Chamber where Senators, during the rebellion, ruled and reveled; where Mr. Lincoln was traduced; where a Committee was appointed to demand the dismissal of the Secretary of State from the Cabinet. Senator Poland, of Vermont, moved yesterday that the bill encroaching upon the Executive prerogative be recalled from the House. No matter whether the motion prevail or not. It is a step in the right direction. It is something that a Senator has the sense to see the pit they are digging for themselves, and the instinct to endeavor to avoid it.

The Bombardment of Valparaiso.—If it were right for Commodore Rogers to propose intervention to the British Admiral for the protection of neutrals at Valparaiso, it could not have been far wrong to have done so "on his own hook." It would have been a *strain* upon International Law, but one in regard to which his and other Governments would have been charitable in their constructions. If Admiral Farragut had been there with the "dear old *Hartford*," we opine that there would have been "firing on both sides," as Sickels used to say in his show bills. We infer so much from a conversation we heard between Admiral Farragut and the Russian Admiral who wintered here with his fleet in 1863. Admiral F. was complaining of the American officer who did not capture a Confederate steamer in a neutral port. "Why, would you not have done it?" asked the Russian. "Yes, Sir," replied the American. "But," said the Russian, "Your Government would have broken you." "Of course it would," replied Admiral F., "*But wouldn't I have had her?*"

The Russian Admiral laughingly inquired, "Where did you study your international law?" "At Valparaiso, in 1814," replied Admiral Farragut, "where a superior British force, in violation of neutrality laws, captured the United States frigate *Essex*; and the British commander was right, for we had nearly destroyed British commerce in the Pacific Ocean, and if he let us escape we should have finished what was left." "There are emergencies," said the Admiral, "when officers must act under a higher law."

T. W.

Telegraphic Feat.

Quite a telegraphic feat was accomplished this (Friday) night by the American Telegraph Company' in transmitting messages over a circuit of one thousand miles without the usual method of employing "repeaters." This was performed by the application of a new telegraphic invention, called the "Lefferts Open Circuit Instrument," which, by its successful operation on this occasion, proves that a desideratum long wished for by the telegraphic fraternity has been attained.

NEW BOOKS.

THE BOOK OF ROSES. By Francis Parkman. Boston: J. E. Tilton & Co.

CULTURE OF THE GRAPE. By W. C. Strong. Boston: Tilton & Co.

From the days of Solomon to those of Dr. Darwin, the *Garden* has been one of the purest and most salubrious of human enjoyments; and now that the costly life of cities and the physical welfare of children induce so many of our citizens to turn their thoughts toward rural life, whatever tends wisely to embellish or worthily to occupy that life, deserves special attention. We have had enough of amateur farming to know how worse than profitless it is apt to be; but the culture of fruit and flowers is not only more practicable, but full of interest and use, when intelligently pursued. It is, indeed, astonishing how much a little true knowledge and tact will improve the aspect and increase the resources of a rural homestead, however limited; the garden-lot may thus become, in the right hands, a means of great pleasure and utility, and that with comparatively little expense, and no more personal attention than is requisite for healthful exercise in the open air. To this end, a little authentic information as to means and methods is of great value; how best to raise shrubbery and flowers to the maximum of beauty, variety and adaptation, and how to secure a good ripe crop from the little vineyard—are the special problems for the greater number of families who live in the country in a quiet, domestic way, and whose domain consists only of a lawn, a garden and a paddock. We are beginning on the Hudson and East Rivers to emulate the English custom of making the most of a limited "place," and therefore desire to know how to rear choice flowers and rare fruit, by the surest method and in the most judicious way. The enterprising publishing house in Boston, the name of which is given above, has undertaken to provide the requisite manuals for this purpose; and no care and expense have been spared to render them what books of reference on such subjects should be, in an educated and tasteful household. Indeed there is something so attractive about these books that they would beguile the most obstinate denizen of cities into rural seclusions. There is no vague rhetoric or theoretical platitudes in either of these little treatises; they tell us exactly what we want to know; they refer us to the best authorities; they indicate not only the *how*, but the *why*, and, with them for counselors, any man or woman, with average intelligence and care, may succeed in realizing floral beauty and horticultural triumph around his or her floral home. The mechanical execution of the books is elegant and appropriate; paper, type and binding are superior in texture and arrangement, so that these practical guides to the amateur gardener are also ornaments to a centre-table, verandah and library. The writers of the different works, we need hardly add, are all experienced in the matters of which they treat, and know how to communicate the results of their own experiments, and do so with a clearness and zest which proves their work a labor of love.

THE CHOLERA; ITS HISTORY AND TREATMENT. By G. T. Collins, M. D. Cincinnati: J. R. Hawley & Co.

If any one wishes to fall a victim to the cholera, we advise him to add to his library this and the numerous other works of a similar character which are sure to deluge the country during the next six months. Try to read any one of these volumes through on a day in mid-Summer, with the cholera prevailing, and, our word for it, before the book is half finished, and while you have but partially learned the history of the epidemic, you will have passed through all the premonitory symptoms of the disease, and will be a dead man before you can determine which one of the remedies suggested is applicable to your case. If the cholera should get a foothold on our shores make up your mind to shun all cholera literature as you would avoid green fruit. Then, when you find the premonitory symptoms coming on, put yourself in the doctor's hands and let him do the prescribing.

MEMOIRS OF A GOOD FOR NOTHING. From the German of Joseph Von Eichendorff. By Charles Godfrey Leland. New-York: Leypoldt & Holt.

The Baron of Eichendorff was born near Ratibor, in 1788, and having received a rudimentary education at the Roman Catholic Gymnasium at Breslau, studied law at the Universities of Halle and Heidelberg. He held various positions at Berlin, under the Government, until, in 1841, he undertook, as secret State Councillor in the Ministry, the management of the Catholic Church School system. The "Good for Nothing," Mr. Leland tells us, has a peculiar value in the history of literature, from being "the early swallow of that pleasant spring of artist-life novels which, since its appearance, have been written in almost every European language." The "Good for Nothing" flits about through Italy and Austria, and tells us his adventures in an exceedingly graceful style, without giving himself a name. Mr. Leland has translated the work in his usual scholarly and pleasing manner.

THE HISTORY OF IRELAND FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD TO THE ENGLISH INVASION. By Rev. Geoffrey Keating, D. D. Translated from the original Gaelic by John O'Mahony. New-York: Jas. B. Kirker.

Col. O'Mahony's abilities as a Gaelic scholar are unquestioned. His translation of Keating's *History of Ireland*, which was published some years ago, and which is now reproduced, furnishes all the testimony needed on that score. In time, perhaps, we may have a supplement to this volume bringing down the history of the Green Isle from the period that the British did invade it to the time that the Fenians did *not* invade it. Col. O'Mahony's intimate knowledge of the operations of the Fenians, financial and otherwise, will secure him advantages over all others for such a work quite as great as those his acquaintance with the Gaelic gave him in preparing this volume. How could he better improve his present enforced leisure than by addressing himself to this task at once?

ESSAYS ON THE SOILING OF CATTLE. By Josiah Quincy, with a memoir of the author. By Edmund Quincy. Boston: A. Williams.

The two essays comprised in this volume were written by the venerable Josiah Quincy, the first in 1819, and the second in 1852, at the request of trustees of Agricultural Societies in Massachusetts, and their object is to show the eminent superiority of the soiling system, *i. e.*, keeping cattle in stalls or yards during the entire year on new-mown grass, or other plants, over the grazing system. The memoir of Mr. Quincy, which serves as an introduction to the essays, is admirably written, but it appears rather out of place in this connection, especially as it occupies nearly half the volume.

THE MINIATURE FRUIT GARDEN; OR, THE CULTURE OF PYRAMIDAL OR BUSH FRUIT TREES. By Thomas Rivers. New-York: Orange Judd & Co.

This is a reprint of an English work, the value and popularity of which is sufficiently attested by the fact that it has there passed through no less than thirteen editions. The publishers state that no alteration has been attempted in the text, so that each one will have to determine for himself what parts are and what are not applicable to this country and climate. It contains a large amount of most useful information.

THE POETICAL WORKS OF THOMAS HOOD. Two volumes in one. New-York: G. P. Putnam, Hurd & Houghton.

Those familiar with the "Library of Choice Reading," issued by Mr. Putnam some years ago, will at once recognize an old friend in this edition of Hood's Poems. The two volumes are here brought together in one, making a book the portly proportions of which are in perfect keeping with the rich and inexhaustible humor it contains. It is emphatically the popular edition of the works of the "people's poet," and its wide dissemination now would do more to ward off the cholera, by keeping up the spirits of the multitude, than the circulation of an indefinite number of anti-cholera tracts.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF DISTINGUISHED LIVING NEW-YORK SURGEONS. By Samuel W. Francis, A.M., M. D. New-York: John Bradburn.

If it was a condition necessary to the publication of these sketches in book form that they should appear in the slovenly shape in which they are here presented, it would have been quite as well to have left them undisturbed in the periodical where they were originally issued. The first sketch in the book is that of Dr. Valentine Mott, who died over a year ago, and yet the volume, by its title, pretends to treat of "living New-York surgeons."

THE LAWS OF SHORT WHIST. Edited by J. E. Baldwin. First American Edition. New-York: Leypoldt & Holt.

"Short whist," we are told, has not yet gained much popularity here, and it is hoped that the reproduction of this little work will assist in the introduction of a game which is a favorite abroad. Hoyle would almost have gone beside himself with delight could he have seen the art in which he was an adept dignified with such exquisite typography and tasteful binding as are expended on this little manual.

NEW BOOK OF FLOWERS. By Joseph Breck. New-York: Orange Judd & Co.

Fifteen years is a long time in the life of a book devoted to horticultural science. Fully aware of this fact, Mr. Breck has prepared an entirely new edition of this useful work, which first appeared in 1851. It avoids technicalities, and is written in a style so familiar as to be well adapted to the wants of all who have any space to give to the cultivation of flowers.

THE HOLY COMFORTER; HIS PERSON AND HIS WORK. By Joseph P. Thompson, D. D. New-York: Anson D. F. Randolph.

Dr. Thompson dedicates this tasteful little volume to the congregation of the Broadway Tabernacle Church, whom he has served for twenty-one years, and who have just sent him for the second time "to seek rest and refreshment in foreign lands."

Amusements.

Italian Opera.—Mr. Grau's short season of Italian opera, disturbed by the non-arrival of the Havana steamer, will commence on Monday next with "La Traviata." The *empresario* and the artists are here and in fine condition. Verdi's work will enjoy the advantage of an almost entirely new caste. Mlle. Leonilda Boschetti is the *Violetta*, Signor Anastasi the *Alfredo*, Signor Orlandini the *Germont*, and Signor Coletti the *Granville*. The orchestra, as heretofore, will be under the direction of Signor Muzio.

Irving Hall.—Miss Kate McDonald, a young lady already favorably known in musical circles, will make her first appearance to-night at this establishment, assisted by Mr. Wm. Castle, Mr. John Farley, Mr. S. C. Campbell, Mr. George G. Morgan, and Mlle. Matilda Toedt. The programme is very interesting, and will, we are sure, be interpreted to the satisfaction of the audience. Mr. Colby is the conductor.

Sacred Concert.—Mr. Harrison's series of sacred concerts have been received with so much favor by the public that they are likely to form a permanent feature of Metropolitan amusements. The fourth concert takes place to-morrow (Sunday) night, when the following well-known artists will assist: Mr. G. W. Morgan, organist; Mr. W. Castle, Mr. S. C. Castle, Mr. Jules Lumbard, and Mr. F. Bergner, the celebrated violoncelist, who will play two solos.

Wallack's Theatre.—Mr. Lester Wallack's brief series of representations terminate to-night, when "To Marry or Not to Marry" will be performed. On Monday Charles Reade's drama of "It is Never Too Late to Mend," will be produced, after many months of careful preparation.

Personal.—Prof. Raphael Pumpelly, an American mining geologist, whose recent researches in the economical geology of Japan, China and Mongolia, (now in course of publication by the Smithsonian Institution,) have resulted in important discoveries, is about to set out on a professional tour of the Pacific coast. The American Bureau of Mines, No. 44 Exchange-place, have secured his services as a correspondent to inspect mines and mineral lands in California, Nevada and Oregon, as will be seen by the announcement of that institution among our advertisements.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Action of the Legislature on the Bill to Equalize Bounties.

Boston, Friday, May 4.

In the House of Representatives here this afternoon, the bill to equalize the bounties of the Massachusetts soldiers was passed to be engrossed, by 110 yeas to 85 nays. Speaker Stone ruled that the members of the House who had served in the army as soldiers, and would be entitled to receive bounties if the bill became a law, would not be permitted to vote; and he gave a very lengthy opinion in support of his ruling, citing authorities in English Parliamentary practice, and in our own country, all bearing upon the subject, and after a long debate the ruling was sustained 134 to 65, when the larger portion of those members who would be benefitted by the bill pecuniarily disclaimed any intention to receive any of the money that might be due them under the provisions of the bill, and this being entered on the journal they were allowed to vote on it. Five thousand copies of the ruling of the Speaker, with his reasons as given, were ordered to be printed.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Safety of the Steamer Kilsna—Expenses of Living in San Francisco—The Steamer Continental—The Russian and American Telegraph.

San Francisco, Wednesday, May 2.

Honolulu advices state that the steamer *Kilsna*, supposed hopelessly wrecked, had arrived comparatively unharmed.

Mining stocks continue dull. Ophir, $520; Hale and Norcross, $915; Yellow Jacket, $690; Chollar Potosi, $295; Imperial, $131.

San Francisco, Friday, May 4.

Statistics published to-day show that the cost of living in San Francisco has diminished one-half within the past year.

The steamer *Continental*, which brought the female Mercer emigrants from New-York, has sailed for Mazatlan.

The Western Union Telegraph Company's bark *Clara Bell*, Capt. Sutton, sailed for Petropaulovski yesterday, with a detachment of Col. Bulkley's expeditionary force, to renew operations for the building of the overland telegraph line to Russia.

Movements of Gen. Sherman.

St. Louis, Friday, May 4.

Gen. Sherman, accompanied by Col. McCoy, of his staff, left here yesterday morning on an extensive tour along the eastern termini of the Pacific Railroads. He proceeds first through Wisconsin, thence to Fort Leavenworth, where he will organize a military corps, guards, engineers, &c. His route will then be to Fort Riley, Fort Kearney, Omaha, Sioux City, Fort Ridgeley, St. Paul, Fort Ripley, head of Lake Superior, Marquette, and then probably to Chicago and St. Louis. A full report of the progress and prospects of the different projected roads will be made.

The Adjournment of the American Medical Association.

Baltimore, Friday, May 4.

The Medical Association adjourned to-day *sine die*, without making any recommendations in reference to quarantine or other regulations to guard against the cholera. A number of the members are much dissatisfied, and have issued a protest. The body visited Annapolis to-day, and were handsomely received and entertained by Gov. Swan.

Death of Another Soldier of the Revolution.

Bangor, Me., Friday, May 4.

William Hutchings, the last surviving Revolutionary soldier in the State, and the last but two or three in the Union, died on Thursday, in the town of Penobscot, Hancock County, at the age of 102 years. Special honors will be accorded to the memory of the deceased veteran, at his funeral on Monday next.

From Halifax.

Halifax, Friday, May 4.

The bark *Janet*, with the first cargo of coals for the United States Government, arrived to-day. The Consul has selected excellent depots.

TENNESSEE.

Passage of the Franchise Bill—The Trial of Henderson—Convention for a Separate State Government for East Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Thursday, May 3.

The Senate has passed the Franchise Bill—thirteen against six. It is now a law, and disfranchises over nine-tenths of the people of Tennessee.

At the trial of HENDERSON to-day the cross-examination of HAYES elicited the fact that a letter was sent to HENDERSON threatening exposure, and demanding twenty thousand dollars, which the witness said was written by the instruction and sanction of Captain VOORHIS.

Gen. BENDER, who tried the Chicago conspirators, was present during the trial.

CINCINNATI, Friday, May 4.

A Convention called to consider the propriety of organizing a separate State Government for East Tennessee, met at Knoxville yesterday. Judge SAMUEL ROGERS presided. He said he hoped that the members would act deliberately and with caution. This was but an adjourned meeting of the Convention held at Greenville during the dark hours of the rebellion. We propose to continue the movement. It is no secession movement. If we secede, it will be from the rebels, to join Union people. The new State can be made one of the richest in the Union.

At the conclusion of the remarks of Judge ROGERS, Col. TEMPLE, from the Committee on Resolutions and Business, reported an address, which was unanimously adopted, stating that the scheme had been long cherished by East Tennessee. There is a difference in the soil of East and West Tennessee. The habits and customs of the people are also different. These differences are irradicable. West of the mountains the people are rebels and East of them they are all Union. To protect ourselves we must disfranchise them. We will not be dragged into false positions as to the Union by other Southern States. We believe that separate State Government is the best, and that under it we can live in peace and develop our resources.

The address concludes with statistics as to the population, number of square miles, mineral resources, &c., of East Tennessee.

Resolutions opposing the address of the Committee, and advising a postponement of the question until Congress decides whether Tennessee is a State or not, were offered by Mr. JAMES, a delegate from Hamilton.

The resolutions of Mr. JAMES were almost unanimously voted down.

After an eloquent address by Col. NELSON, supporting the movement, the President of the Convention was instructed to appoint a Committee of Three to bring the question before the Legislature.

A Committee was also appointed to prepare an address to the people of East Tennessee.

The Memphis Riots.

MEMPHIS, Friday, May 4.

One negro was killed last night and one house burned this morning. The city is now quiet.

From Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Friday, May 4.

There is nothing new of importance from the Court-martial.

Maj.-Gen. WOODS, commanding the Department of Alabama, has arrived here.

MEXICO.

Successes of the Liberals—Capture of Chihuahua—Bryant, the French Commander, Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, May 3.

Consul GEODEY, Liberal, has official communications, dated El Paso Del Norte, March 30, announcing that the Liberals took the City of Chihuahua March 25, after two days hard fighting, capturing 300 prisoners, among whom was JULIO CARRANCA, the Imperial Mayor of Chihuahua.

On the 22d the Liberals captured the City of Hidaljo del Parral by assault. These victories, it is said, will restore the State of Chihuahua to the Liberal Government.

In Cohuila, at Santa Isabel, the Liberals had defeated the Imperialists, killing 131 and capturing 166. BRYANT, the French commander, was slain. The enemy's artillery, baggage and munitions of war all fell into the hands of the Liberals.

Mining shares are firmer. Ophir, $550; Yellow Jacket, $725; Belcher, $340; Chollar Potosi, $322.

FENIANISM.

The Late Fenian Expedition.

BOSTON, Friday, May 4.

Capt. WM. H. GRACE, who claims to be one of the oldest Fenians in New-England, publishes a communication in the *Post*, of this city, detailing the recent abortive attempt to invade the Eastern British Provinces.

He says that the expedition was approved by O'MAHONY, and commanded by KILLIAN; that the latter asserted that an iron war vessel, loaded with arms, was to meet them at Eastport, and a landing on British territory was to be made on the night of their arrival, and after the expedition had started, O'MAHONY countermanded the sailing of the vessel, and threw other obstacles in the way, which led to its failure.

Capt. GRACE denounces O'MAHONY, and urges all good Fenians to rally under the banner of Gen. SWEENY.

A Fenian Accidentally Shot.

EASTPORT, Me., Friday, May 4.

The *Winooski* has arrived. She did not see any "Fenian privateer."

One of the Fenians was accidentally shot this afternoon, and, it is supposed, was mortally wounded.

The Fenian Expedition to Maine.

To the Editor of the Boston Post:

SIR: Being one of the number that accompanied the late Eastport expedition, I propose to give some facts concerning it through your paper to the public, for I hold that it is fully time the people should know something about the inner workings of an organization that has been sustained for the past seven years by the hard earnings of the Irish people. The late movement originated from KILLIAN at the convention held in New-York last January, and was the means of holding the organization from going over to ROBERTS and SWEENEY; for we all believe that it was necessary, in order to be successful, to accomplish some fact on this continent whereby we might raise our flag and be recognized as a belligerent, issue letters of marque and send out our privateers to prey upon British commerce while organizing an expedition for Ireland. We all felt—the members of the Convention—that if the Fenian Brotherhood could not accomplish this move on British territory visible from these shores, and that unfortified, that it could never organize an expedition formidable enough to cope with the English navy on its way to Ireland, for it is by an armed expedition from these shores that we can, if ever, redeem our country from English misrule. Money has had a tendency to disorganize, instead of perfecting, the organization at home; for we have been disappointed so often—even by STEPHENS—that it is now a question whether there is any organization there or not. Instead of creating activity among the leaders in Ireland, the money sent from this country only made them docile, and is the cause, more than any other, of the long postponement of the fight.

At the last meeting of the "Central Council"—and I hope it will be its last—it was stated that immediate action in the field was necessary to keep the Brotherhood together, for a large portion of the Circles had met for the last time until something was done. KILLIAN'S plan of the late movement was brought before it, and, after being thoroughly discussed, it was adopted, bearing the signatures of all the members, including O'MAHONY, who appointed KILLIAN commander of the expedition. The Brotherhood had now in its possession an iron war vessel, which, according to KILLIAN'S statement, was properly manned by a skillful crew, and prepared by him to convey arms for his men to Eastport, where she was to be before his arrival there—that is, she was to be on hand in the bay—for it was KILLIAN'S intention to move the men on the objective point on the night of their arrival in Eastport, calculating to have the war-vessel with the arms before him. In order that there should be no mistake, KILLIAN says that he saw the arms packed, the steamship's machinery worked, and sealed her sailing papers with his own hands before leaving New-York for the front. He left New-York for Boston, where he remained a short time to make arrangements for men, when he left for Portland, where he also remained a few days to baffle the detectives, and to await the arrival of the New-York and Massachusetts contingents, which, including Maine, were to comprise the expedition. Having everything perfected, as he thought, for the work before him, KILLIAN with his men left Portland for Eastport, where they intended—at least, the men did—to commence their holy mission on the day of their arrival; but alas! they were sadly disappointed, for to their great surprise they found no Fenian war vessel in the bay nor anything about her. We will now see in the meantime how things were working in New-York. After KILLIAN had taken his departure from New-York to execute the will of the Brotherhood, and to carry out the hopes and expectations of the Irish race, O'MAHONY, by whom he was appointed, countermanded the order of the sailing of the vessel, and, according to KILLIAN, has been disputing with one or two others ever since about who shall own her. He also put DOWNING on KILLIAN'S trail to watch him, and apparently to pull him back as much as possible. DOWNING worked very effectually; for the old saying is that it is very hard to make a watch, but very easy to break it. When he reached Boston, there were about fifty of the New-York men there awaiting transportation to the front, whom he ordered to return home at a time when KILLIAN and SINNOTT were ordering them to the field. This is the way things were working—one man trying to throw embarrassments in the other's way, until the expedition was made a complete failure. When KILLIAN found that he had no arms before him for his men, he went to work and issued posters for a Convention, which had for its object the deceiving of the public as to the real intentions of the Fenians on the border. Two weeks were thus spent in holding meetings and in parading the streets of Eastport, when a schooner arrives from Portland, after going through the Custom-house there, with seven hundred and fifty stand of arms. These arms were, of course, examined by the Custom-house officer at Eastport, and when they were seen by the English Consul he at once made affidavit that they were intended for revolutionary purposes by the Fenians, and demanded their capture by our Government. The Custom-house officials, of course, had no alternative but to take them or countenance an open breach of the neutrality laws. So the arms were seized, and thus ended the hopes of the expedition—an act which the leaders at Union-square contributed largely to bring about; for it is our opinion that, as the movement originated from KILLIAN, and not O'MAHONY, who durst not oppose it openly in Council, on account of action being demanded by the Brotherhood, but by his selfishness, was determined, as quick as KILLIAN set out, to superintend the movement, to throw all the obstacles he could in his way, fearing that by a successful issue KILLIAN would become too popular, and justly receive, instead of O'MAHONY, the plaudits of the organization. Or was it a combined plan of O'MAHONY and KILLIAN to inaugurate the expedition for the purpose of selling bonds, and for frustrating the plans of Gen. SWEENY? For not being disposed to act for themselves any more than the writing of a patriotic letter to the Circles, telling them what they would do, and the drinking of a health out of a bottle of brandy to the State prisoners in Ireland, they seemed determined to embarrass others, and thus let the labor of the Irish on this Continent for the past seven years in this movement be wasted without anything being done.

The state of the men when this order came to retreat—that other dollar would not be sent to sustain them—that STEPHENS, who had arrived, according to O'MAHONY'S telegram, wanted all the money in the treasury, was beyond description. They were assembled in Trescott Hall, Eastport, when the orders of MAHONY were read to them, "that the expedition was a failure, and commanded them to go home." This was hard. Yes, it was hard to see upward of five hundred men as fine, and as true as I ever saw, who had come there without one cent of compensation, many of them paying their own way—to make the greatest sacrifice that can be made—to execute with their arms what the *leaders* uttered with their tongues, and who had undergone the hardships and privations of the late war, went through everything that manhood could undergo, cry because they had to go back as they came, without doing anything for Old Ireland. They looked upon themselves that night as children in the storm forsaken by their parents. After everything was given up—after O'MAHONY, who is an imbecile, came back upon us, many of us concluded that we would leave the Brotherhood and never say another word about liberty, but on reconsidering the matter coolly we said that it did not become us as men, as revolutionists, to sacrifice the labor of the Brotherhood, aye, the hard earnings of the Irish servant girls of America. Many there are who have given money to O'MAHONY, and in going so had to stint their own families of the necessities of life for the sake of a few useless men at the head of affairs. So we decided to join the ranks of Gen. SWEENEY, a man whom we always looked on with respect, and make the best out of a bad job. In view of all the promises and declarations that we have made, if we can't accomplish something the vengeance of Heaven cannot fail to fall upon us, for the Irish at home and in the Provinces will be trampled under feet and told by the officials that they would be rebels if they could. Then, in the name of God and Ireland, let us unite under the leadership of Gen. SWEENEY, and carry out the pledges that we have taken before God and man.

I have given you, Mr. Editor, the foregoing facts from personal observation, and as one of the oldest Fenians in New-England. WM. H. GRACE.

Written on board the steamship *New-Brunswick*, on her way from Eastport to Portland, April 26, 1866.

FORTRESS MONROE.

Emigration from North Carolina to the West—Arrival of Mrs. Jefferson Davis—Sale of Quartermasters' Property.

FORTRESS MONROE, Thursday, May 3.

About 100 emigrants, of all classes, ages and sexes, from the interior of North Carolina, passed by here last night on the steamer *Adelaide*, going West in search of employment. They were in charge of philanthropists from that section of the country. The movement was undertaken on account of the competition being introduced in their native State by the superabundance of negro labor, furnished under the ministrations of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Mrs. JEFFERSON DAVIS, accompanied by two servants and her youngest child, a little girl, arrived this morning. She was escorted by Lieut. FESSENDEN into the Fortress. The conditions of her visit are unknown. She brought a large quantity of baggage with her, as if evidently designing to remain some length of time; in which event she will probably make her home at the residence of Dr. COOPER, the Post Surgeon of the Fortress.

The large sale of quartermaster's property, which commenced yesterday was continued to-day. The aggregate amount will reach $15,000.

From New-Orleans and Texas.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, May 4.

The regular troops lately arrived in Texas are acting very badly, indulging in drunken rows and fights at Galveston.

Business at Matamoras is dull. The Imperial Austrian troops are dissatisfied on account of their small pay. Forced loans are driving the merchants away.

Cotton easy; sales to-day, 1,200 bales. Week's receipts, 10,888 bales, against 10,303 bales last week. Week's exports, 8,862 bales. Stock, 156,497 bales Gold, 128¼. Sterling exchange, 138¼. New-York sight exchange, ⅜ premium. Freights dull and unchanged.

The Red River planters say the cotton seed is universally rotten.

Devastating overflows are feared. The Red River is the highest ever known.

Judge DUKLANEUR has decided that notes payable in Confederate money are worthless; also, that mortgages given for Confederate money during the war are invalid.

The New-York City Tax Levy Not Signed by the Governor.

ALBANY, Friday, May 4.

The dispatch yesterday announcing that the Governor had signed the New-York City Tax Levy Bill after the alleged error in it had been corrected, was erroneous. The Governor, after consideration and having taken legal advice, came to the conclusion that a bill duly certified by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly must be approved as originally received by him, and has acted accordingly.

Execution of Levi Mayherr at Batavia, N. Y.—His Confession and Manner.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Friday, May 4.

LEVI MAYHERR was executed this afternoon for the murder of THEODORE DURHAM. The condemned man confessed at the gallows the justice of his sentence, and warned the spectators to heed the admonitions of their parents, and thus escape the fate that had befallen him. MAYHERR died with firmness and with very little apparent suffering.

Towboat Explosion on the Mississippi—Nine Persons Killed.

CINCINNATI, Friday, May 4.

The towboat *Nick Hughes* exploded her boilers last night, near Randolph, above Memphis, killing nine persons, among whom were Capt. VAN DORN, his wife and the engineer.

Laughing Gas.

Although we have administered the gas and extracted teeth without pain for nearly twelve thousand patients, at the Colton Dental Association Rooms, Nos. 19 and 30 Cooper Institute, there are tens of thousands not aware of these facts, and who would have their teeth drawn could they realize the safety and pleasantness of the operation. To give information and a demonstration to such, I will give an exhibition of the gas at the Cooper Institute, (large hall,) on Wednesday afternoon next, May 9, commencing at 3 o'clock P. M., for ladies only. To illustrate its amusing and delightful effects, twelve ladies will inhale the gas; after which it will be administered in larger doses to a few ladies, inducing a profound anæsthetic sleep, during which teeth will be extracted for them without their knowledge. The audience will see that the operation is attended with none of the dangerous or unpleasant symptoms of chloroform and ether. There will be no charge for admission.

G. Q. COLTON.

[Advertisement.]

The most refined ladies use "L'Email de Paris." L. ISABEAU, No. 822 Broadway, sole agent.

"L'Email de Paris"—"L'Email de Paris." L. ISABEAU, No. 822 Broadway, sole agent.

The Singer Sewing-machine, with improvements and attachments for every specialty, including BUTTON-HOLE MACHINES, No. 458 Broadway.

The Union Button-Hole Machine sold exclusively by the SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 458 Broadway.

Depot for Croquet, at Kirby & Co.'s, No. 633 Broadway, New-York. Orders by mail. Send for catalogue.

Howe Sewing-Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, President, No. 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine and Buttonhole Machine, No. 625 Broadway.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

The Last Days of Ex-President MARTIN VAN BUREN were made comfortable by the use of JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY. Letters in our possession from his physician and from Mr. Van Buren himself, express much gratification with the results of its use.

Extract from the "Life of Washington Irving," by his nephew, Pierre M. Irving, vol. IV, page 272:

"The doctor prescribed, as an experiment—what had been suggested by Dr. O. W. Holmes on his late visit—Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma,' a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water, to be taken every four hours. A good night was the result."

In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety. (See circular.)

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston, Sole proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

The Varying Temperature of the Season is rapidly producing Colds, Coughs, and Pulmonary Affections of all kinds. Persons with weak lungs should now be especially careful; and what may seem trifling Coughs and Colds ought to have immediate attention. The careless indifference which waits "for a cold to go as it came," in many cases results in laying the seeds of Consumption. For such neglect of one's health there is no excuse, as Dr. D. JANE'S EXPECTORANT can be readily procured, and its long established reputation is one guarantee of its efficacy, as a most valuable remedy for all Coughs and Colds and Pulmonary Affections. Sold everywhere.

An Excellent Article.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is an excellent article for all diseases of children. It relieves the child from pain, regulates the stomach and bowels, and, by giving health to the child, comforts and rests the mother. During the process of teething its value is inestimable; cures wind colic and griping in the bowels.

We can do Without Europe.—Everything Americans need American skill can supply. Nay, more; the fact that Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus" is the admitted superior of all the European perfumes shows conclusively that in the refined luxuries, as well as the comforts of life, we are ahead of the Old World.—*York Gazette.*

Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits,"

Or WORM LOZENGES, contain no form of mercury, to which many worm remedies owe their efficacy. The ingredients are well calculated for the purposes they are intended to accomplish, having been used with success by eminent medical men in Europe.

The Combination of Ingredients used in making "Brown's Bronchial Troches" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. The Troches are used always with good success, and are widely known as the best remedy for Coughs, Colds, Throat Diseases, and Asthmatic troubles.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials**, is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

Storage.

BALL, BLACK & CO.

are prepared to receive packages of valuables,

SILVER,

JEWELRY,

CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS,

LACES, &C.,

for safe keeping during the Summer, or for a longer period. For a moderate charge they give a complete guarantee against loss or damage by fire or burglars.

No extra charge is made for cartage in the City, either in receiving or delivering packages.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff—*Needs no praise.*

☞ 25 cents per box, by all Druggists.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair

Will restore gray hair to its original color; strengthen and promote the growth of the weakest hair; stop its falling out; keep the head clean, cool and healthy; can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; is unparalleled as a hair dressing, and is recommended and used by our best physicians. Sold by all druggists, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York, where information respecting the treatment of the hair will be freely given from 1 to 3 P. M. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Ladies, Call on White, the Hatter, and see his elegant assortment of FANCY HATS, for ladies, misses and children. Also, a variety of Spring and Summer styles of HATS and CAPS for gentlemen, youth and boys. No 303 Canal-st., opposite the Brandreth House.

Moth and Freckles.—Ladies afflicted with discolorations on the face called moth-patches, or freckles, should use PERRY'S celebrated MOTH and FRECKLE LOTION. It is infallible. Prepared by Dr. B. C. PERRY, dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists in New-York and elsewhere. Price $2.

Instead of ruining the tone of the bowels irreparably with fierce Cathartics, in the insane hope of curing CONSTIPATION in that way, try the mild but effective persuasion of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS which will bring the discharging organs back to their natural condition, and not force them beyond it—accomplishing a permanent cure in a two or three weeks.

Cholera.—Dr. BICKNELL'S SYRUP is a reliable remedy, and should be in every house. Try it.

Old prices for

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,

at KELTY'S, No. 447 Broadway.

Window Shades,

ALL KINDS STYLES AND PRICES.

BRAY'S PATENT SELF-ACTING SHADE FIXTURES.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 Broadway.

Gas Fixtures!!!

The attention of the Trade, and of buyers generally, is invited to our extensive stock of CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, LAMPS, &c., of every style and pattern, comprising many beautiful designs entirely new. ARCHER & PANCOAST, Manufactory and Warerooms, Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Mercer-st.

The Gay World, the Business World, the Professional World, the Youthful World, the Economic World, all the world, are invited to GENIN'S, NO. 513 BROADWAY, there to inspect all that is dashing, graceful, useful, special, debonair and sumptuous in HAT FASHIONS OF THE DAY.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Brown's Standard Scales.

Manufacture all kinds, and warrant every scale. Warehouse No. 3 Barclay-st. opposite Astor House.

Custom Clothing.—The finest stock of English, Scotch and Paris Coatings, Trowsering, Cloths and Doeskins, to order, in this City. Gentlemen call and inspect them. BROKAW BROTHERS, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av.

A Cure at Last.—One more disease conquered! The worst cases of rheumatism are being daily cured by the new and wonderful discovery known as METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. It is sold by all druggists.

A. A. Favarger's last French Class for ladies and gentlemen is now progressing rapidly, and promises more than any preceding one. It meets every evening at 8 o'clock, at No. 9 University-place. See "Instruction."

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's boots and shoes of all the various styles; good articles; moderate prices. Ladies, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Removed.—The office of the Burglar Alarm Telegraph, which protects invisibly and without damage each window and door of the house, is removed to No. 234 Broadway, opposite City Hall. E. HOLMES.

House-Cleaning Made Easy, and is effectually done by using PYLE'S O. K. SOAP. Sold by grocers everywhere.

Mott's Chemical Pomade restores gray hair without dying; is the finest hair-dressing known; use no dyes or liquid preparation. Depot 81 Barclay-st.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

The Improved Elliptic Hook Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine. A. H. SUPLEE, No. 537 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Florence Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines—Best in the world. FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, No. 505 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silk, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Vanilla Beans.—Prime quality, in quantities to suit purchasers, for sale by TAFT & TYLER, importers of drugs, &c., No. 54 Cedar-st.

Cholera Disarmed!!

THE CHIEF CAUSE OF PESTILENCE DESTROYED.

DR. D. B. COURTARET'S

DISINFECTING CHEMICAL FLUID.

Secured by letters patent in the United States and France.

PREPARED SOLELY BY

THE NEW-YORK DISINFECTING COMPANY,

At their Laboratory,

Nos. 298, 300 and 302 Henry-st., New-York.

EVERY FAMILY should have these disinfectants, and use them daily in their SICK ROOMS, URINALS, NURSERIES, WATER-CLOSETS, PRIVIES, CELLARS, GUTTERS and SEWERS.

EXTRACTS FROM PROCEEDINGS OF AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATIONS.

BALTIMORE, May 2, 1866.

"The disease is in the secretions."—*Dr. Marsden, Canada.*

"The poison of cholera will increase rapidly by contact with filth."—*Dr. Jewett, Philadelphia.*

"It multiplies its ravages where filth and all uncleanliness abound."—*Dr. Doole A. Sayre, New-York.*

Hence, to prevent cholera you must destroy filth.

Every ship should use these disinfectants.

They should be used in all STABLES.

These disinfectants were used at No. 115 Mulberry-street by the Health Inspector after the cholera made its appearance there.

These agents are deodorizers, antiseptics, antiputrescents and disinfectants in the scientific meaning of the words. They remove noxious gases and odors by chemical principles, leaving in their places *healthful air;* they are DESTROYERS, and *not merely absorbents* of poisonous gases—not injurious to utensils in which they are used.

POWELL & THOMSON,

No. 42 Cedar-st., New-York.

General and sole agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale by all druggists and general dealers in the United States and Canadas.

Dr. B. C. Perry,

DERMATOLOGIST,

No. 49 Bond-st., New-York.

Treats successfully all diseases of the scalp, loss of hair and premature blanching.

This new system of treating capillary diseases is not of the Panacea order.

It is in accordance with the law of cause and effect. The Doctor makes a personal examination, ascertains what disease of the scalp has or is producing a loss of hair or premature grayness, and prescribes the remedies adapted for its removal, thereby enabling the scalp to perform its various duties in a healthy manner. The Doctor effectually removes warts and moles. All consultations free.

Persons living at a distance can consult the Doctor by sending for a circular.

Home Remedies for Cholera.

CASWELL, MACK & CO. offer their HOME REMEDIES FOR CHOLERA. These are the result of extensive counsel with physicians, and are recommended to be used in the absence of the physician. Each box of the Remedies contains a valuable treatise on the symptoms, treatment and prevention of the disease. Sole manufacturers, CASWELL, MACK & CO., under Fifth-av. Hotel.

Removal.—The office of the NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE COMPANY has been removed to that very eligibly located office No. 141 Broadway, directly in rear of the Gebhard Insurance Company. Purchasers desiring to see the "NATIONAL" in operation will apply to ABRAM REQUA, General Agent.

Nottingham Lace Curtains

AT REDUCED PRICES.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 Broadway.

Gilt Cornices 447

AT REDUCED PRICES. BROADWAY.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

MARRIED.

BAKER—WAKEMAN.—On Wednesday, May 2, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Dr. Rice, DWIGHT BAKER and DELIA M., daughter of Wm. W. Wakeman, Esq., both of this City.

BARDUA—LIENAU.—On Thursday, May 3, by Rev. S. M. Rice, at Grace Church, Van Vorst-st., Jersey City, N. J., F. WILHELM BARDUA, of Berlin, Germany, and JACOBINA C. LIENAU, of Jersey City, N. J.

FITHIAN—CONNOLLY.—On Thursday, May 3, at the Church of the Messiah, JOEL A. FITHIAN, of Richmond, Va., and FANNIE B., daughter of Richard B. and Maria S. Connolly.

TOWNSEND—NORTON.—In Stamford, Conn., Thursday, May 3, by Rev. Samuel P. Halsey, RANDOLPH W. TOWNSEND, of New-York, and JANE A. NORTON, of Stamford.

WHITTLESEY—MULFORD.—At Hawthorne Cottage, near Albany, the residence of G. M. Griffen, Esq., on Wednesday, May 2, by Rev. J. M. Clarke, of Syracuse, W. R. WHITTLESEY, of Lakeville, Conn., and ELIZA F. MULFORD, of Granville, N. Y.

DIED

BERTINE.—At Mount Vernon, on Thursday, May 3, SEAMAN W., son of Samuel E. and Mary A. Bertine, aged 10 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, on Sunday, at 2 P. M.

BLACKWELL.—At Janesville, Wis., on Sunday, April 29, CHARLES G., son of J. P. Blackwell, of this City, in the 24th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his uncle, J. H. Blackwell, Flemington, N. J., on Tuesday, May 8, at 12 M. Trains leave Liberty-st. at 8 A. M., and Flemington at 2 P. M.

BRODIE.—On Wednesday, May 2, after a protracted illness, GEORGE BRODIE, in the 48th year of his age.

His friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this afternoon at 1 o'clock, from his late residence at No. 300 Canal-st.

BUNNER.—At Harlem, on Friday, May 4, CATHERINE, wife of C. A. Bunner.

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

CONKLIN.—On Friday, May 4, MARY E., wife of John Conklin, in the 68th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Sunday, 6th inst., at 2½ o'clock, from her late residence, No. 25 Great Jones-st.

IVES.—On Monday, April 30, at New-Haven, Mrs. LOUISA T. IVES, aged 60 years.

The remains were taken to Mt. Carmel for interment.

LLOYD.—Killed at Resaca, Ga., May 15, 1864, Lieut.-Col. EDWARD F. LLOYD, 119th New-York Vols.

All friends, together with the members of the 119th Regiment, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at Dr. Burchard's Church, in 13th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on Saturday, May 5, at 1 o'clock P. M.

MONROE.—On Friday, May 4, Elder DANIEL MONROE, in the 86th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, the 7th inst., at 2 P. M., from the Christian Church 28th-st., near Broadway.

RAFTER.—On Thursday, May 3, BELINDA RAFTER, aged 32 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, No. 539 2d-av., corner of 30th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

RITTER.—On Friday, May 4, of paralysis, Mrs. MARY RITTER, wife of Richard Ritter, in the 74th year of her age.

The funeral service will take place at her late residence, No. 54 Leroy-st., on Sunday, May 6, at 2 o'clock. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Her remains will be taken to Trinity Cemetery for interment.

WADSWORTH.—On Thursday, May 3, CHARLES WADSWORTH, in the 61st year of his age.

His friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at No. 215 Clinton-st., New-York, on Sunday, the 6th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. His remains will be interred in the town of Spencertown, Columbia County, N. Y.

WHITLOCK.—In this City, on Friday, May 4, AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK, in the 70th year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral from the Brick Presbyterian Church, corner 5th-av. and 37th-st., on Monday, 7th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

WINDT.—On Wednesday, May 2, CHARLES H. WINDT, aged 35 years.

His friends are invited to attend his funeral from No. 69 Pike-st., Sunday, 6th inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M.

☞ Janesville, Wis., papers please copy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CARD.

For the purpose of making room for an extensive alteration in our building, we have concluded to sell off four or five thousand pairs of our first-class cassimere pants by RETAIL, at prices lower than they have been in four years. Customers that call first will have advantage in selecting. Most respectfully,

BROKAW BROTHERS,

No. 62 Lafayette-place and No. 34 4th-av.

DALLEY'S GALVANIC HORSE SALVE

Cures the worst cases of Galls, Scratches, Swellings, Pricks, Cuts, Sprains and Bruises. Every horse-owner should have it. Sold by all Druggists, and at the Depot, No. 49 Cedar-st. 50 cents a box.

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY NEW, tasty and well-made Spring Clothing is at F. B. BALDWIN'S, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery, the largest store and assortment in the City, and prices less.

MR. RAPHAEL PUMPELLY WILL leave for the Pacific Coast June 1; to inspect mines and mineral lands in behalf of the American Bureau of Mines, No. 44 Exchange-place, where applications for such services will be received.

GEORGE D. H. GILLESPIE, President.

PREPARE FOR THE CHOLERA!—Cleanse your stomach, regulate your bowels, stimulate your liver, purify your blood, and prevent all disease, by the use of DR. LANGLEY'S ROOT HERB BITTERS. Sold by all druggists.

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CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, BABY TENDERS, &c., removed to No. 478 Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts. LEWIS P. TIBBALS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THIRD WEEK

OF

PIERCE EGAN'S

GRAND SERIAL ROMANCE,

Published simultaneously in London and New-York.

THE LIGHT OF LOVE;

OR,

THE DIAMOND AND THE SNOWDROP.

BY

PIERCE EGAN, ESQ.,

Author of "IMOGEN," "THE POOR GIRL," "THE SCARLET FLOWER," "LOVE ME LEAVE ME NOT," "THE FLOWER OF THE FLOCK," "FAIR LILIAS," &c., &c., &c.,

WILL BE CONTINUED (AND RECOMMENCED)

IN THE

SUNDAY MERCURY

OF

TO-MORROW, MAY 6.

Popular as the former stories of this powerful writer have been and still are in this country, the

EAGERNESS OF THE PUBLIC

to peruse this latest and greatest of his romances is beyond all precedent. The early chapters evidently foreshadow events and scenes of an extraordinary character, in which all the conflicting passions of human nature in their utmost intensity seem destined to be brought into play. At the very commencement of the story the reader finds himself involved in a labyrinth of mysteries, to the heart of which, unlike Theseus, he has no thread to guide him. Even imagination, the Ariadne of Story-reader, cannot furnish him with a clue. With every column the interest becomes more absorbing. Persecution haunts the footsteps of Beauty and Innocence, personified in the gentle and loving CHLORIS AMBERLEY. Passion, breaking down every restraint of pride, triumphs in the bosom of Lady Astarte Vavasour, the magnificent and imperious Mistress of Erewood Castle. Jealousy and Revenge sharpen the scheming wits of Lady Genevieve Amondeville, who plays the spy upon the fair Astarte. The Earl of Lavington, father of Lady Astarte, is a prey to inexplicable fear, anxiety and remorse. His son, Lord Erewood, an embodiment of all that is noble and generous in chivalrous youth, is prepared to sacrifice rank, station and fortune, if need be, for his cottage "Snow Drop," the artless Chloris. Eliot St. Croix, the Earl's secretary and family tutor, has secretly fixed his affections with all the energy of an enthusiastic nature on his patron's daughter, Astarte, the "Diamond" of the Castle, and is openly indorsed by the object of his concealed passion. Garforth, the Earl's steward, who covets the possession of the pretty Chloris, and is ready to perpetrate any crime to obtain her, conspires against her lover, Lord Erewood. Nevil of Rednawk, apparently the presiding demon of the exciting drama, holds, suspended over the head of the Earl some terrible calamity which is veiled from the reader. There is also a group of inferior characters, admirably portrayed, in which the surly and vindictive Blinkers, Redhawk's groom, and the dashing, fearless Kit, who acts in the same capacity in the establishment of the Earl, figure conspicuously, and out of their antagonism grow some irresistibly ludicrous situations.

These are the characters brought upon the stage—if the words "character" and "stage" can be applied to creations and scenes so realistic and life-like—in the first three installments of "The Light of Love; Or The Diamond and the Snowdrop." To forestall what lies beyond would be to deprive the reader of the treat in store for him; but it may be stated that as the story proceeds, the *dramatis personæ* increase in number, new fields for conjecture and speculation open, incidents and adventures multiply, and so this grand romance marches on to its conclusion, carrying captive the imagination and compelling the admiration and wonder of the steadiest and least impressible brain.

It would, indeed, be supererogatory to ask any one who may accompany the author to the end of the third installment of the story to travel with him to the end. The reader will find himself or herself unable to dissolve the connection until the journey is finished. The temptation to follow the fortunes of the leading personages of the tale to their ultimate end will be irresistible. If ever there was a *haunting story*—a story which seized upon the fancy *peremptorily*, and produced impressions that could not be shaken off until the inflamed curiosity was satisfied—"The Light of Love: Or the Diamond and the Snowdrop," belongs to that class of fiction.

The great fault of most Romances intended to exhibit the workings of the master-passions is, that they are too gloomy, too dark. But PIERCE EGAN understands human nature and the public taste. He knows that life is a mingled yarn, in which silver and golden threads alternate with those of a more sombre hue. The byplay, if it may be so called, of this wonderful effort of genius, thoroughly relieves the darker complications of the plot. Amusing passages intermingle naturally with deeper and more sensational details, as smiling blossoms brighten the shadows of an old forest, or gay field flowers laugh among the bearded grain. Thus it is in the romance of life, and thus it is in pages of Pierce Egan—a writer whose inspiration is human nature in its passionate phases, *but still human nature*. Truth is said to be stranger than fiction, but in the most startling phenomena of truth there is a consistency, which the author has not lost sight of in the stormiest scenes of this wild and touching romance. He conducts the reader through a maze of mysteries to a perfectly satisfactory *denouement*.

Notwithstanding the extra preparations to meet the expected demand for THE SUNDAY MERCURY of Sunday last, containing the first two installments of "The Light of Love; Or, The Diamond and the Snowdrop," the rush for the new story

SWEPT OFF EVERY COPY

on hand before noon on Monday. But this circumstance will be no disadvantage to parties who were unable to obtain last week's paper, as

A FULL ABSTRACT

of the previous installments, embodying every detail of material interest or necessary to a thorough comprehension of the story so far as it has progressed,

WILL APPEAR

in the form of a prefix to installment number Three,

IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY MERCURY.

Moreover, in order to supply all comers, and prevent, if practicable, further disappointments, the printing and publishing facilities of the establishment will be taxed to their utmost extent. The

LARGEST EDITION EVER PRINTED

of the leading Sunday newspaper of the United States—an edition quadrupling the combined editions of all the other Sunday newspapers (so called)

WILL BE ISSUED TO-MORROW.

Nevertheless, as the popularity of the new serial amounts literally to a *furore*, it may be well for those who desire to

MAKE SURE OF COPIES

to apply as early as possible, the rule "first come first served" being necessarily observed in all such cases.

The abstract of the published chapters of the new Romance in THE SUNDAY MERCURY OF TO-MORROW will not be a mere recapitulation of the argument of the Story, but

A COMPLETE RESUME

of all the incidents, so that, practically, the reader will have

THREE INSTALLMENTS IN ONE.

It is claimed, and the claim is admitted by an intelligent and observant community, that THE SUNDAY MERCURY is the most

COMPREHENSIVE NEWSPAPER

at present published in any part of the world. No foreign weekly covers so wide a field. There are able literary papers, able political papers, able sporting and dramatic papers, able commercial papers, able general newspapers, &c., &c., but this

VADE MECUM OF THE MILLION

embraces the specialties of all these, and treats each topic included in its various departments perspicuously and satisfactorily. Every source of information to which enterprise and liberality can obtain access is laid under contribution for the benefit of its readers, and every Sunday it places before them authentic intelligence not to be found in the columns of any other paper issued on that day. Its Sunday morning telegraphic dispatches are the very last received over the wires, and its hour of going to press is later than that of any other newspaper in the United States.

For these reasons, with many others that will suggest themselves to the public mind without prompting, the GREAT SUNDAY NEWSPAPER is popular with all classes, occupations, creeds and parties. It has now a regular average CIRCULATION NEARLY EQUAL TO FOUR TIMES THAT OF ALL ITS SUNDAY COTEMPORARIES COMBINED, AND ITS COURSE IS STILL ONWARD.

OFFICE OF AMERICAN EUROPEAN EXPRESS,

NEW-YORK, April, 25, 1866.

SHIPPERS OF GOODS TO EUROPE are hereby notified that in case of any packages being shipped through our EXPRESS containing gunpowder or any other explosive or dangerous material, they will be prosecuted to the extreme penalty of the law, viz.: fine, $1,000. AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.

REMOVED TO!!!

NO. 251 5TH-AV.

DR. VON EISENBERG

Begs to inform his patients and the public generally that, in consequence of the disastrous fire which has occurred at his former residence, No. 816 Broadway, he has removed his office to

NO. 251 5TH-AV., CORNER 28TH-ST.,

where, he is happy to inform his patients, he has far superior accommodations for treating his specialties,

EYE, EAR, THROAT, LUNGS, CHRONIC CATARRH, HEART AND CONSUMPTION.

Dr. Von Eisenberg's new apparatus, the Æsthetico-Nuralgicon, for the treatment of his peculiar specialties, is entirely renovated, and will have some new additions made which the Doctor has lately found it required.

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IS

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE.

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SLEEVE-BUTTONS AND STUDS,

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BACK NUMBERS OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES for 1861, '62, '63, '64, '65 and '66 for sale. Apply at or address Subscription Desk of the New-York *Times* Office.

THE WOOD LAWN CEMETERY,

Situate on the line of the Harlem Railroad, at Wood Lawn Station, about 7 miles north of the Central Park. Office No. 32 East 26th-st., (opposite the Harlem Railroad depot.) WILLIAM CLIFT, Comptroller.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Bremen, per steamer HERMANN, and for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF LONDON, on SATURDAY, May 5, will close at this office at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:05 A. M.; Stations C and D, 7:45 A. M.; Stations E and F, 7:20 A. M.; Station G, 7:25 A. M.

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE FRENCH Mail via Brest and Havre, per steamer LAFAYETTE, on SATURDAY, May 5, will close at this Office at 8 A. M., and at the Up-town Offices as follows: On FRIDAY, 4th inst., Stations A and B, 8:30 P. M.; Stations C and D, 8:15 P. M.; Stations E and F, 8 P. M.; Station G, 7:50 P. M.

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. DILLENBACK

ON RESPIRATORY EXERCISE IN THE PREVENTION AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

As physical exercise serves to develop and increase the muscular powers of the system, so respiratory exercise, when systematically and faithfully persevered in, will increase the power and expansibility of the lungs. And to those having narrow chests and in any way predisposed to consumption, I know of no plan so well calculated to ward off and fortify them against its fearful approach. And even when the disease has already fixed its relentless grasp upon the system, these voluntary chest movements, by admitting more air into the lungs than is done by the common act of breathing, serve as powerful auxiliaries in staying its further progress, and restoring the lungs to a normal condition. In this manner all the air passages are kept free and pervious, the oxygenation of the blood and the removal of carbonic acid are effected—all objects of great importance, and capable of being promoted by the means in question.

This system of breathing exercise is not only applicable in cases where the chest is solely concerned, but is equally valuable and efficacious in dyspepsia, diseases of the heart and other affections where the circulation is feeble, and a general indisposition to mental and corporeal exercise exists. In these cases it is remarkable how very imperfectly the acts of respiration are often performed, and how little change is effected in the air within the lungs by each repetition of the act. The chest is scarcely seen to rise during a common act of respiration. The patient is incapable of aiding it even by an increased voluntary effort; short spasmodic breathing comes on upon the slightest bodily exertion, and it is apparent to the most common observer that not one-half the number of cubic inches of air which belong to natural inspiration enter the lungs. It follows that the required changes in the blood do not take place, and all the organs and functions in life suffer in consequence. The carbon, instead of being eliminated as it would be, were a sufficient amount of oxygen permitted to enter the lungs, is suffered to flow on, carrying its poisonous and deadly influences to every part of the system.

Who does not see that these causes, constantly operating upon the system, must impoverish the blood and sooner or later end in tubercular consumption? And since these important changes in the blood can only be effected in the act of respiration or breathing, and commanding the function as we do to a greater or less extent, both in the quantity and quality of the air inspired, we should avail ourselves of all the advantages it affords for the prevention and cure of disease. The importance of a daily and systematic course of respiratory exercise cannot be over-estimated. We have long been in the habit of recommending it to our patients; and we fully concur in the opinion of M. Piorry, a French physician of eminence in diseases of the lungs, that the voluntary and deep inflation of the lungs with pure air will not only increase the power and expansibility of the chest, and thus promote the chemical changes necessary to the depuration of the blood, but that it is a potent auxiliary for the removal of tubercular deposits.

In the commencement of this practice the respiratory muscles being weak, the patient may not be able to fill the lungs without some degree of breathlessness and fatigue, but as he progresses the difficulty gradually lessens, his respirations daily become deeper and fuller, the quantity of air inspired is proportionately increased, all the functions of the chest are brought into more healthy activity, and the vital forces are greatly augmented. The course usually adopted is to place the patient in a sitting or standing posture, with the trunk erect, the shoulders drawn downward and backward, and the chest thrown forward. The mouth is kept a little open, and the patient is directed to inhale gently while he very evenly expands the chest to its utmost limits; at the end of the inspiration he is directed to retain the chest in its expanded state for two or three seconds before expiration is commenced. So rapid has frequently been the improvement of the patient under this system, that in a few weeks we have seen the walls of the chest, which were flattened and depressed below the clavicles, become elevated, round and full at every deep inspiration, and the size of the chest, by actual measurement, has been increased from two to three inches. And from the expansion of the chest thus acquired, and the increased amount of oxygen brought in contact with the blood, a glow of health is imparted to the cheek, and the appetite, the power of digestion, as well as the assimilative functions, are all greatly improved.

This is not a mere fancy; it is based upon sound philosophy and well-established physiological laws, and we claim that no treatment of consumption can be successful that does not embody this important principle. When it is desired to develop the muscles, increase the bodily vigor and improve the general tone of the system, we are told to exercise. So would we say to those whose respiratory organs are weak, and whose lungs are naturally predisposed to disease, if you would avoid consumption and all its disastrous results, live in the open air as much as you can; strive to develop the power and capacity of the lungs, and call into healthy activity all their latent energies and impaired functions by a daily and systematic course of respiratory exercise.

This then is one of the chief corner-stones upon which is founded our treatment by Medical Inhalations; and when it is considered that by means of these simple respiratory exercises so great an amount of good is effected, what additional benefits may we not expect to derive by conveying remedies armed with the power of cure through the same channel, directly to the seat of the disease in the lungs?

These few practical suggestions have been thrown out under the pressure of professional engagements, and if they shall in any degree promote the advancement of medical science, or tend to prolong the life or rescue some one from a consumptive's grave, I shall feel that my labor is not in vain

Dr. DILLENBACK'S new work on Consumption and Diseases of the Air-Passages, beautifully illustrated with colored lithographs and engravings, and explaining his system and the success with which it has been attended, can be obtained at the book-store of William Wood & Co., No. 61 Walker-st., New-York.

Dr. DILLENBACK will visit New-York, and can be seen professionally at his rooms, No. 113 9th-st., a few doors west of Broadway, New-York, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Principal office in Boston, No. 3 Bullfinch-st., where all communications should be addressed.

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AMERICAN SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY.—The Thirty-eighth Anniversary of the American Seamen's Friend Society will be held in Irving Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, May 7, at 7½ o'clock. Speakers—Rev. W. H. H. MURRAY, of Greenwich, Conn.; Rev. A. E. KITTREDGE, of this City, and Rev. J. N. ANDREWS, Seamen's Chaplain at Wilmington, N. C.

A. A. FAVAGER'S LAST FRENCH CLASS for ladies and gentlemen is now progressing rapidly and promises more than any preceding one. It meets every EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at No. 9 University-place. See "Instruction."

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Publishers, New-York.

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The publisher has great pleasure in announcing a treatise on Asiatic Cholera, by R. NELSON, M. D., one of our most distinguished physicians, as well known in Europe as in America. His eminent career as a surgeon in Canada, California, and his personal intercourse with the greatest minds of Europe, render any production from his pen, especially upon a subject of real, vital interest to the community, one of great public importance and value. The work is concisely written, free from technicalities, and adapted to popular as well as scientific readers.

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CASH CAPITAL........................$200,000
SURPLUS, APRIL 26, 1866........52,000
LOSSES UNPAID........................1,095

W. D. WADDINGTON, President.
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By WM. C. GILMAN,
NO. 46 PINE-ST.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
No. 5 BOWLING-GREEN,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

The balance of thirty per cent. due on the capital stock of this Company will be payable by stockholders to the Treasurer, at this office, on or before MONDAY, 11th June next.

A quarterly dividend of two and a half per cent. will be paid on 1st June next to stockholders of record on 31st May, free of Government tax.

The books of transfer, at the Agency of the Farmer's Loan and Trust Company, will be closed on SATURDAY, 19th May, and will be reopened for the transfer of full-paid stock on MONDAY, 11th June.

Such stockholders as choose to pay the instalment of thirty per cent. before the closing of the books, will be entitled to receive their dividend on such full-paid stock.

By order of the Board of Directors,
FRANKLIN ALLEN, Secretary.

CHARLES REID & SON.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Norfolk, Va.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and shipment of STAVES and SHINGLES, CORN, COTTON and NAVAL STORES. Refer to

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No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,
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NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY
AND ABROAD

BANK OF AMERICA.

The stockholders of the BANK OF AMERICA are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the banking house, on MONDAY, the 7th day of May next. The poll will open at 12 o'clock and close at 2 o'clock, P. M. The transfer books will remain closed from the morning of April 28 until the morning of May 8.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

THOMAS WILDES & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
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Buy and sell on Commission, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, RAILROAD STOCKS and BONDS, AMERICAN GOLD, INSURANCE STOCKS and SCRIP, and MINING and PETROLEUM STOCKS.

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KEOKUK BONDS!

The compromise settlement for the old discredited and illegal bonds of the City of Keokuk, will be made on and after June 20, 1866. All parties holding contracts with the undersigned for exchange into new bonds and stocks, or cash, will receive the same on presentation as above.

All bonds not represented in this compromise settlement except the "Wharf Bonds" will be strictly ignored by the City of Keokuk.
J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway,
Special Agent, City of Keokuk.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE; NATIONAL EXPRESS AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY,
RICHMOND, April 28, 1866.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company, held 26th instant, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the President be directed to issue a call for FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE on the capital stock of the Company, payable on May 10, 1866.

In pursuance of the above resolution, the stockholders of this Company residing in New-York and vicinity, will pay their respective assessments to THE UNION TRUST COMPANY, No. 73 Broadway, New-York, by the date specified, May 10, 1866; said Company being authorized to receipt to them for the same.
J. E. JOHNSTON, President
National Express and Transportation Company.

By order of the President the transfer books will be closed from May 1, 1866, until the payment by the stockholders of the five dollars a share above called.
J. V. H. ALLEN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 4, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR MANAGERS of this Company will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 8th day of May next. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock (noon) until 2 o'clock P. M.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 8th day of May next, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board. ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.

DAUPHIN AND SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY.—SCHUYLKILL AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD COMPANY RAILROAD BONDS.—The Bonds of the Dauphin and Susquehanna Coal Company, now the Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad Company, secured by first mortgage, dated the twenty-second day of April, A. D., 1851, and due May 1, 1866, will be purchased at par on the day of their maturity by and at the office of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, No. 227 South Fourth-st., in the City of Philadelphia.

For the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co.
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, April 27, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON the 15th day of May, 1866, the interest upon all certificates of deposit on account of temporary loan (other than those issued for Clearing-house purposes) then outstanding and unpaid, will be reduced to the uniform rate of five per cent. per annum from that date; and all persons then holding such certificates in which a higher rate of interest is specified, are requested to present the same to the officers by whom issued, that other certificates may be substituted therefor.
H. McCULLOCH, Secretary of Treasury.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIAN COPPER CO.,
No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN assessment of two dollars per share has been levied upon the capital stock of the Shelden and Columbian Copper Company, payable on the 18th day of May inst., at the office of the Company. All assessments not promptly paid will be charged interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. No transfer of stock will be allowed after the above date, unless the assessment shall have been paid thereon. By order of the Board.
NEW-YORK, May 3, 1866. S. J. EDWARDS, Sec.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL PARK FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 168 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 5, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, and Inspectors for next Election, will be held at the Office of the Company, on MONDAY, May 14, 1866. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed until after the election.
J. L. TOWNSEND, Secretary.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY,
NEW-YORK, May 3, 1866.

ADJOURNED STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING will be held at the Company's office, No. 48 Exchange-place, Room No. 20, on MONDAY next, the 7th inst., at 12½ o'clock.

New questions of unusual interest have arisen and will yet arise.

A full attendance is requested.
L. H. MEYER, President.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO.,
CHICAGO, Ill., April 24, 1866.

COUPONS OF CHICAGO AND ALTON Railroad First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, due May 1, 1866, will be paid on and after that date, less Government tax, at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 24 Broadway, New-York.
W. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, April 27, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Joliet and Chicago Railroad Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on WEDNESDAY, the 9th of May, 1866. Transfer books will be closed on Saturday, the 28th, and opened on the 10th prox.
SAMUEL A. STRANG, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 6 Beekman-st., Room [illegible] Park Bank

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS

IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1866.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered, '81	108¾	109	June, 7-30	102	102½
Coupon, '81	108¾	109	July, 7-30	102	102½
5-20 Regist'd, '62	101½	102	June, C.I.N't's, '64	111¾	112
5-20 Coupon, '62	102	102½	July, C.I.N't's, '64	111	111½
5-20 Coupon, '64	102	102¼	Aug., C.I.N't's, '64	110	110½
5-20 Coupon, '65	102	102½	Oct., C.I.N't's, '64	109½	110
10-40 Registered	95	95	Dec., C.I.N't's, '64	108½	109
10-40 Coupon	95	96	May, C.I.N't's, '65	106½	106½
Curr'y Certifs.	100¼	100¾	Aug., C.I.N't's, '65	105	105
Gold	127½	127½	Sept., C.I.N't's, '65	104½	104¾
August, 7-30	102	102½	Oct., C.I.N't's, '65	103½	104

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JAY COOKE & CO.

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We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES,
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS,
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

And execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
JAY COOKE & CO.

INSURANCE SCRIP.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP OF
1864, 1865, 1866,
Wanted by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, April 28, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Treasurer of the United States, the Assistant Treasurers at New-York, Philadelphia and Boston, and the United States Depositaries at Baltimore and Cincinnati, have been directed to discontinue from this date the receipt of deposits on account of Temporary Loan, except those intended for Clearing-house purposes.
H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REMOVAL.
THE BROOKLYN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
has removed to
NO. 191 BROADWAY, CORNER DEY-ST.

CAPITAL........................$153,000 00
SURPLUS, Jan. 1, 1866.........125,386 43
Total..............................278,386 43

FRANCIS P. FURNALD, President.
JOHN W. CHENEY, Secretary.

CIRCULAR.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
ALBANY, April 27, 1866.

The following regulations are hereby adopted for the issue of the indebtedness of this State, authorized by chapter 325, Laws of 1865, and chapter 209, Laws of 1866, and published for public information:

First—The new issue will be in the form of registered stock, and bonds with coupons attached, payable in twelve years from the seventh day of April, 1865, with interest at the rate of seven per cent., payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and the Comptroller's Revenue Bonds, issued under chapter 56, Laws of 1865, may be converted into either form of indebtedness as may be desired.

Second—Holders of Revenue Bonds maturing on the first day of July, 1866, are required, on or before the first day of June next, to surrender the same to the Transfer Agent of the State, at the Bank of the Manhattan Company, in the City of New-York, (who will issue receipts therefor,) and at the same time signify the form of indebtedness, whether Registered Stock or Coupon Bonds, they desire in exchange. The transfer books will close on the first day of June next, to afford time for the preparation of the new issue, which will be ready for delivery at the Bank of the Manhattan Company on the first of July following, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

Third—Revenue Bonds maturing on the first of January, 1867, will be convertible at that time, or they may be converted at the option of the holders on the first of July next, in conformity with the foregoing regulations.
THOS. HILLHOUSE, Comptroller.

ELECTION NOTICE.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 39 South 4th-st., St. Louis, Mo., on MONDAY, the 4th of June next, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 5th of May to the 4th of June, inclusive.
J. B. RALSTON, Secretary.

50,000 ACRES OF LAND WARRANTS
WANTED AT BEST MARKET PRICE.
A. WILKINS, Broker, Detroit, Mich.

STUDIO VAULT
FOR THE SAFE KEEPING OF VALUABLES,
Offices in the Studio Building,
No. 51 West 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.,
and No. 52 Wall-st.
Fire and burglar-proof accommodations
for the reception of
family silver,
Government and coupon bonds, bullion, cash-boxes, bank notes, artists' studies,
and valuables of all descriptions.
Private safes, with combination and other locks, to rent by the year.
Private office for the use of customers.
RICHARD P. RUNDLE, Manager.

$5,000 REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR the apprehension of JOHN ROSS, so called, lately doing business as a broker at No. 44 Exchange-place, in this city, who absconded on the 2d inst., having committed forgeries of bank checks to a large amount. The following is a description of his person: Age, 35; height, 5 feet 9 inches; thin; high cheek bones; sunken cheeks; eyes dark and deep set; hair dark brown; sallow complexion, consumptive in appearance; coughs when speaking; speaks slowly and chews rhubarb; dressed in dark sack overcoat and cassimere hat; is supposed to have in his possession upwards of $200,000 in money or funds, a portion in compound interest notes. In addition to the above reward for his arrest, ten per cent. will be paid on the amount recovered from him.
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,
U. A. MURDOCK, President.
UNION NATIONAL BANK,
EDWARD ARTHUR, President.
NEW-YORK, May 3, 1866.
BARNEY, BUTLER & PARSONS, Attorneys,
Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 227 SOUTH 4TH-ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, April 23, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE stockholders of this Company, that the option of receiving their dividends in stock or cash, under the resolution of the Board of 11th December, 1865, will cease on and after the 31st of May, 1866, and that such stockholders as do not demand their dividends to be paid to them in stock on or before that day will be thereafter entitled to receive it in cash only.
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY of New-York are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 146 Broadway, on MONDAY, May 14, instant. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 2 o'clock P. M.
Per order, FREDERICK FOSTER, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the New-York and Canada Oil Company for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year will be held on TUESDAY, 8th of May, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at No. 203 Canal-st. R. C. SCOTT, Secretary.

THE COUPONS OF THE BONDS OF the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, due on the 1st day of May next, will be paid at the Merchants National Bank, City of New-York.
ISAAC VAN WAGENEN, Treasurer.

LAND WARRANTS AND COLLEGE Land Scrip purchased and for sale by
C. & G. WOODMAN,
No. 60 Wall-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID,
FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX,
ON SUMS FROM $1 TO $5,000,
BY THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 26th-st. and 3d-av.

DIVIDENDS.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1866.

DIVIDEND.

The regular Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. has been this day declared out of the profits of the last six months, payable, free of Government tax, on demand.
CHARLES P. HARTT, Cashier.

THE NASSAU BANK,
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1866.

TWENTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the stockholders (free of Government tax) on and after the 10th inst. The transfer books are closed until that date.
F. M. HARRIS, Cashier.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN PETROLEUM CO.,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. has been declared, free from Government tax, payable on the 15th inst. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.
W. A. HALL, Treasurer.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York; mantles put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS, FLOOR-TILING monuments, headstones, &c., can be purchased at wholesale prices from a large and well-assorted stock.
FISHER & BIRD, Steam Marble Works,
Nos. 97 to 103 East Houston-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 309 Washington-st., near Reade.

AUCTION SALES.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on MONDAY, May 21, 1866, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, in the City of New-York, the following real estate:

1. Gore of land northside of Chambers-st., near William-st.
2. Parcel of land east side of Corlears-st., between Front and Water sts.
3. Block bounded by Hoboken, West and Canal sts.
4. Lot north side of 35th-st., near 3d-av.
5. Lot north side of 56th-st., near 6th-av.
6. Two lots north and south sides of 49th-st., on east Lexington-av.
7. Six lots, north and south sides 58th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
8. Two blocks of land between 67th and 69th sts., 4th, Madison and 5th avs.
9. Seventy-four lots between 51st and 57th sts., 3d and 4th avs.
10. Two lots west side of 4th-av., between 75th and 76th sts.
11. Thirty-eight lots 77th and 78th sts., 4th and 5th avs.
12. Thirty-five lots 79th and 80th sts., 4th and 5th avs.
13. Thirty-four lots 81st and 82d sts., Madison and 5th avs.
14. Two lots south side 82d-st., near 4th-av.
15. One lot southwest corner 120th-st. and 12th-av.
16. Two lots north side 79th-st., south side 80th-st., near 3d-av.
17. Eight lots west side of 9th-av., 94th and 95th sts.
18. Lot east side of 2d-av., near 78th-st.
19. Thirty-seven lots south side 79th-st. and 3d and 4th avs.
20. Forty-five lots 74th and 75th sts., 3d and 4th avs.

Warrantee deeds will be given.

Lithographic maps may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office, Hall of Records, on or after May 10 next.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the auctioneer's fee of twenty dollars on each lot, to be paid at the Comptroller's Office each day immediately after the sale. Twenty per cent. on June 1 next, when the deeds will be ready for delivery; and the balance, (seventy per cent.,) or any portion thereof, at the option of the purchaser, may remain on bond and mortgage for five years from June 1, 1866, with interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly. The amount on bond and mortgage may be paid off at any time within the five years, on giving one month's notice to the Comptroller; or it may be paid in installments of not less than five hundred dollars, on any day when interest is due within the five years.

The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole property is disposed of.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, HALL OF RECORDS, April 19, 1866.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION,
MAY 9, 1866.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will hold their thirty-seventh auction sale of coal on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of May, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, at their new salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., New-York, at which time they will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers,

FROM 15,000 TO 20,000 TONS

of fresh-mined Scranton coal, of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of May inst.

The sale will be positive; each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of or on behalf of the Company. The conditions will be fully made known at the time of sale.

TERMS—Fifty cents per ton, in current funds, payable on the day of sale, and the balance, with the Government tax of seven cents per ton, in current funds, within ten days thereafter, at the office of the Company.
JOHN BRISBIN, President.

SALE OF ARMY WAGONS.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1866.

Sealed proposals are invited for the purchase of 570 army wagons, in lots of not less than 25.

These wagons are worn, but still serviceable for road and farming purposes.

Proposals will be received until 12 M. WEDNESDAY, May 9. Payment (in Government funds) will be required upon notification of acceptance of bid, and prior to the delivery of the wagons. The right to reject all bids considered too low is reserved.

These wagons are at Lincoln Depot, about one mile east of the Capitol, and can be seen by applying to Col. TOMPKINS, the Quartermaster in charge.

Proposals should be signed with the bidder's full name, and give his post-office address, indorsed "Proposals to Purchase Army Wagons," and directed to
D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-General and Chief Quartermaster,
Depot of Washington.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

Will be sold at Newbern, North Carolina, a large amount of Ordnance and Ordnance Stores. Sale to commence on the 15th day of May, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., and continue daily until all the property, the principal classes of which are given below, is sold:

Iron and Brass Guns, Gun Carriages, Harness, Saddles, Halters, Bridles, Blankets, Wheels, Old Iron, Lead, Smiths', Armorers' and Saddlers' Tools, Old Leather, Sling Carts, Gins complete, Infantry Equipments, Implements for Field and Siege Guns, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Correct lists of articles to be sold will be furnished upon application to this office.

By order of Brevet Major-Gen. A. B. DYER,
Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.
JASPER MYERS,
Brevet Captain Ordnance Department, U. S. A.
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT, NEWBERN.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HORSES, VICTORIA, ROCKAWAY,

DOG CART, PHAETON, SLEIGHS, HARNESS. By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS MORNING, 5th inst. at 10 o'clock, at the private stable, No 144 East 16th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., the entire establishment of a private gentleman, viz.: An elegant span of bay mares, 15 hands, 7 years old, warranted sound and kind, and very stylish drivers, and can trot in 4 min.; also, a long-tailed bay mare, 15 hands, 6 years old, warranted sound and kind, very stylish, and fine saddle horse; also, a beautiful long tail (Black Hawk) mare, 15½ hands, six years old, sound, kind and gentle in all harness, and chestnut sorrel; also a Morgan stallion, 15 hands, six years old, warranted perfectly sound, kind and gentle in all harness, and good traveler, without fault. Also, a beautiful light victoria, four-wheel dog cart, coupe rockaway, an elegant double sleigh, a Portland cutter, and double and single Harness. Sale peremptory.

FARM AT AUCTION.

A splendid grazing farm, situated in the Township of Monroe, Orange County, State of New-York, four miles from the Hudson River, west of Fort Montgomery, containing three hundred acres, one hundred and thirty-three of which are farm lands, and one hundred and sixty-seven wood land, together with the large and new dwelling-house, containing 15 rooms and cellar; also two barns, one entirely new; corn-crib, &c.

The above property will be sold at public auction, at the Orange Hotel, in the City of Newburgh, on MONDAY, May 21, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M. Terms, 10 per cent. at the time of sale, 30 per cent. on the 10th day of June, when the deed will be ready for delivery, and the balance on bond and mortgage, at the option of the purchaser, for 3 or 5 years, at 7 per cent. For further particulars apply to THOMAS T. FERRIS, Metropolitan Hotel, New-York, or S. W. FULLERTON, Esq., Newburgh, where map can be seen.
R. MILLSPAUGH, Auctioneer.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 19 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, May 3, 1866.

BY DIRECTION OF THE QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL and the Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the East, I will sell at public auction, on the 10th day of May, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the premises, the buildings lately constituting the United States Lansingburgh Hospital, between Troy and Lansingburgh, viz.:

One administration building, 128 feet long, by 40 wide, two stories high; twelve wards, entire length 11,344 feet long by 20 wide; one kitchen, 101 feet long by 40 wide; one mess-room, 144 feet long by 25 wide; one mess-room, 132 feet long by 32 wide; one quartermaster's and commissary's storehouse, 104 feet long by 32 wide; one laundry, 48 feet long by 32 wide; one bakery, 48 feet long by 32 wide; one dead-house, 48 feet long by 24 wide; quarters for surgeon, 40 feet long by 24 wide; quarters for assistant surgeon, 40 feet long by 24 wide; stable, 30 feet long by 20 wide; and two large and two small privies. Also, the covered walks connecting the different buildings.

There will also be sold all of the water-closet fixtures, washing apparatus, one large oven, one pump and all of the lead and iron pipe used for service, supply and soil pipe in the hospital.

The buildings will be sold separately, with the privilege of five where there are that number of the same size.

Terms of sale cash. A deposit of 10 per cent. of bid to be made with the auctioneer at the time of sale, and the balance on rendition of account.

The buildings are of wood, and were built in 1864. They must be removed as soon as practicable, at the cost and risk of the purchaser. The covered walks will be sold by the running foot.

The water-closet fixtures and washing apparatus will be sold separately, with the privilege of the entire lot in all of the wards.

The lead and iron pipe to be sold by the pound as it is buried in the ground, to be dug up at the expense of the purchaser, weighed and delivered by the Quartermaster's agent, and paid for on his certificate.

Further information in regard to the nature and condition of the property, kind of materials and situation, can be had of Capt. W. A. Van Vliet, Quartermaster's Agent, at No. 467 Broadway, Albany, or of the undersigned, at this office.

The Government reserves the right of declining all bids, if they are considered unfair or disadvantageous.
R. C. MORGAN,
Brevet Major and A. Q. M.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
SIXTH DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY SEIZED FOR UNITED STATES TAX.—Notice is hereby given, that under the direction of Hon. MAUNSELL B. FIELD, Collector, I have seized the following property, namely:

1 large square fermenting tub, 1 round fermenting tub, 16 hhds. molasses, 60 empty casks, 6 square fermenting vats, 12 oval fermenting vats, 3 steam-engine boilers, 1 steam-engine, 2 force pumps, 1 grindstone, 4 receiving tubs, 1 cooler, 2 iron receivers, 1 still, (complete,) 38 bbls. whisky in casks, 600 gallons whisky in tubs, 10 empty barrels, 1 square fermenting tub, 4 hhds. molasses, 1 cistern, 1 large mashtub and rakes, 1 receiving tub, 3 runs stone for grinding meal, 7 small tubs, 2 large tubs, 3 yeast tubs, 1 mashtub and rakes, 100 bushels barley, 20 bushels corn, 1 cooler, 1 hoister, 1 elevator, 4 large tubs, 400 bushels meal, 3 tons coal; variety of lead, iron and copper pipes, brass cocks, valves, shafting, pulleys and belts through the building;

Which I will expose for sale by auction at No. 122 West 17th-st., THURSDAY, the 19th April inst., at 12 o'clock M., unless before that time payment be made by or for KAHNWEILER & GOODKIND of $154,073 94, with the costs of these proceedings.
CHARLES P. JOHNSON,
Deputy Collector Sixth District.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, April 26, at the same time and place.
CHARLES P. JOHNSON,
Deputy Collector.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, May 3, at the same hour and place.
CHARLES P. JOHNSON,
Deputy Collector.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, May 10, at the same hour and place.
CHARLES P. JOHNSON,
Deputy Collector.

A COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The subscribers will sell at public auction on TUESDAY, May 15, 1866, between the hours of 1 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house on the premises in the township of Hohokus, Bergen County, New-Jersey, the late residence of David Fally, deceased; about half a mile west of Allendale Station on the New-York and Erie Railroad, in a good neighborhood and pleasant location and contains about 70 acres, more or less, and the land is in a good state of cultivation. For further particulars inquire of GARRET VAN DIEN, Ridgewood Station, or LEVI HOPPER, Ramsey's Station.
GARRET VAN DIEN,
GEORGE H. SMITH,
LEVI HOPPER.

UNITED STATES EXCISE SALE.—PUBLIC notice is hereby given that the following articles, to wit: 5,400 Cabanos cigars, 50 cases leaf tobacco, 2 hogsheads of Kentucky tobacco, 10 boxes plug tobacco, 5 bundles blue paper, lot of snuff, chewing shorts, and smoking tobacco, has been distrained upon for non-payment of taxes, and that the same will be sold at public auction, at the store No. 34 Vandewater-st., New-York City, on the 8th day of May, 1866, at 12 o'clock M. of that day.
SHERIDAN SHOOK,
Collector 32d District, New-York.
Dated NEW-YORK, April 25, 1866.

E. T. WILLS, Auctioneer.

MONDAY, 7TH, AT 10 O'CLOCK, AUCTION sale of office furniture, iron safe, mahogany desks, copying presses, eight-day clock, gas-fixtures, stove and pipe, tables, chairs, horses, truck and other articles.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

Will sell on THURSDAY, May 10, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., by order of Simeon Draper, United States Cotton Agent,

1,800 BALES UPLAND AND GULF COTTON.

The above Cotton has been classed and sampled by G. W. Amory, and may be seen in the bale at the Continental Stores, Brooklyn, and by sample at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 112 Pearl-st., New-York, two days before the sale.

SALE OF SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1866.

Will be sold at auction, under the direction of Capt. D. G. Thomas, military storekeeper at clothing depot, Armory-square, this city, on MONDAY, May 14, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

17,800 spades, new;
5,800 short-handled and 1,500 long-handled shovels, new, and
90 Sibley tents, worn.

These spades and shovels are from the best manufacturers, and many of them are in original packages.

Tents will be sold singly, spades and shovels in lots of twelve, with the privilege of twelve dozen. Five days are allowed purchasers to remove their goods.

In addition to the above, there will be sold, at the same time and place, the following articles, viz.:

6,875 felling axes, with handles.
250 felling axes, without handles.
3,775 picks, with handles.
800 picks, without handles.

Terms cash, in Government funds.
D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-General and Chief Quartermaster,
Depot Washington.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE

AT MILBURN, UNION COUNTY, N. J., AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 8, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building):

MILBURN.—A suburban residence and 45 acres of land pleasantly situated at Union, N. J., within two miles of the Milburn depot, on the Morris and Essex Railroad, 17 miles or one hour from New-York. The house is two stories high, with wing, and contains 10 rooms and cellar; neatly finished and in good order, with fine prospect and all necessary outbuildings. Farmer's cottage, new, with seven rooms; 38 acres under cultivation, with good soil and well fenced. The garden is beautifully laid out with flowers, shrubbery and vegetables; garden now being attended to; good well of water. Well arranged for a gentleman's residence. 4 miles from Elizabeth and 7 miles from Newark. Also, 7 acres turf meadow some distance from the above, which will be sold at the same time and place.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF THE MILITARY RAILROAD AT BRAZOS SANTIAGO, TEXAS.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1866.

The attention of capitalists seeking a profitable investment, is invited to this sale.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Quartermaster-General, (Division of River and Rail Transportation,) at Washington, D. C., until the first day of June next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purchase of all the right, title and interest of the United States, in and to the United States Military Railroad from Brazos Santiago to White's Ranche, Texas.

The sale will include the entire track and sidings, buildings, water-stations, turntables, bridges, &c., the railroad materials and supplies pertaining to the road, together with the rolling-stock, cars, machinery and other equipment.

The sale will not include the title to the land, which does not belong to the United States.

This road is about ten miles in length, and extends from Brazos Santiago to White's Ranche, on the Rio Grande. From this point connection is made by steamer with Brownsville and Matamoras.

This route is the shortest and best for the immense traffic between the Gulf of Mexico and the interior of Southern Texas and Northern Mexico, and the communication by rail alone can readily be extended to Brownsville.

The road already completed saves thirty miles of difficult and tortuous navigation. Boats on the river now charge, it is stated, for freight to Brownsville, as high as $5 per barrel, and for passengers $15 each.

The road is five feet gauge, good ties, T rail, and full spiked.

More particular description of the property can be obtained at this office, or at that of the Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Gulf, at New-Orleans.

A condition of the sale will be that transportation shall be furnished for all Government troops and supplies, whenever required, at the rates paid by Government at the time to the New-York Central Railroad.

The terms of payment accepted will be those considered the most favorable to the Government.

Ten per cent. cash, in Government funds, to be paid on acceptance of proposal.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for purchase of Brazos Santiago and Rio Grande Railroad," and addressed to the Division of River and Rail Transportation, Quartermaster-General's office, Washington, D. C.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.
ALEXANDER BLISS,
Brevet Colonel and A. Q. M., in charge Fourth Division, Q. M. G. O.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 19 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, April 30, 1866.

BY DIRECTION OF THE QUARTERmaster-General and the Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the East, I will sell at public auction on TUESDAY, May 8, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the premises on Mill-st., Newark, N. J., the buildings heretofore constituting the U. S. "Ward" General Hospital in that city, viz.:

One administration building, 132 feet long by 38 feet wide. One mess hall, with wings, 400 feet long by 38 feet wide. Seventeen wards, entire length, 3,179 feet by 24 feet wide. One guard-house and prison, 120 feet long by 24 feet wide. One operating room, 30 by 10. One laundry and boiler house, 90 by 24. One knapsack house, 70 by 24. One officers' mess-house, 16 by 24. One dead-house, 40 by 20. One tank-house (octagonal, 2 stories high,) with tank of 12,000 gallons capacity. One engine and pump house, 15 by 15. One stable and ambulance shed, 50 by 24. Four water-closets, each 20 by 10. The buildings are of wood, and were erected in the Summer of 1865.

There will also be sold 2 steam pumps with boilers, 2 cauldron furnaces, 3 ranges, (one Harrison's Kitchener, 7 feet long and 4 high,) 1 large oven and baking apparatus, (bread troughs, bins, pans, &c.), all the water-closet fixtures; washing and bathing apparatus; also all the lead and iron pipe used for service, supply and soil pipe in the hospital; also the fence inclosing the entire premises, 5,740 feet long.

The buildings will be sold separately, with the privilege of five, where there are that number of the same size.

Terms of sale CASH. A deposit of five per cent. of bid to be made with the auctioneer at time of sale, and the balance paid on rendition of account.

The buildings must be removed as soon as practicable, and at the risk of the purchaser.

The water-closet fixtures, washing and bathing apparatus, will be sold in each ward separately, with the privilege of the entire lot in all the wards. The lead and iron pipe to be sold by the pound, as they lie buried in the ground, to be dug up at the expense of the purchaser, weighed and delivered by the Quartermaster's agent, and paid for on his certificate.

Further information in regard to the nature and kind of materials, and their situation and condition, can be had of the undersigned.

The Government reserves the right of declining all bids offered, if they are considered unfair or disadvantageous.
R. C. MORGAN,
Bret. Maj. and A. Q. M.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

MONDAY, MAY 7.

At 10½ o'clock A. M., at No. 85 2d-place, between Court and Clinton sts., Brooklyn, rosewood, walnut, oak and chesnut marble-top parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, marble-top hatstand, secretary bookcase, hair mattresses, Brussels carpets, &c.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—60 or 70 carpets, parlor suites, cottage furniture, curtains, &c., &c.

This day, SATURDAY, May 5, at 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 724 Broadway, opposite the New-York Hotel, a very large and general assortment of good, new and second-hand furniture of every kind and description, from 30 or 40 different families, and embracing 10,000 different qualities of parlor, dining-room, bedroom and basement goods, together with 60 or 70 carpets of velvet tapestry, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain; also, oilcloths, curtains, mirrors, &c., &c.; also, a large number of feather beds, hair mattresses, &c., &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction, on SATURDAY, May 5, at 10 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 23 Liberty-st.: ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor, dining-room, library and chamber furniture; carpet, mirrors, curtains, &c.; plated ware, china, crockery, glassware, &c.; also, an assortment of kitchen furniture.

ALSO,
at 12 o'clock,
PIANOS, &c.—Several rosewood 6½-octave pianos, Alexandre's organs, and several melodeons.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—MATTHEW L. NELSON, plaintiff, against DAVID WATTS, ISAAC A. CRANE, DIXON A. GIVEN and G. D. DOUGLAS, defendants. Summons for relief; com. not served. To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 106 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated APRIL 12, 1866.
VAN VORST & BEARDSLEE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 106 Broadway, New-York.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of May, 1866. VAN VORST & BEARDSLEE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

[Fifty-cent revenue stamp canceled.]
my5-law-6w*

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK—HENRY R. RANNEY against JAMES THOMPSON—Summons for money demand on contract—(Com. not ser.)—United States revenue stamp 50 cents canceled.—To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 74 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and forty-three dollars, with interest from the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Nov. 3, 1865.
BEEBE, DEAN & DONOHUE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 74 Wall-st., New-York.

The complaint in this action was filed with the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 17th day of April, 1866. BEEBE, DEAN & DONOHUE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
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ARTIFICIAL EYES.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

THOS. J. DAVIS, maker and inserter of the improved artificial human eye, has removed from No. 483 Broadway to No. 64 East 15th-st., New-York.

OFFICERS OF THE NAVY WHO LOST their personal effects when serving on vessels lost or destroyed, can recover pay for the same by the recent act of Congress. We have the proper forms for application.
L. BROWN & CO., No. 1 B[illegible]-place.

DRY GOODS.

RIDING WHIPS,

CANES,

AND

TRAVELING BAGS.

A large variety just received from PARIS by steamer Pereia.

AT

UNION ADAMS',

NO. 637 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK.

BARGAINS
IN
FRENCH CHINA.

DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, &c., &c.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
NO. 631 BROADWAY.
SOLE AGENTS IN NEW-YORK FOR THE SALE OF H. N. HOOPER & CO.'S GAS FIXTURES.

PARIS.

LA COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE,
BOULEVARD DES CAPUCINES, NOS. 35 AND 37;
RUE ST. ARNAUD, NO. 7, AND
RUE NEUVE DES CAPUCINES, NO. 16.

SILK STUFFS,
MANTLES, VISITES, CLOAKS, &c.,
PRINTED MUSLINS,
LACE,
INDIA CACHEMIRES,
FRENCH SHAWLS,
FANCY TISSUES.

The COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE has the honor to inform American ladies that they will find at their establishment warerooms for the IMMEDIATE CUTTING OUT AND MAKING UP DRESSES in the first style of fashion and most elegant patterns.

WEDDING OUTFITS.

Since its foundation, the COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE has not ceased to occupy itself particularly in the selection of articles of taste and of superior quality. Consequently this Company is unrivaled in Paris and enjoys a universal reputation.

SPRING FASHIONS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF
CLOTH AND SILK SACQUES AND BASQUES,
CLOAKINGS, MANTILLAS, SILKS, TRIMMINGS, &c
AT
CAMPBELL'S EMPORIUM,
No. 898 BROADWAY, between 19th and 20th sts.

BARGAINS
IN
GAS
FIXTURES.

W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
NO. 631 BROADWAY,
SOLE AGENTS IN NEW-YORK
FOR THE SALE
OF
H. N. HOOPER & CO.'S
CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS, &c., &c.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, 739 BROADWAY,
OPPOSITE ASTOR-PLACE, FORMERLY 657.

All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Dresses, Sacks, Blankets, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Babies' Caps, Spencers, &c.

Ladies' Embroidered Chemise Yokes, Nightgown Yokes, Ladies' Ready-made Under-garments of Ladies' and Misses' Sets, Varieties, Handkerchiefs and Skirts.;

Initials and Coats of Arms Embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes

Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for Embroideries and Braiding.

BLACK THREAD LACE SHAWLS,
REAL LLAMA DES INDES LACE SHAWLS,
at auction prices.
JOSEPH TUCKER, Importer,
East River National Bank Building, No. 680 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

Mesdames VIRFOLET, No. 17 Clinton-place, beg leave to inform their customers, and the public in general, that they have just received from Paris their usual assortment of Summer cloaks and white muslin dresses. They offer, too, for sale, their well-known corsets, expressly made for their house.

ELGER'S CHEAP STORE.—NEW GOODS at reduced prices; ribbons, trimmings, laces, embroideries, linen handkerchiefs, collars, sets, Cluny lace, magic ruffings, fallings, edgings, French and German corsets, shirts, new styles, of the best makers. Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side. N. B.—English brushes, scissors and small wares.

CARPETINGS.—GEORGE KEYES, NO. 343 8th-av., will exhibit on MONDAY new Spring Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpetings, Oilcloths, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Table and Piano Covers, Window Shades, (new designs,) Nottingham and Lace Curtains, &c., at popular prices.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S HATS.—ALL THE NEW styles at L. BINNS' Millinery, No. 577 Broadway. School hats and bonnets for Misses. Ladies' bonnets and hats, all the nobby styles in vogue. If you wish the oddities, we have them.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

VIGELIUS & SEYMOUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
LEAF TOBACCO,
Nos. 182 and 184 Pearl-st.
Leaf tobacco received on consignment.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

POLICE NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that Chapter 475, of the Laws of 1866, provides that "it shall be unlawful for the owner, lessee or other person having possession or charge of any row-boat, sail-boat, or other vessel, to use or in any manner employ the same on any waters within the Metropolitan Police District, without having first procured a license authorizing such use from the Board of Metropolitan Police.

The provisions of the act do not apply to any boat or vessel enrolled, licensed or registered under the laws of the United States, or of this State; or to any boat or vessel used by any public officer in the discharge of his duties; or to any ferry-boat operated by steam power; or to any foreign ship or vessel, or any row-boat belonging to the same, while used in conveying her master or crew to or from said vessel while in port; or to any canal-boat; or to any yawl-boat belonging to any registered boat or vessel, while used in the legitimate business of said boat or vessel; or any boat used by a licensed pilot."

Applications for license may be made on and after the 5th inst., at "The Bureau of Boat Inspection," Rooms Nos. 14 and 45, at the Central Department of the Metropolitan Police, No. 300 Mulberry-st., New-York.

Blank forms of application can be obtained at the following places: Central Department, No. 300 Mulberry-st., New-York Inspector's Office; City Hall, Brooklyn; and at the several Station-houses of New-York and Brooklyn.
S. C. HAWLEY, Chief Clerk.
MAY 2, 1866.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 13th day of April, 1866, I shall proceed to draw Jurors for the following Courts, to be held in and for the City and County of New-York, on the 7th day of May, 1866:

A panel of 100 Petit Jurors for a Supreme Court, Oyer and Terminer, Part I.

A panel of 36 Grand Jurors for a Supreme Court, Oyer and Terminer, Part I.

A panel of 150 Petit Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

A panel of 36 Grand Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

Two panels of 100 Petit Jurors each, for a Supreme Court Circuit, Parts I. and II.

Two panels of 104 Petit Jurors each, for a Court of Common Pleas, Parts I. and II.

Two panels of 104 Petit Jurors each, for a Superior Court, Parts I. and II.
WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE on Streets of the Board of Aldermen will meet in the Chamber of the Board, City Hall, on SATURDAY, May 5, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering a petition of property owners and residents on the line of West-street, asking for the widening of said street from Canal-street to the Battery; also, the extension of Fifth-avenue across Washington-square, to connect with Thompson-street, and the widening of said street from Washington-square to Canal-street.

All persons affected by either of the above proposed improvements are invited to be present.
MICHAEL NORTON,
BERNARD REILLY,
CHARLES McBRIEN,
Committee on Streets.

PROPOSALS

SALE OF GOVERNMENT LUMBER.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, May 21, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase of 563,000 feet of Government lumber, of the following sizes and descriptions, viz.:

18,000 feet 1½-inch oak.	36,000 feet 1¼-inch ash.
100,000 feet 2-inch oak.	74,000 feet 2-inch ash.
128,000 feet 2½-inch oak.	32,000 feet 3-inch ash.
120,000 feet 3-inch oak.	22,000 feet 4-inch ash.
14,000 feet 3½-inch oak.	2,000 feet 5-inch ash.
13,000 feet 4-inch oak.	3,000 feet ¾-inch pine.
16,000 feet 2-inch hickory.	24,000 feet ¾-inch pine.
[illegible] feet 3-inch hickory.	27,000 feet 1-inch pine.
[illegible] feet 3½-inch hickory.	26,000 feet ¾-inch poplar.
14,000 feet 4-inch hickory.	13,000 feet 1-inch poplar.

The above is a very superior lot of well-seasoned Lumber, and can be seen by applying to Brevet Colonel C. H. Tompkins, Quartermaster in charge at Lincoln Depot, about one mile east of the Capitol.

Bids will be received for the purchase of ten thousand feet and upward. The undersigned reserves the right to reject all the bids, should they be considered too low.

Payment (in Government funds) will be required upon notification of acceptance of bid, and prior to the delivery of the Lumber, which must be removed within fifteen days after the proposal is accepted.

Proposals should be signed with the bidders full name, and give his Post-office address, indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Lumber," and directed to
D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-General and Chief Quartermaster,
Depot of Washington.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS, April 17, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR EACH BUILDING separately, indorsed "Proposals for Repairing buildings at the Norfolk Navy-yard," will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on the 12th day of May, 1866, at which hour the opening of the bids will be commenced, for repairing the entrance buildings, known on the plan of the yard as Nos. 19 and 37; boat-shed, No. 29; timber-shed, No. 30; timber-shed, No. 31; and the carpenter-shop near the dry-dock. The offer for Nos. 19 and 37 will be embraced in one bid, and those for the other buildings must be separate.

Bidders will be required to state the amounts for which they will furnish all the materials and complete each building, according to the plans and specifications to be seen at the yard, using such materials as are on hand for each building, which have been purchased by the Government, as per schedules at the yard.

Each bid must be accompanied by good and sufficient guarantors, approved by an officer of the Government known to this department, that the bidder will, if his offer be accepted, enter into contract to perform the work bid for, and the Department reserves the right to accept or reject any or all of the bids, as the interest of the Government may require.

Bidders are requested to name the time in which they will engage to complete any or all of the buildings, and if their offers are accepted, they will be held to a faithful execution of their contract, under a forfeiture in case of failure.

Persons desiring to bid must necessarily visit the yard and examine the present condition of the works, and can there see the plans and specifications to enable them to bid understandingly.

Form of Offer.

The undersigned (here insert the name or names composing the firm who bid,) of (name the town) in the State of (name the State,) hereby offer to furnish, under your advertisement dated (date of advertisement,) and subject to all the requirements of the same, all the materials and workmanship necessary for the complete and entire reconstruction of building (name the building) in the Norfolk Navy-yard, according to the plans and specifications exhibited at said yard, for the sum of (write out the amount.) And I (or we) engage to have the said work fully completed in — days, exclusive of Sundays and holidays, from the date of the contract. Should my (or our) offer be accepted, I (or we) request the contract may be prepared and sent to the Paymaster at (name the place) for signature and certificate.

(Here the bidder or bidders and each member of the firm to sign their offer.)

Form of Guarantee.

The undersigned (name of guarantor,) of (name the town,) and State of (name the State,) and (name of second guarantor, &c.,) hereby guarantee that the above-named (name the bidder or bidders) will, if his (or their) offer as above be accepted, enter into contract with the United States, within ten days after the receipt of the contract at the post-office named or navy agent designated; and in case the said (name the bidder or bidders) shall fail to enter into contract, we guarantee to make good to the United States the difference between the offer of the said (name the bidder or bidders) and that which may be accepted. And we hereby declare that neither of us have been defaulters in any contract previously made with the Navy Department.

(Signatures of guarantors.)

(Witness.)

I certify that the above named (here name the guarantors) are known to me to be good and responsible guarantors in this case, and that the above declarations of the guarantors to this offer are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true and reliable.

(Signature.)

To be signed by the District Judge, District-Attorney, Collector, Paymaster, or some person known to the bureau to be responsible.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY,
NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING NAVAL HOSPITAL AT PHILADELPHIA, PENN.—Proposals will be received at this office for the erection and construction (complete) of a Naval Hospital at Philadelphia.

Plans and specifications of the proposed buildings can be seen at the office of John McArthur, Jr., Architect, No. 209 South 8th-st., Philadelphia, who will afford all bidders every information necessary to a full understanding of the requirements of the Department in the matter of the erection and construction of the hospital aforesaid.

Each proposal, to be considered, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, certified by the United States District Judge, Attorney or Collector, or other public officer, as to their competence and willingness to guarantee to the sum of thirty (30) per cent. of the whole amount of the proposal offered, that the bidder or bidders so guaranteed (should the contract be awarded to him or them) shall, within ten days of the acceptance of his or their bid, enter into contract with the Navy Department for the erection and construction of the hospital and its appurtenances, and carry through the same to completion, according to the terms of the bid and the plans and specifications above mentioned.

Proposals must state the shortest time required to complete the contract, with the understanding that between two or more bids of equal amount, the Department will give the preference to that naming the shortest time.

Payments for the work will be made monthly as it progresses, upon certificate of the architect, stating its amount and quality, and that the terms of the contract have been complied with; the Department reserving twenty (20) per cent. of the whole amount of each certificate until the buildings are delivered into its hands, complete and ready for occupancy, according to the terms of the contract for the erection and construction of the Naval Hospital and its appurtenances, before mentioned.

All proposals must be addressed to the undersigned, marked "Proposals for Naval Hospital at Philadelphia."

The proposals will be opened in the presence of the bidders, at the Navy Department, at noon of TUESDAY, May 22, 1866.

The Department reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids not deemed by it satisfactory, or to the interests of the Government.
P. J. HORWITZ,
Chief of Bureau.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS.
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
No. 250 G-ST., WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M. MONDAY, May 21, for the purchase from the United States of all the iron work for nineteen spans of "Howe's Improved Truss Bridges," consisting of the rods, bolts, plates and dowels, suitable for the different spans, the latter varying in length from eighty to one hundred and forty-one feet.

The iron is now stored at the works of the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company, Cleveland, Ohio, and will be sold by the pound.

Additional bill of the iron and length of the spans may be obtained on application to this office.

Terms, cash, in Government funds.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids if not deemed advantageous.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposal for the Purchase of Iron."
F. J. CRILLY,
Brev. Major and A. Q. M. U. S. Army.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of bidder and date of offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., of MONDAY, May 14, at which hour they will be opened, for the construction of sewers in the following streets, to wit, viz:

5TH-AV., between 36th and 37th sts.; 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th and 41st sts. between 10th-av. and Hudson River, (excepting 40th and 41st sts. between 11th-av. and river.)

MADISON-AV., between 53d and 55th sts.

LEXINGTON-AV., between 51st and 52d sts.

FULTON-ST., between Greenwich and West sts.

73TH-ST. from Madison-av. easterly to present sewer, and in

52D AND 53D STS. between 8th and 9th avs.

The plans may be seen and specifications and blanks for proposals obtained on application at this office.
THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO WHARF AND SHED BUILDERS—Sealed proposals, indorsed with name of bidder, date of presentation, and title of work, will be received at this office until 11 A. M. of THURSDAY, May 10, (at which hour they will be opened), for the construction of a wharf and coal-shed near the foot of 173d-st., Harlem river, for the high service at Carmansville. Plans and specifications can be seen on application at the Engineer's Office, East 53d-st. near 4th-av.

THOMAS STEPHENS, ROBERT L. DARRAGH, A. W. CRAVEN. Croton Aqueduct Board.

Office Croton Aqueduct Board, Rotunda, City Hall Park, April 28, 1866.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
No. 237 Broadway, New-York.

TO CONTRACTORS—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with name of the bidder, written thereon, will be received at this office until Thursday, May 10, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M.

For setting curb and gutter and flagging the sidewalks in Worth-st., from Broadway to Baxter-st.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.—Dated Street Department, New-York, April 30, 1866.
CHARLES G. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

HOTELS.

GEYER'S HOTEL.

The undersigned having leased the premises Nos. 731 and 733 Broadway, formerly Jones House, intend opening it as a first-class cafe restaurant for ladies and gentlemen in a few days.

The establishment will be renovated, refurnished and the character of its business entirely changed. A few superior furnished rooms for gentlemen only will be to rent.

Mr. Geyer's reputation at the New-York Hotel and New-York Club, he trusts, will be a guarantee for its respectability.
L. A. GEYER.
A. L. MATHER.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

THE NEWLY OPENED FAMILY HOTEL of Mme. TETE, No. 9 Cité du Retiro, rue Boissy d'Anglais, and No. 30 faub. St. Honoré, in the finest quarter of Paris, close to the Tuileries and the Champs Elysées, combines with every comfort an excellent table at a moderate price.

PARIS.—GD. HOTEL DES CAPUCINES, No. 37 Boulevard des Capucines. Magnificent situation. Handsome apartments. Private dinners. Table d'hote.

IRON WORKS.

IRON WORK
of all descriptions.
STONE-FRONTS, ROOFS, COLUMNS, STAIRS, &c.
JAMES, FOWLER, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFINS, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., NEW York, opposite Lord & Taylor's; the largest and cheapest Dental Establishment in the world; fresh gas every day; every operation in dentistry performed at unusually low prices.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of MORAN, CRANE & CO., expires this day by its own limitation.

Either of the partners are authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation.
THEO. T. MORAN,
A. G. CRANE,
WM. R. GOULD, Jr.
April 30, 1866.

THEO. T. MORAN and WM. R. GOULD, Jr., will continue under the name of MORAN & GOULD, the banking and stock brokerage business, at No. 30 William-st.
May 1, 1866.

A. G. CRANE will continue the banking and brokerage business, in commercial paper, Government securities, City and County bonds and gold, at 30 William-st.
May 1, 1866.

NOTICE.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of GEORGE A. MILLER & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
G. A. MILLER.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

The business of the late firm of GEORGE A. MILLER & CO. will be continued at No. 51 Cliff-st., by the undersigned, under the firm of CISSEL & STURGIS.
R. L. L. CISSEL.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866. E. L. STURGIS.

Messrs. CISSEL & STURGIS are hereby fully authorized to settle the business of the late firm of GEORGE A. MILLER & CO.
G. A. MILLER.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of McDOWELL & DICKINSON, as jobbers and wholesale dealers in foreign and domestic fruits, and have taken the store No. 237 Washington-st., corner Chambers.
JOSEPH T. McDOWELL,
JOHN P. DICKINSON.
NEW-YORK, 5th month, 1st, 1866.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE IS hereby given that a Limited Partnership for the transaction of a general Foreign and Domestic Mercantile Exchange and Commission Business, has been entered into by and between HERMAN R. BALTZER, residing at Southfield, in the County of Richmond, and State of New-York, and WILLIAM G. TAAKS, residing in the City, County and State of New-York, and BANK FUR HANDEL UND INDUSTRIE," a Banking Corporation, located at Darmstadt, in the Grand Duchy of Hesse Germany, and WILLIAM L. DEICHMANN, GUSTAV MEVISSEN, ABRAHAM OPPENHEIM and JACOB VOM RATH, all residing in the City of Cologne, in the Kingdom of Prussia, Germany, pursuant to and by virtue of the first title of the fourth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York and the acts amendatory thereof.

The name or firm under which the said partnership is to be conducted is BALTZER & TAAKS.

The general nature of the business intended to be transacted by the said partnership is a general foreign and domestic mercantile exchange and commission business.

The names of all the general and special partners interested in the said partnership are the said Herman R. Baltzer, William G. Taaks, Bank fur Handel und Industrie, William L. Deichmann, Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath, in which partnership the said Herman R. Baltzer and William G. Taaks are the general partners, and the said Bank fur Handel und Industrie, William L. Deichmann, Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath are the special partners, and their respective places of residence are as follows: that is to say, the said Herman R. Baltzer resides in the town of Southfield, County of Richmond, and State of New-York; the said William G. Taaks resides in the City, County and State of New-York in the United States of America; and the said Bank fur Handel und Industrie is located and resident at Darmstadt, in the Grand Duchy of Hesse Germany; and the said William L. Deichmann, Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath all reside in the City of Cologne, in the Kingdom of Prussia, Germany.

The said Bank fur Handel und Industrie, as one of the said special partners, has contributed to the common stock of the said copartnership the sum of one hundred and eleven thousand one hundred and eleven dollars and eleven cents; and the said William L. Deichmann, one of the said special partners, has contributed to the common stock of the said copartnership the sum of twenty-two thousand two hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-three cents; and the said Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath, three of the said special partners, have each contributed to the common stock of the said copartnership the sum of twenty-two thousand two hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-two cents in United States currency, making the amount contributed in the aggregate by the said special partners the sum of two hundred thousand dollars in United States currency.

The period at which the said partnership is to commence is the twentieth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the said copartnership is to continue until and terminate upon the thirty-first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Dated New-York, April 20, 1866.
H. R. BALTZER,
W. G. TAAKS.
BANK FUR HANDEL UND INDUSTRIE,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
WILLIAM L. DEICHMANN,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
GUSTAV MEVISSEN,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
ABRAHAM OPPENHEIM,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
JACOB VOM RATH,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, under the firm name of G. A. CARTER & CO., as stock and exchange commission brokers.

Their office is at No. 23 William-st.

Dated NEW-YORK, 1st May, 1866.
G. A. CARTER,
SATTERLEE SWARTWOUT.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm name of M. & H. CLARKSON, for the transaction of a strictly brokerage business in foreign exchange and gold, at No. 54 Wall-st.
MONTGOMERY CLARKSON.
HOWARD CLARKSON.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of J. F. ROSENBAUM & WEIL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by Mr. J. F. ROSENBAUM, office No. 283 Broadway.
J. F. ROSENBAUM.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866. SOL. WEIL.

I HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED MR. WILLIAM LEMMON as a partner in my business, which will hereafter be conducted under the style of RUFUS HATCH & CO.
RUFUS HATCH, No. 17 Broad-st.
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1866.

CHANGE OF COPARTNERSHIP—WM. P. PRATT having sold out his interest in our house retires from our firm this day. ADAMS & CONE.
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1866.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A MEETING OF OWNERS OF REAL estate lying west of the Central Park and north of 59th-st., will be held, under the direction of the West Side Association, at the Everett Rooms, southeast corner of Broadway and 34th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, May 7, at 8 P. M. The West Side Association is organized for the protection of property-owners and the improvement of the lands in the above district. Various matters of interest to the owners of real estate will be presented, and the law lately passed the Legislature transferring the improvement of the district west of the Central Park to the Central Park Commissioners will be laid before the meeting, and its provisions explained.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
COURTLANDT PALMER,
RUDOLPH A. WITTHAUS,
DAVID E. WHEELER,
FERNANDO WOOD,
ELIJAH PURDY,
WM. R. MARTIN,
LEWIS G. MORRIS,
R. H. ARKENBURGH,
CHARLES SANDFORD,
N. P. BAILEY,
CHARLES S. WEBB,
ANDREW CARRIGAN,
E. H. BROWN,
PAUL N. SPOFFORD,
BENJAMIN H. HUTTON,
CHARLES CAROW,
JONATHAN EDGAR,
A. S. JARVIS,
RICHARD F. CARMAN,
BENJAMIN C. WANDELL,
MARSHALL O. ROBERTS,
A. A. VALENTINE,
THOMAS O'CALLAGHAN,
DAVID H. KNAPP,
V. K. STEPHENSON.

WM. A. WHITBECK,
President.
JAMES F. RUGGLES,
Secretary.

FRANK MILLER'S
Brilliant Jet-Black Polish Blacking.
FRANK MILLER'S
Prepared Harness Oil Blacking.
FRANK MILLER'S
Leather Preservative and
Water-Proof Oil Blacking.
Manufactory, Nos. 18 and 20 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR EUROPE.—A GENTLEMAN WHO INtends going abroad the ensuing Summer desires to form the acquaintance of a person of like intentions as a traveling companion, with a view of curtailing expenses and as a means of mutual enjoyment and pleasure, or would attach himself to a family making the tour with a view of rendering himself useful and agreeable. Has a knowledge of the French language. The highest references given. Address VOYAGER, Box 147 *Times* Office.

ELECTION.—A MEETING OF VAULT OWNERS in the New-York City Marble Cemetery, (2d-st.,) for the purpose of electing five Trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of R. Treadwell's Sons, No. 338 Washington-st., corner Harrison, on MONDAY, 7th inst., from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M.
ANSON BAKER, Secretary.

TEAS—A. A. GOOLD, THE PROPRIETOR FOR 25 years of the Bowery Tea Warehouse, No. 187, has disposed of the lease of the same, and removed to No. 105 Front-st., near Wall, where he will continue the tea business in all its varieties, and will be most happy to serve his former patrons and the public on the most favorable terms.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.—NOTICE.—AN election for twenty-six Governors of the Society of the New-York Hospital, will be held at the Hospital on TUESDAY, 15th of May. Poll opens at 12 o'clock M.
D. COLDEN MURRAY, Secretary.

VERGNES' ELECTRO CHEMICAL BATHS.—No. 119 4th-av. Administered by the inventor, for the cure of rheumatism, metallic and chronic diseases. The best preventive of cholera.

DR. CULVERWELL'S LECTURE ON MANHOOD—A warning to young men, containing information never before published, can be had free of charge at the drug-store, 127 Bowery, corner Grand-st., or by addressing Box No. 5,686 Post-office, New-York City.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY.—FOR SALE, a plot in Greenwood Cemetery, comprising four lots, favorably situated. Address D. H., Post-office, Box No. 2,275.

WANTED—A FIRST-RATE MEDIUM-SIZED second-hand burglar and fire proof iron safe; a fair price will be paid. Address R. W., Box No. 2,452 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE FAMILY TO adopt a fine, healthy male child, two months old. Inquire at No. 131 Elliott-place, Brooklyn.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

W. H. DISBROW, NO. 100 LIBERTY-st., will sell at auction on TUESDAY next, several horses, rockaways, depot wagons, harness, &c. Gentlemen wishing to offer their horses at the above sale will please give early notice.

A SHIFTING TOP BUGGY WAGON coupe rockaway; six seat rockaway carriage for sale cheap; City built and in first rate order. W. A. CARTER, No. 32 Cortlandt-st., near Greenwich-st.

FOR SALE—AN EXTENSION-TOP VICTORIA phaeton, built last Summer, used but a few times; will be sold cheap. Inquire at the corner of Henry and Poplar sts., Brooklyn, in the carriagemaker's shop.

FOR SALE—A TEAM OF BAY CARRIAGE horses, 7 years old, 15½ hands high. Apply at No. 284 Madison-av., or No. 19 Cliff-st.

A VICTORIA, WITH POLE AND SHAFTS, superior make, for sale at stable next to corner of Lexington-av. and 2d-st.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ERIN	3,310	Cutting.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	[illegible]	Thomson.
ENGLAND	[illegible]	Grace.
SCOTLAND	[illegible]	Hall.
VIRGINIA	[illegible]	Prowse.
HELVETIA	3,315	Ogilvie.

Leaving Pier No. 47 North River, as follows:

ERIN	SATURDAY,	May 5
LOUISIANA	WEDNESDAY,	May 9
THE QUEEN	SATURDAY,	May 12
ENGLAND	WEDNESDAY,	May 16
PENNSYLVANIA	SATURDAY,	May 19
VIRGINIA	WEDNESDAY,	May 23
HELVETIA	SATURDAY,	May 26
DENMARK	SATURDAY,	June 2
SCOTLAND	SATURDAY,	June 9

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Steerage passage tickets to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $40 currency.

Cabin passage to Liverpool $100; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway, and for steerage tickets at the passage office of the company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 275 Pearl-st.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND

BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 9.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 16.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 23.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 30.
CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, June 6.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, June 13.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP CITY OF LONDON.—The steamship CITY OF LONDON will leave her dock, Pier No. 45 North River, at 9½ A. M. on SATURDAY NEXT, the 5th of May. Passengers are requested to be on board at 9 A. M.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY	May 5
ETNA	SATURDAY	May 12
CITY OF PARIS	SATURDAY	May 19
CITY OF NEW-YORK	SATURDAY	May 26
CITY OF BOSTON	SATURDAY	June 2

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY,

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin	$120	Steerage	$35
First Cabin to London	125	Steerage to London	40
First Cabin to Paris	135	Steerage to Paris	50

Wednesday's steamers will temporarily carry freight only.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, as follows:

LAFAYETTE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, May 5
NAPOLEON III	BOCANDE	SATURDAY, May 19
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, June 2
PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, June 16

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely.

ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN	Saturday, May 12, 1866.
FULTON, S. SAMUELS	Saturday, June 9, 1866.
ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN	Saturday, July 7, 1866.
FULTON, S. SAMUELS	Saturday, Aug. 4, 1866.
ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN	Saturday, Sept. 1, 1866.

And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN GOLD.

First cabin ... $132 50 | Second cabin ... $80 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
JAMES A. WOTTON, Agent, Havre and Paris.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.—An extra Cunard steamer will sail every WEDNESDAY:

MALTA	SATURDAY,	May 5.
PALMYRA	WEDNESDAY,	May 16.
TARIFA	WEDNESDAY,	May 23.

These steamers have very fine accommodations for a few cabin passengers.

Passage money $100, gold or its equivalent.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD.

New line of first-class side-wheel steamers between NEW-YORK AND BREMEN VIA COWES, with comfortable accommodations for passengers of all grades, carrying the U. S. Mail. Leave New-York, from Pier No. 46 North River, on THURSDAYS:

Mississippi, (chartered,) 2,500 tons, 600 horse power, W. G. FURBER, Commander ... 10th May.
Atlantic, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power, CHAS. HOYER, Commander ... 31st May.
Baltic, A. G. JONES ... 14th June.
Western Metropolis, 2,600 tons, 1,000 horse power, H. SANDERS, Commander ... 28th June.

An experienced surgeon on board.

Departures from Bremen via Cowes.

Atlantic ... May 9 and June 27 | *Baltic* ... May 23 and July 11
Western Metropolis ... July 25 | *Mississippi* ... June 6

Rates of passage, payable in gold, or its equivalent: First cabin, $105; second cabin, $62 50; steerage, $37 50.

For freight and passage apply to RUGER BROS., General Agents, No. 45 Beaver-st.

For subscription to the stock of this Company, offering a safe and dividend paying investment, apply to V. PRECHT, Secretary, Office of the North Am. Lloyd, No. 45 Beaver-st.

STEAMSHIP LAFAYETTE,

For BREST and HAVRE, will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., on SATURDAY, May 5, at 10 o'clock. Passengers are requested to be on board at 9 o'clock.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Sidewheel Steamship EAGLE, J. J. LAWRENCE, Commander, Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, May 9, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

N. B.—The favorite steamship COLUMBIA will succeed the EAGLE, and leave on May 16.

FOR

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA,

EVERY SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M.

Pier No. 13 North River, foot of Cedar-st.

EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.

The fast and favorite steamship SAN SALVADOR, ATKINS, Commander, sails May 5.
MISSOURI, LOVELAND, Commander, sails May 12.

Cabin passage ... TWENTY DOLLARS.

Through tickets issued to the interior.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

MURRAY'S LINE.

The favorite fast sailing steamship VIRGO will sail from Pier No 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., THURSDAY, May 10, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to MURRAY, FERRIS, & CO., Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

WEEKLY LINE.

PASSENGER SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON ... Capt. J. B. BAKER.
GEN. BARNES ... Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.

FREIGHT AT REDUCED RATES.

Cabin passage ... $20

The favorite side-wheel, passenger steamship GENERAL BARNES, will leave on SATURDAY, May 5, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

Agents in Savannah, WILDER & FULLARTON.

FOR CHARLESTON S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FIRST CABIN PASSAGE ... THIRTY DOLLARS.

EMILY P. SOUDER ... Capt. E. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA ... Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN.

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship MONEKA, will leave on THURSDAY, May 10.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Regular Line of First-class Steamships, Pier No. 14, East River, foot of Wall-st.

FARE REDUCED.

The elegant and popular side-wheel steamship QUAKER CITY, WILLIAM H. WEST, Commander, is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched promptly at 3 P. M., THIS DAY, (Saturday,) May 5.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The Coastwise Company will dispatch the superior side-wheel steamship ALABAMA, J. LIMEBURNER, Master, on THURSDAY, May 10, at 2 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st. Is now receiving freight, and gives through bills of lading and passage tickets to ports in Alabama, Florida and Texas, and Mississippi and Ohio River ports and places.

For passage or freight apply at No. 177 West-st., corner Warren, or to E. H. DRUMMOND, No. 94 Wall-st.

D. N. CARRINGTON.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

TO CALIFORNIA

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

MAY.

1st. ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.
11th. COSTA RICA, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
21st. NEW-YORK, connecting with CONSTITUTION.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.

S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE.

TO CALIFORNIA via NICARAGUA.

ON THE TWENTIETH OF EACH MONTH.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class.	Second class.	Third class.
$175 to $200.	$125.	$65.

In currency.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

THE NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, JERRY W. SMITH, Commander, On SATURDAY, May 19, at noon, From Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY have placed a new steamer on the lake, and otherwise greatly improved the transit route. The full stage of water on lake and river ensures to passengers a prompt and reliable transit over this favorite line of California travel.

For passage, apply early by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer COSTA RICA, will sail on FRIDAY, May 11, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Freight received as usual.

For rates, &c., inquire at freight office on Company's Pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway, Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.

ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.

FROM PIER NO. 39 NORTH RIVER.

Freight at printed tariff rates.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.

NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH, EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.

SARATOGA, Capt. KING, EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.

G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway, Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship SHERIDAN, Capt. E. W. HOLMES, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, May 5, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship MARIPOSA will leave on SATURDAY, May 5, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River. For freight or passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

BRIDGEPORT STEAMBOAT CO.'S

LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND BRIDGEPORT.

The new, splendid and fast sailing steamer J. B. SCHUYLER, Capt. JOHN MCNEIL, leaves New-York daily, from Pier No. 35 E. R., foot Catharine-st., at 3 P. M., arriving in time to connect with New-Haven and New-Haven train for Stratford, Milford and New-Haven. Returning, leaves Bridgeport daily, from the Housatonic Railroad wharf, at 7:30 A. M., on arrival of early morning trains from Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-Haven Railroads. Breakfast and tea on board.

The steamer STAMFORD, Capt. ARTHUR MELLEN, leaves New-York from same pier at 11 A. M., arriving at Bridgeport in time to connect with Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-York and New-Haven Railroad trains. Returning, will leave Naugatuck Railroad wharf every night (Saturdays excepted) at 11 P. M. Dinner on board. Fare on either boat $1. Freight received for Bridgeport and Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads, and forwarded daily at lowest rates.

CHARLES ROCKWELL, Sup't.

NEW-YORK, ORIENT, GREENPORT AND SAG HARBOR.

The new, fast and elegant steamer ARTISAN, Capt. G. C. GIBBS, will, on and after SATURDAY, March 31, leave New-York from Pier No. 43, East River, for Orient, Greenport and Sag Harbor, on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 o'clock P. M.

Returning, leave Sag Harbor for Greenport, Orient and New-York on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board.

For further particulars inquire of WILLIAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Beekman-st.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR COLLEGE POINT, Whitestone, City Island, New-Rochelle and Glen Cove. Steamer SYLVAN STREAM, Capt. C. H. LONGSTREET, will run to the above places on SUNDAY, May 6, leaving Peck-slip at 9 A. M., landing at 8th and 34th sts. Returning, leaving Glen Cove at 3:30 P. M., New-Rochelle at 4 P. M. Fare to College Point, 25 cents; Whitestone, 35 cents; City Island, New-Rochelle and Glen Cove, 50 cents.

SUNDAY BOATS FOR HARLEM AND HIGH BRIDGE.—The steamer MASSASOIT will run every fair SUNDAY during the season between Peck-slip and Harlem as follows: Leave Harlem 8:30 A. M., 11:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M., 5:30 P. M. Leave Peck-slip 10 A. M., 1 P. M., 3:30 P. M., 6:30 P. M. Landing at 8th and 120th sts. each way.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURGH AND FISHKILL.—On and after WEDNESDAY, May 16, the steamboat MAGENTA will leave New-York every afternoon (Sundays excepted) from foot of Barclay-st., at 3 o'clock P. M., landing at Grassy Point, Cozzens' Dock and Cornwall; returning will leave Fishkill at 6:35 A. M. and Newburgh at 6:45, landing as above.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—THE STEAMboat ARMENIA will, on and after MONDAY, April 30, leave from Desbrosses-st. at 7:30 and 34th-st. pier at 7:45 A. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, landing at Yonkers, Cozzens, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Bristol, Catskill, and Hudson.

MORNING LINE FOR PEEKSKILL.—The NORWALK leaves pier foot of Harrison-st. daily (without exception), at 8 A. M.; lands at 34th-st., Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Nyack, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point and Verplanck's. Returning, leaves Peekskill at 1½ P. M.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY DIRECT.—The New-York and Troy Steamboat Company's steamer RIP VAN WINKLE, will leave Pier No. 40 North River, SUNDAY, May 6, at 6 P. M. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points North and West.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburgh and Milton.—The steamer MARY POWELL leaves Desbrosses-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock.

FOR NORWALK—CONNECTING WITH THE Danbury Railroad. The swift new steamer NEVERSINK leaves Pier No. 37, foot of Market-st., EVERY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. Leaves Norwalk at 8 o'clock A. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with Railroad.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSIONS.—CROSSETT'S GROVE—NEW and very attractive. Also, the beautiful new side-wheel steamboat HENRY SMITH to charter, with other groves, boats and barges such as desired. Office No. 382 West-st., near Barrow. H. B. CROSSETT.

FOR EXCURSION PARTIES—DUDLEY'S, Myers' and other Groves. Steamboats of all kinds; barge *Walter Sands* and others. For choice of days apply early to W. & E. MYERS & CO., on board barges foot of Morton-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

VALUABLE COAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Several very valuable coal rights in the Counties of Picton, Cumberland, and Cape Breton, Nova Scotia. These rights were secured through the advice of an eminent practical geologist, and it is believed that it would be impossible, unless at an enormous figure, to obtain coal rights of equal value from other sources. Most of them have been proved by explorations; and discoveries, tending to fix their value beyond question, have been made on several of them. These rights will be sold, together or separately, at a low figure, and present a rare opportunity to form a large coal company, embracing as they do an area of many square miles. Further information may be obtained, and plans of the area may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 76 Barrington-st., Halifax, Nova Scotia. JAMES FARQUAR, Mining Agent.

AN ENGLISH GENTLEMAN, HAVING A large connection in the beef and pork trade in London and Liverpool, wishes to associate himself with some American house, or to unite with others in establishing a house in New-York. Offers from respectable parties with sufficient capital and a knowledge of the business will alone be entertained. Address C. L. H., at the office of the *New-York Evening Post.*

GLASS LETTERS—EUROPEAN STYLE, richly gilded, for signs, store windows, &c., unsurpassed for beauty and lasting; are transferable in case of removal, and easily put up. Numbers for residences, glass signs, frames, labels, and gilding to order. Merchants, painters and agents order. No. 107 Fulton-st., Glass Letter Company.

TO CAPITALISTS.—TWO ENERGETIC MEN, of undoubted references as to capacity for business and strict integrity, are about starting a real estate and insurance brokerage business, and desire a special partner who will furnish $15,000 cash. Address, for one week, REAL ESTATE, Box No. 170 Times Office.

WANTED—A PARTNER WHO IS WILLING TO invest from $1,000 to $2,000 in a light manufacturing business, where he can surely make $10,000 in a very short time. Apply at store No. 535 Broadway.

A STATIONERY AND BOOK STORE FOR SALE.—Doing a good cash business in a good neighborhood; a chance seldom offered. Price, $1,200. Address BOOKS, Station D.

WANTED—A PARTNER IN A BOOT AND shoe warehouse; one acquainted with the business preferred. Apply at No. 35 Dey-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WATCHES, CALIFORNIA DIAMONDS and Australian brilliants, suitable for the trade and for speculative purposes, at the very lowest prices. Price list sent by mail on application to LIONEL JACOBS, Importer of watches, jewelry, &c., No. 177 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.

10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad—with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE.

On and after MONDAY, the 16th inst., trains on this road will run as follows:

Leave New-York, Pier No. 32 North River, 11 A. M. Express line for Camden direct, taking passengers to Red Bank, Long Branch, Farmingdale, Bricksburgh, Manchester, Tom's River, Woodmansie, Barnegat, Shamong, Tuckerton, Atsion, Jackson, and all the stations on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad; through to Camden in five hours; fare $3.

4:15 P. M. for Port Monmouth, Highlands, Middletown, Red Bank, Shrewsbury, Eatontown, Ocean Port, Branch Port, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squankum, Bricksburgh, Manchester, Toms River and Camden; fare $2.

Freight train at 5 P. M. for all points on the line and Camden.

Returning trains leave Camden: Express at 10:20 A. M., arriving in New-York at 3:15 P. M.

Freight at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 4 A. M.

Way mail and Express at 5:45 A. M., arriving in New-York at 3:25 A. M.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.

STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS, being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamers

PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. S. BRAYTON, On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;

COMMODORE, Capt. R. F. CURTIS, On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:00 A. M., 9:12 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:25 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12, 4:22, and 6:25 run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD—CHANGE OF PIER.—On and after May 14, 1866, the passenger and freight boats connecting with this railroad will leave Pier No. 32 North River, instead of Pier No. 3, as at present.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BARGAINS IN BOOKS,

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER,

AT OUR NEW ROOMS,

No. 12 West 4th-st., near Broadway,

Where we have resumed the sale of our

STANDARD ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,

Wholesale and Retail.

LONDON PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO.,

HENRY A. BROWN, Manager.

BOOK BUYERS

WILL FIND AT

MACFARLAND'S BOOKSTORE,

Corner 23d-st. and Broadway,

All the new books of the day, and every living book published in the United States for the past five years, and also all the old standard works—classical, biographical, historical, poetical, nonsensical, travels, dramatic, juvenile, fun, facts and fiction. School books of all kinds.

The following are the NEW BOOKS of the week:

History of Slavery in Massachusetts. By Geo. H. Moore	$3 00
Recommended to Mercy; a novel	1 75
In Trust; or Dr. Bertrant's Household. By Amand M. Douglass	1 75
Adrift in Dixie; or, A Yankee Officer Among the Rebels. By Edmund Kirk	1 50
Dr. Kemp; a novel	75
True History of a Little Ragamuffin	50
The Lady's Mile, by Miss Braddon	75
The Cholera, a Practical Hand Book	1 00
Brave Old Salt. By Oliver Optic	1 50
Memoirs of a Good-for-Nothing. From the German	1 75

REMOVALS.

REMOVED FROM NO. 201 BROADWAY MAY 1.

THE BISHOP GUTTA PERCHA COMPANY.

The original and only manufacturers in the United States of

PURE GUTTA PERCHA GOODS.

GUTTA PERCHA INSULATED SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH CABLES.

INSULATED TELEGRAPH WIRE.

WATER, BEER AND SODA PIPE, CHEMICAL VESSELS, TISSUE SHEET FOR HATTERS, ARTIFICIAL FLOWER MAKERS, &c.

Factory, Nos. 208, 210 and 212 East 25th-st.

Office and Salesroom, No. 113 Liberty-st., New-York. West of Broadway.

SAMUEL C. BISHOP, General Agent.

WALTER O. LEWIS, Electrician to the Company.

THE NEW-YORK AGENCY OF MESSRS. TICKNOR & FIELDS

has removed from No. 823 Broadway, to No. 63 Bleecker-st., (a few doors east of Broadway, where all their publications may always be found.

Subscriptions received for THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY, OUR YOUNG FOLKS, NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW, EVERY SATURDAY.

☞ Any book on their list sent post paid on receipt of the publication price.

Catalogues sent free on application.

REMOVAL.—THE FRANKLIN IRON AND Coal Company have removed from No. 37 Broadway to Rooms Nos. 33 and 34 Commercial Building, No. 42 Broadway, New-York.

M. N. WISEWELL, President.
J. B. BOUTON, Secretary.

J. LOVEJOY & SON, DENTISTS, HAVE removed from No. 10 West 11th-st. to their new and elegant apartments, No. 1146 Broadway; between 26th and 27th sts.

REMOVAL.—P. H. DIAMOND HAS REMOVED his Sewing Machine establishment to No. 769 BROADWAY, southwest corner of 9th-st., up stairs. All first-class sewing machines for sale and to rent.

BAILEY WASHING AND WRINGING MACHINES have removed to No. 45 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

REMOVAL—ADRIAN H MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., Real Estate and Stock Auctioneers, have removed their office from No. 5½ to No. 7 Pine-st.

J. J. MERIAN & CO., REMOVED TO No. 49 Exchange-place.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

REDUCED PRICES.

Owing to the large decline in upholstery goods, we have concluded to reduce the price of our stock of furniture 20 per cent. for the next thirty days.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR, Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery, and 65 Chrystie-st.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS. (late J. H. Belter & Co.), No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York, through their long experience and superior facilities in manufacturing first-class furniture, are prepared to supply the public at large on as favorable terms as can be had in this City. All purchasers are respectfully invited to call as above. Furniture of every kind always on hand, in full suites or otherwise.

FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION—Carpets, bedding, parlor and bedroom suites, &c., at BENDALL & SCOTT'S, Nos. 209 and 211 Hudson-st., corner of Canal-st. Housekeepers supplied, and can pay by instalments if preferred.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST assortment of enameled, chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites, in this city; also, mattresses, spring-beds, &c.; all goods warranted as represented; at the old established house. WARREN WARD & CO., 277 Canal

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The best article in use. Put up and warranted by JAMES, FOWLER, KIRTLAND & CO., Corner of Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

MACHINERY.

STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum and rope machinery, mechanics' tools, &c. TODD & RAFFERTY, warehouse 4 Dey-st., N. Y.; works, Paterson, N. J.

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WILKESBARRE COAL.

The Wilkesbarre Coal and Iron Company are now receiving their Coal mined from the CELEBRATED BALTIMORE VEIN, deliverable at Jersey City, Elizabethport or New-York. For terms, &c., apply at the office of the Company, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

LA TRAVIATA.

HAVANA OPERA COMPANY.

Director ... J. GRAU.

Also Lessee of the grand TEATRO TACON of Havana, and the new and elegant French Theatre, 14th-st., New-York.

OPENING NIGHT, MONDAY, MAY 7.

The Opera selected for that occasion,

LA TRAVIATA.

Debut in New-York of the following new and eminent Artistes:

Mlle. Leonilda Boschetti	Violetta
Sig. Salvador Anastasi	Alfredo
Sig. Domenico Orlandini	Germond
Sig. Domenico Coletti	Doctor Granville
Conductor and Musical Director	Sig. MUZIO.

On WEDNESDAY—SECOND OPERA NIGHT.

Ticket-office open at the Academy of Music, at Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 21 Nassau-st., and at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway. Mr. Grau takes pleasure to state that through the courtesy of Mr. Max Maretzek, the present Lessee of the Academy, he is enabled to present his Company at this establishment.

IRVING HALL.

MISS KATE McDONALD'S FIRST GRAND CONCERT, SATURDAY EVENING, May 5, 1866.

The following artists have kindly consented to assist:

Mlle. MATILDA TOEDT, Violinist, Pupil of Mr. Henry Appy.
Mr. WM. CASTLE, Tenor.
Mr. JOHN FARLEY, Tenor.
Mr. S. C. CAMPBELL, Baritone.
Mr. G. W. MORGAN, the celebrated Organist.
Mr. G. W. COLBY, Conductor.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.

Tickets One Dollar. To be obtained at the Music stores and Irving Hall.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.—MATINEE THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock. 50 cts.; children 25 cts.

CHORAL FESTIVAL, IRVING HALL, MAY 15 AND 17—CATHEDRALS OF ENGLAND.—Choral illustrations by one hundred boys and men, under the direction of Dr. Cutler. Organist, G. W. Morgan. Tickets $1. W. F. KOTCH, Agent.

MEDICAL.

CORDIAL

OF THE

BENEDICTINE MONKS

OF THE

ABBEY OF FECAMP.

This Cordial, which dates as far back as 1510, is an anti-apoplectic tonic, digestive, and of an exquisite taste. The salutary plants which compose it, gathered on the slopes of the hills of Normandy, saturated with the vivifying emanations of a Northern sea, makes it one of the best cordials and one of the most efficient preventives against epidemic affections.

Of late, the French Medical Corps has been almost unanimous in prescribing its use to the sick who, by their imperfect gastric disposition, were more liable to the attacks of fevers and cholera.

A. LEGRAND, Sen., Fecamp.

Also: RUE VIVIENNE, No. 19, Paris.

This Medicine is found at the Wine and Spirit Stores, Apothecaries, Confectioners and Grocers, &c., all over the world.

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PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—Every lady uses them. In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, and at the same time safe and healthy, as well as pleasant, being sugar-coated. They are scientifically prepared of costly and rare extracts. The only reliable remedy that cannot fail in any case. Price $5 and $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Midwifery, Sole Agent and proprietor for upward of twenty years. Office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine.

TO S.—1832.

CHOLERA DROPS.

Depot No. 72 Murray-st., New-York.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 25 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhoea or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the Depot, No. 162 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deceive them but are a curse to their health.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

HUMANITY SAVED!—PROF. L. WUNDRAM'S, of Braunschweig, Germany, world-renowned imported cholera Elixir, the only sure preventive and cure: tried in all European hospitals. Thousands saved in 1849 in Germany and 1865 in Constantinople. No steamboat, no vessel, no hospital, no family should be without it. Use in time. Sold by all Druggists.

BELMONT & DIENELT, No. 218 Spring-st., Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas.

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION, by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES of females exclusively treated by Dr. THIERS. Remedies for female derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed in all cases. Consultations and letters strictly confidential. Patients from a distance provided with board, nursing and exclusive attendance. Advice gratis. Send stamp for circular, and escape quackery. Office No. 90 2d-av., New-York.

DR. KING, NO. 136 NINTH-STREET, A few doors west of Broadway, continues to be consulted daily by ladies and gentlemen of the highest respectability, for difficult diseases and derangements. Relief guaranteed in 24 hours. Office open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

DR. WEST, AN OLD AND EXPERIENCED practitioner, is enabled to guarantee a cure in all private cases, by safe remedies, and without change of diet or hindrance from business. Call at 545 Broadway.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 12 to 6. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide," $1 50. E. WARNER, Publ'rs, 1 Vesey-st.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private disease when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND.—ON THE AFTERNOON OF WEDNESDAY, a POCKET-BOOK, containing a small amount of money, was found in a 3d-av. car. The loser can procure it by calling on W. F. HUDSON, at the Public School in 79th-st.

FOUND—ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, A NEWFOUNDLAND DOG. The owner can have him by applying at No. 36 Bond-st. and paying for this advertisement.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG WIDOWER DESIRES THE acquaintance of a young lady of prepossessing appearance with a view to matrimony. Address, with full particulars, age, &c., D. A. A., Box No. 175 *Times* Office.

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NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager ... WM. WHEATLEY.

Doors open at 7¼; begins at 8.

Third and last week but two of the successful engagement of

MISS BATEMAN.

POSITIVELY THE LAST REPRESENTATIONS OF INGOMAR.

FIRST GRAND PARTHENIA MATINEE,

THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, MAY 5.

Doors open at 12¾.

PERFORMANCE TO COMMENCE AT ONE O'CLOCK.

IN THE EVENING,

FOR POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME,

will be presented the admirable play entitled

INGOMAR,

THE BARBARIAN.

MISS BATEMAN as PARTHENIA, THE GREEK MAIDEN,

Supported by MR. J. C. COWPER, As the Barbarian Chief, INGOMAR.

The cast will comprise the names of Mr. Geo. Becks, Mr. J. G. Burnett, E. B. Holmes, D. E. Ralton, J. W. Blaisdell, Danvers, Barry, and Miss Mary Wells.

The piece mounted with NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, CORRECT AND PICTURESQUE COSTUMES, &c., &c.

On Monday next MISS BATEMAN will appear in her celebrated character of JULIET, in Shakespeare's tragedy of ROMEO AND JULIET.

WINTER GARDEN.

LAST NIGHT OF THE PRESENT BILL.

SATURDAY, MAY 5.

TO-NIGHT,

MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS

will appear for POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME in the beautiful Irish drama, entitled ALL HALLOW EVE, OR SNAP-APPLE NIGHT.

RODDY O'CONNOR	MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS
KITTY KILLEEN	MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS

After which the petite Comedy entitled YANKEE COURTSHIP.

OUR JEMIMA	MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS

To conclude with the original farce entitled BARNEY THE BARON.

BARNEY THE BARON	MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS

MONDAY EVENING, May 7, MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS will appear in Charles Gaylor's thrilling drama, entitled THE CONNIE SOOGAH, which will be produced with NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

To give additional perfection to the cast, MME. PONISI has been engaged, and will appear on this occasion.

Doors open at 7¼; commences at 7¾.

ANNIVERSARIES.

ANNIVERSARY.

The Anniversary of the Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers will take place in the NEW-YORK ACADEMY OF MUSIC, ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 8, 1866, BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC ON THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 10, 1866.

SHORT ADDRESSES BY EMINENT GENTLEMEN.

Grafulla, with his Seventh Regiment Band, has been engaged for these evenings. They will not only give their best music, but will be the orchestra for the GRAND HALLELUJAH CHORUS, to be sung by 250 Little Wanderers, under the direction of Mr. T. E. PERKINS.

The children will also sing several anthems, glees, &c.

Doors open at 6¾ o'clock; exercises commence at 7½ o'clock.

Tickets 50 cents. To be obtained at the door.

No tickets will be sold after the seats are full, therefore come early.

THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE National Temperance Society and Publication House will be held on WEDNESDAY, May 9. Morning session at 10 o'clock, in the Central Presbyterian Church, Broome-st., and in the evening at 7½ o'clock in the Cooper Institute. Addresses are expected from Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, Maj.-Gen. HOWARD and others. Tickets of admission may be procured, without charge, at the rooms, No. 172 William-st., near Beekman; Robert Carter & Brothers, No. 530 Broadway, or A. D. F. Randolph, No. 770 Broadway, corner of 9th-st. If any tickets remain on the evening of the anniversary they will be found at the door.

WM. E. DODGE, President.

New-York, April 26, 1866.

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED AT the last meeting of the Shipbuilders, Master Shipwrights and Joiners of this City and vicinity, in accordance with a resolution then passed, would respectfully submit the following report:

Whereas, The ship-carpenters, joiners and caulkers of New-York, and vicinity, have demanded that eight hours instead of ten shall constitute a day's labor, and have refused to work until their demands shall be acceded to, and have by means of their organizations and threats of personal violence driven away many who wished to continue under the old regulations, thereby depriving by force a large number of families of their livelihood, and inflicting upon us, their employers, serious inconvenience, besides damaging the commercial community, by endeavoring so to raise the price of labor that it would be impossible for New-York to compete with other seaports in the building and repairing of vessels; and whereas, we consider ten hours no more than a fair day's work at the present high prices paid therefor, and that their demand is unwise and unjust, and at the same time ruinous to us and the merchants, without benefiting themselves; and whereas, we consider extortionate and unjust the following determinations adopted by their various organizations, viz.:

1. That they will not allow their employers to take any apprentices, except in such numbers and upon such terms as the associations aforesaid may dictate.

2. That the wages of all men of their respective trades shall be the same, whether first, second or third rate.

3. That no workman be discharged, however indolent, incompetent, or dishonest he may be, without their consent.

4. That all overwork, if only for a quarter of an hour, shall be considered at least one-quarter of a day.

5. That for non-compliance with these rules and regulations, or any other imaginary offence on the part of their employer, he is to be suspended, and that they will not work nor allow any one else to work for such refractory employer, thereby obliging him to suspend business during the time of his proscription.

6. That they, the caulkers, will not allow to be employed in their branch of business any but members of their own association, and that no carpenter shall be permitted in any way to assist or work at stripping, caulking or coppering, as has been the custom heretofore; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the master shipbuilders, shipwrights and joiners of New-York and vicinity, do hereby pledge ourselves and our respective firms not to hire or employ in our establishments any member of the above-named associations, unless by giving up his badge, or furnishing satisfactory evidence that all connection with such associations has been severed.

Resolved, That we shall exercise our own judgment and discretion regarding the number of apprentices we should employ, and shall do whatever we deem essential for the promotion of their best interests and our own.

Resolved, That we will open our respective establishments on Monday, April 30, or as soon as practicable, to such of our mechanics as will resume work subject to the foregoing resolutions, and under the old regulations as to time, and with the assurance that they will be protected. That while we sincerely regret the present disagreeable situation of affairs, and the privation and perhaps suffering which many families may be compelled to undergo through the misguided actions of those who thus willfully deprive them of their subsistence, we nevertheless consider it due to ourselves and to the commercial public, to resist every encroachment which may tend to increase the already expensive cost of construction and repairs, and especially one as uncalled for and unreasonable as this; and we, therefore, severally and individually, pledge ourselves to be governed by the determination herein expressed, and that we would respectfully solicit the merchants and shipowners to indorse this resolution.

(SIGNED.)

D. D. Westervelt,	C. & R. Poillon,
Wm. H. Webb,	Henry Steers,
J. B. Vandeusen,	John E. Hoffmire,
Daniel Coger,	John E. Brown,
J. Simonson,	Webb & Bell,
Simonson & Lugar,	Thomas Stack,
Pine & Davis,	Lawrence & Foulks,
E. F. Williams,	E. S. Whitlock,
R. M. Whiting,	John Englis & Son,
Joyce & Waterbury,	Webb, Edsall & Co.,
Ferris & Vanwinkle,	A. F. Berrian,
J. K. Post & Son,	Wood & West,
John C. Williams,	Wm. Foster & Son,
T. F. Rowland,	Gilbert F. Darling,
R. S. & M. W. King,	J. H. Pomeroy,
Holder & Smith,	Hall, Cornish & Co.,
Jackson & Hine,	Baldwin & Jones,
Snelling, Andrews & Co.,	Sampson & Weston,
Douglass & Neilson,	J. M. W. Jackson,
W. C. Fowler,	Manuel Joseph,
Rosevelt & Griffiths,	J. E. Simpson & Co.,
Francis Fisher,	Terry & Rooney,
D. A. Hawkins,	Wm. Rowland & Co.,
D. Anthony,	J. M. Smith,
H. R. Thomas,	T. D. Vandeveer,
Baxter & McVoy,	James H. Cutter,
Decker & Brown,	King & Eells,
John Gratton,	T. H. King,
Baxter & Livingston,	John A. Wyman,
J. & W. F. Youngs,	A. Conlan,
W. E. Ferguson & Co.,	J. A. Hennion,
Thomas Haines,	H. Wisner,
E. Bucknam,	Nelson & Norris.

F. Helmers.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, UNDERWRITERS and ship-owners, approving of the resolutions of the ship-builders and others of this City as set forth in their card, dated April 26, 1866, do cheerfully indorse and desire to uphold them in the decided stand which they have thought proper to adopt. Signed,

Atlantic Mutual Ins. Co., by Charles Dennis, Vice Prest.
Sun Ins. Co., by M. H. Grinnell, President.
Orient Mut. Ins. Co., by Alfred Ogden, Vice President.
Mercantile Mut. Ins. Co., by Chas. Newcomb, Vice Prest.
Commercial Mut. Ins. Co., by Daniel Drake Smith, Prest.
New-York Mut. Ins. Co., by John H. Earle, Prest.
Washington Mut. Ins. Co., by G. Henry Koop, Prest.
Phoenix Marine Ins. Co., by Stephen Crowell, Prest.
Pacific Mail Steamship Co., by Allen McLane, Prest.
John G. Dale, Liverpool, N. Y. and Phila. Steamship Co.
Panama Railroad Co., by James F. Joy.
Merchants' S. S. Co., by Samuel A. Walsh, Vice Prest.

E. A. Holmes, of steamer *Gen. Grant.*	
C. H. Marshall & Co.,	S. W. Carey,
Wm. & Alfred Nelson,	George F. Bulley,
H. D. & J. U. Brookman,	S. Thompson's Nephew,
Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,	J. Atkins & Co.,
Thomas Dunham,	Simpson & Clapp,
E. E. Morgan & Son,	Walsh & Carver,
Boyd & Hincken,	R. P. Buck & Co.,
Snow & Burgess,	N. L. McCready & Co.,
Williams & Guion,	Fabbri & Chauncey,
Nesmith & Sons,	Lawrence, Giles & Co.,
Tapscott Bros. & Co.,	Brett, Son & Co.,
Edmiston Brothers,	Thompson & Hunter,
J. B. Phillips & Sons,	Howland & Aspinwall,
Robin, Sloman & Edye,	Jas. W. Elwell & Co.,
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Garrison & Allen,	Chas. Luling & Co.,
James E. Ward & Co.,	Johnson & Higgins,
Howland & Frothingham,	Funch, Meincke & Wendt,
H. B. Cromwell & Co.,	Chas. Goodspeed,
Spofford, Tileston & Co.,	Wakeman, Gookin & Dickinson,
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S. W. Lewis & Co.,	J. F. Whitney & Co.,
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Baetger & DeVerta,	F. Alexandre & Sons,
Wm. Whitlock, Jr.,	Wm. A. Sale & Co.,
Crocker, Wood & Co.,	J. H. Brower & Co.,
Benner & Brown,	O. C. Duncan & Co.,
Sturges, Clearman & Co.,	Peabody, Willis & Co.,
James Hand,	Vernon H. Brown & Co.,
Baring & Davis,	Corn, Comstock & Co.,
R. W. Cameron,	O. R. Green,
B. I. H. Trask, Jr.,	Pendergast, Bros. & Co.,
Livingston, Fox & Co.,	G. Heineken & Palmore,
Ruger Bros.,	Napier & Welsford,
Nath. L. & Geo. Griswold,	Dearborn Bros.,
Joseph Baess,	Bently, Smith & Co.,
A. A. Low & Brothers,	C. H. Mallory & Co.,
Chas. L. Colby,	J. D. Fish & Co.,
Waydell & Co.,	Roche Bros. & Coffey,
Dollner, Potter & Co.,	Simes, Chase & Co.,
Peck & Church,	Miller, Lord & Quereau,
Tupper & Beattie,	Hewlett & Torrance,
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Holyoke & Murray,	Whitney & Hatheway,
Chas. & E. J. Peters,	Arthur Leary,
R. D. Nickels & Co.,	M. E. Greene & Currie,
H. J. De Wolf & Co.,	Metcalf & Duncan,
D. R. De Wolf & Co.,	E. Murray, Jr.,
Jonathan Thompson,	Miller & Houghton,
Robt. L. Taylor,	Charles Carow,
E. R. Seccomb.	

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CLAUDE MARCEL;

Or, THE IDIOT OF TARBES.

NEW AND SPLENDID SCENIC EFFECTS, NOVEL MECHANICAL APPLIANCES, APPROPRIATE APPOINTMENTS AND COSTUMES.

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THE INFANT DRUMMER—FOUR YEARS OLD.

AUSTRALIAN LIVING BIRD-SHOW,

RARE SPECIES,

specimens of which may be purchased.

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THE TALLEST GIANTESS IN THE WORLD.

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TOM THUMB TROUPE.

A BEAUTIFUL CIRCASSIAN GIRL.

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Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

LAST NIGHT OF THE REGULAR SEASON.

DOMINIQUE,

LES DEUX FUGITIFS,

OLIVER TWIST.

MONDAY—Commencement of a short Summer season with the brilliant

Miss FANNY HERRING,

SUPPORTED BY A GRAND COMBINATION,

IN A NEW DRAMA WITH ORIGINAL EFFECTS.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor ... Mr. J. W. LINGARD

LAST NIGHT OF PROF. TANNER and his celebrated trained DOGS AND MONKEYS.

The Drama of the KNIGHTS OF THE MIST.

The Drama of the SOAP FAT MAN.

TUESDAY EVENING—Benefit of Mr. G. BROOKES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.

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MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, AT 2½ O'CLOCK.

NIGHT PERFORMANCES AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Second week of the superb equestrienne,

MLLE. CARLOTTA DE BERG,

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ASTONISHING SKILL AND ELECTRIFYING INTREPIDITY.

Twenty-fifth week of the Champion Horseman,

MR. JAMES ROBINSON.

Second week of the Champion Leaper of England,

MR. JAMES E. COOKE,

in his classic equestrian acts, and

MIRACULOUS AERIAL LEAPS.

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MONDAY, 7th of May, Mr. Charles Reade's drama, founded upon his great novel, entitled

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which has had an unparalleled run of 158 nights in London, with new scenery by [illegible] Maeder; machinery by Mr. Butler and assistants; costumes by [illegible] music by Mr. Mollenhauer; [illegible] appear Messrs. John Gilbert, Frederic Robinson, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, George Holland, [illegible] B. T. Ringgold, Browne, J. C. Williamson, [illegible] Leonard, Pope, [illegible] Henriques, Ione Burke, [illegible] Reeves, Barrett and Scott.

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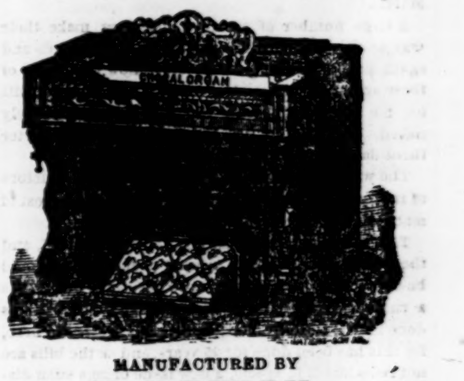

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SOUTH AMERICA.

From the Seat of War—Great Preparations and "Great Expectations"—The Grand Movement of the Allied Fleet Again Delayed—Paraguayan Spies and their Stories—The War Beginning to Affect the Finances of the Argentine Confederation.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BUENOS AYRES, S. A., Monday, March 12, 1866.

The radius of twelve leagues from Las Tres Bocas (the three mouths) of the river Paraguay still holds the gathered forces of four nations. No abatement of claim or of purpose has modified their relations. Preparations are making to force the Pass de la Patria by the army, under shelter of the gunboats, when there will begin, as everybody believes, a series of closely-contested engagements, such as this country has never yet seen. For four months President LOPEZ has employed his troops in fortifying, mining, placing torpedoes, and planting batteries, under the direction of engineers from various parts of Europe. Exactly what they have done is hard to find out, but that they are busy with such work is certain.

On the other hand, the allies, if less industrious, have at least learned the only condition on which Paraguay can be taken. The Admiral, after a long delay at this city, has gone up to the fleet and has held a council with President MITRE and his two Cabinet Ministers—RUNSON, of State, and GELLY Y OBES, of War—and PAUNERO and CONESA, Argentine Generals, OSORIO, Brazilian General, and FLORES, the Uruguayan General. What was done at this council we have no means of knowing, further than is shown by the resultant orders. The Admiral returned to the fleet, and in a few minutes there was a spinning activity of business undreamed of before. Each steamer is receiving an overhauling, its masts and rigging are placed on shore, the utmost efficiency of machinery is sought by alterations and repairs; ammunition, coal, stores, flat-boats, and provision is made for every variety of article needed by a large fleet, far from home, in dangerous waters.

Corresponding activity reigns on land. A new organization of the army is made, and flat-boats are gathered for the crossing of troops.

Since the 19th of February the raiding across the river by the Paraguayans has not been repeated. On that day they sent across 3,000 men, with three steamers towing a large number of flat-boats, for conveying troops and booty. They landed at the village of Itati, ten leagues from Las Tres Bocas, and with a few cannons, torches and axes, they utterly demolished the town and a deserted encampment near by. Two houses other than the church were left standing, but all articles of any use were carried off, and forty horses and as many cattle were carried back in the barges. The Uruguayan troops were ordered back, and retreated far enough to be out of danger, but near enough to see the ruin of their town and camp. They were under orders to retire, as reinforcements were far from them, but near the Paraguayans.

So thoroughly did they do their work that on the next day, when a rumor spread that a descent on Corrientes was intended that night, it produced a terror of the most alarming kind. The people fell into the most ludicrous extremes of fright.

Baron PORTO ALLEGRO is reported at the Uruguay River, ready to cross, but rumors are contradictory as to the amount of his forces. They vary in the estimate from 7,000 to 15,000 men; the truth is probably between these two figures. He has yet a long journey over a swampy road at beginning of Winter before he can invade Paraguay higher up than the dreaded Paso de la Patria. For facility of transportation he has a small steamer with a large number of flatboats.

The grand movement of the fleet was fixed on the return of the Admiral for March 2, but it did not occur, though some boats were ready, and now it will probably not occur before the end of the month of March.

A large number of so-called deserters make their way to the lines of the allies, and remain awhile and again disappear. It is understood now that many of these are spies. One lately arrived, and gained credit for his story by coming half starved and entirely naked, but faith in his story vanished when, after three days, he vanished himself.

The war has been much against all the constructors of railroads in progress, as it has increased the cost of materials and labor.

The European loan has not yet been effected, and the Government is much in want of money. It could be obtained, it is believed, at 70 per cent., but that is a ruinous figure. Issue of bonds and bills, as was done in the United States, cannot be resorted to here, for this has been done for 25 years, and as the bills are not redeemable in specie, a new issue brings such discredit on the money already out as to greatly embarrass the credit of the Government, and to occasion loss to the people. It is now ascertained that the guarantee of Brazil would help the affair, and Brazil has already, on short loans, advanced a large sum to this Government. National bonds here are quoted at 39 to 40, and it is hard to borrow at a higher rate.

Americans here have learned with great delight that the American Steamship Company line from New-York to Rio de Janeiro, will be so arranged by the New-York steamer starting a week earlier, that our letters and goods will come on without delay by the French steamer from Rio. This will be a great accommodation.

Messrs. BUSSY, BRIENNE & SHARP are about to establish a cheap and direct line from Southampton to this port, to encourage immigration. To all immigrants there is given by law about 100 acres of land gratis, provided he will go to it and occupy it.

An exploring company of surveyors, hunters and others, including the popular Governor of Santa Fé, Señor ORONO, are going out through the interior wilderness to map out an unexplored territory. They will start about the 20th of March, and may be gone one or two months. We are promised a daily record of progress with such details as might interest the public. If anything offers attractive I will report to you.

There is great disappointment, almost dissatisfaction, in all the capitals of the allies as to the slow progress of the war. It finds expression in various ways, but there is no hope of finding better heads and better hands for its prosecution.

Capt. PAGE, who once explored these rivers in the service of the United States, has come to reside in Cordova. He has brought three fine English cattle, and will now become an estanciero. His two sons accompany him, and one other son has been married here and settled for years.

At Corrientes City elections, a new election has been ordered, as only five persons voted at the regular election day.

It is reported again that a Chilian privateer has been seen off Monte Video, well manned and armed with 14 guns. Two Spanish war-ships have gone in pursuit. The Chilian is believed to be an iron-clad. Great alarm exists here among shippers, and there is no demand at all for Spanish bottoms.

An arrival from the seat of war since I began to write brings no news but the continued activity of the fleet preparing for action. One-half of the fleet is to go against Humaita, under Admiral TAMANDARE, and one-half to the Paso de la Patria, under Vice-Admiral BORROSO. The Island of Martin Garcia, near this city, is to be fortified. It is the key to the River Plate.

There is an unusual rise in gold. Money is very scarce and dear. The Lizzie, a fine Boston bark, Capt. HURD, will sail on the 20th for Boston, with several New-Yorkers on board, Messrs. NORTH, CROUCH and others.

PETTIGREW.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF VALPARAISO

Letter from an American Naval Officer.

Correspondence of the Boston Traveller.

U. S. STEAMER TUSCARORA,
VALPARAISO, Chili, March 29, 1866.

We received orders on Monday, the 26th inst., to prepare ship for action, as we expected serious trouble with the Spaniards. We did as ordered, and finished last night, having removed all parts liable to be broken during the fight and thrown in confusion around our decks. These we sent to an old hulk lying half a mile away. All our stanchions, rails and spare parts of rigging, davits, &c., were placed in the above-mentioned vessel, leaving a clear chance to work our guns. The sides corresponding with the boilers were secured with chains placed outside for a distance of thirty feet, making us quite impregnable to shot or shell, and sand-bags were stowed around our steam drum to make that part secure.

We have been lying with three pounds of steam on for five days; this was merely to keep the water in our boilers warm, and to have something to start with for good. So we were all ready and quite willing to stand our chances, but at 1 o'clock yesterday we received news from our Minister to Chili, Gen. KILPATRICK, to have fires put out and repair ship, as we are not to interfere with the Spanish Admiral.

The way this possibility of our interference commenced was this,—the American residents entered a protest against the Spaniards to Commodore JOHN RODGERS, with a list of their property exposed, amounting in the aggregate to some three million dollars.

Just before our arrival the English residents did the same to their Admiral, and he held a consultation with the Spanish Admiral, and threatened to blow every Spanish vessel out of the water if he fired one shot on the city (very loud talk that!)

Finding all attempts at conciliation unavailing, our Minister, the English Consul and Admiral, with Commodore RODGERS, held a consultation to form an agreement for joint action in case the Spaniards should attack the city. Of this they informed the Spanish Admiral, and it was then we received orders to prepare ship for action, as did also the monitor Monadnock, the Vanderbilt, the Powhatan and double-ender Mohongo.

But somehow or other the English Admiral backed out of the agreement. I don't wish to be prejudiced, but in my estimation our trans-Atlantic friend is a big "blow-hard." Our relations with the Spanish Admiral are of a friendly character, but if it had come to blows we believe that we could have whipped him alone, having a small invincible with us, properly called the Monitor Monadnock. She could manage the Spanish iron-clad Numancia, while the other vessels would attack the frigate. It is true they have more guns, but none of eleven or fifteen inch calibre. Our metal is a great deal heavier than their. Their guns are principally six and eight inch, with some small rifles.

In our fleet we mount four 15-inch, four 11-inch, eight 100-pound Parrott rifles, besides about thirty odd 8-inch guns. The English officers told us in Rio that they never saw such heavy batteries put in for vessels destined to foreign ports, as those of our fleet. The Spanish iron-clad Numancia is of 5,000 tons burden, and is remarkably well built. She is a sister ship to the Solferino, belonging to France, and was a present to Spain from the French Government. She is plated with 4½-inch iron, and mounts twenty guns on each side.

She appears to be as long as our Ironsides, and has a similar rig. She is fifteen feet out of water, and has two turrets on her spar deck for the pilot and musketry, and has also a hot water battery. Her sides are square as with other vessels, with twenty square portholes of three feet diameter. Her bow is similar to that of the rebel ram Stonewall; it is what I call an inverted bow, and is used as a ram. I should like to try those seven 11-inch guns that can pierce the sides of our Ironsides upon her for a short period. After half-an-hour of such treatment, she would, I think, feel rather shaky around the ribs.

SUNDAY EVENING, April 1.

During the bombardment yesterday, the Spanish guns made quite a beehive of the Intendente's, or Governor's house, and the Custom-house also. They tried hard to set these buildings on fire, but did not succeed. About a square away from the Intendente's house stands the Hotel Union, which took fire, and from this some twenty or thirty others caught and burnt to the ground. The damaged buildings were principally French property, and I am glad of it, for they were linked in with the Spaniards. The railroad being quite secure was very little damaged. One shot passed through a back window of the English hotel, and passed out in front, the only damage being the breaking of two panes of glass.

The amount of personal property destroyed was upwards of ten million dollars. The whole city was nearly deserted during the bombardment, the firemen only remaining. These firemen number some three thousand and are divided into three divisions. They worked their engines from the time the conflagration commenced until it was subdued. They are brave young fellows and deserve much credit. There are amongst them the sons of the richest men in Chili, and they have a most complete organization, working from beginning to end by sound of the bugle. One division is dressed in white pants, red shirt and heavy leather hat; the second division wear red pants, black shirts and brass helmet cap; the third division, or relief, wear black pants and shirts and military cap with red trimmings.

Several women who remained in the city during the bombardment were cut in two. The poor people would not believe that their city was to be attacked, even at the last moment.

Our fleet went in as soon as the Spaniards ceased fire, and sent sailors ashore to help work the engines; and glad they were to get them, as the firemen were quite exhausted. When our tars got hold of the brakes they worked with a will, at the same time singing our national airs. They were in high glee. The fire is all out now, but smoking badly.

The other day I was ashore when a very singular announcement met my eyes. It read thus: "The splendid and commodious frigates Leander and Jutlej will receive freight and passengers for any part of the world."

This was intended as a slur upon the English Admiral, who has their utter detestation, while Americans are "mucho bueno." During the whole fight our Minister, Gen. KILPATRICK, was riding on horseback through the town encouraging the firemen. The Chilians cheered him wherever he went. He is an accomplished rider, speaks good Spanish and is well liked. His residence is at Santiago, the capital of Chili.

The buildings destroyed belonged to the Chilian Government, and cost seven millions of dollars. They were built by a New-Englander named BROWN, and were situated in the Plaza, a resort resembling our Public Garden.

WIN.

CANADA.

About the Fisheries.

OTTAWA, C. W., Monday, April 30.

The termination of the Reciprocity Treaty has produced none of the depression, none of the uneasiness, which was by many anticipated as its immediate consequence. This is in part attributable to the fact that a great effort was made last Fall and during the Winter to clear out the leading agricultural staples of the Province; so that in regard to these no inconvenience will be felt during the present year. The lumber trade never looked more promising than at this moment. Indeed, singular as it may seem, the prices of lumber, flour, and other of our articles, are better now, with the treaty abrogated, than they were prior to the 17th March. In reference to lumber, I apprehend that this state of things will continue. We know that for certain descriptions your market is dependent upon the Canadian supply, and therefore our lumbermen are confident that whatever duty Congress imposes upon their productions will fall—not upon them, but upon the consumers, your own people. The only pressure we shall feel will apply to the small and perishable products of the farm; and there is an expectation that any loss that may be felt in this direction, will be more than counterbalanced by the profit accruing from the opening of new markets for our flour, lumber, &c.

In this connection, we attach much importance to the negotiations that have been carried on under the sanction of the Imperial Government, for the development of a direct trade between the Provinces and the West Indies. It is understood that the provincial Commissioners have been as successful in their labors as the most sanguine of them could have anticipated. Details will probably be unknown until the meeting of Parliament here. Meanwhile, however, two or three points of some importance may be mentioned upon authority worthy of your acceptance. One point is that the British West India Islands are prepared to adopt discriminating tariffs in favor of the Provinces, in consideration of similar measures by the Provinces in favor of the productions of the West Indies. An idea prevailed that the policy of differential duties, being at variance with the settled free-trade policy of the parent country, would be disallowed by its authorities; but it is said—I am inclined to think on good ground—that the Colonial Office consented to waive the objection, and that no hindrance will proceed from that quarter to the plan talked of. On any other supposition, the mission of the Provincial Commissioners would have been an absurdity. Another point is, that steam communication is to be established from Halifax to St. Thomas; a steamer to run between these ports, fortnightly in the first instance, and to be subsidized in equal proportions by the Provinces and the islands. If these arrangements be consummated, our people look forward to a large and lucrative direct trade, only a small part of which they have hitherto enjoyed, and even that indirectly, through your ports.

Here and there, declarations in support of a policy of retaliatory duties, as against United States products, have appeared; but I am glad to say that the good sense and friendly feeling of the community have frowned them down. The conviction is all but universal, that whatever be the measures resorted to by Congress, in the absence of reciprocity, and whatever be the necessities or the motives in which these measures originate, our policy—the policy of Canada as a Province, and of the Provinces, when confederation is achieved—should be one of commercial liberality.

We want enlarged trade from whatsoever quarter it may come; and the low taxes which will invite this will at the same time invite immigrants and make British America one of the cheapest parts of the world to live in.

The aversion to everything resembling retaliatory measures is sustained by yet other considerations. Intelligent men look forward hopefully to the disappearance on your side of the angry feelings growing out of the rebellion, and to the calm review by your statesmen of the whole question of trade with the Provinces. As I have already indicated, our people have no doubt as to their ability to survive, to grow, to be more prosperous than ever, without reciprocity; and none doubts that the same may be said of the United States. Both sides, however, will experience inconvenience from the present state of things; and we trust that a common sense of inconvenience will by and by beget a new commercial arrangement, more comprehensive in its character than that which has recently terminated. There has been a good deal of clamor against the terms proposed by Messrs. GALT and HOWLAND, during their stay at Washington; and I am bound to say that popular opinion would not just now sustain them in repeating overtures founded upon the then tendered concessions. The action of the Provincial delegates at Washington established their readiness to go to the extreme edge of compromise to prevent the possibility of ill-feeling between the countries; and, thus considered, the position of ministers is impregnable.

I have reason to believe, moreover, that the same anxiety to cultivate and preserve friendly relations with the United States influences the policy of the Canadian Government on the fishery question. There will be no quarrel on this score if Canada can prevent it. There will be no harshness or aggression if the views of our Ministers be accepted, indorsed and upheld by the English Cabinet. Of this you may rest satisfied. I hear that a licensing system is talked of in high circles as a means by which American fishermen may acquire the right to prosecute their calling in provincial waters undisturbed; and I commend the suggestion to your attention as in my judgment calculated to divest the fishery question of difficulty and danger.

A Sad Catastrophe.

OSWEGO, Friday, May 4.

Capt. FAULKNER, of the schooner Corsican, which vessel arrived here this morning from Hamilton, C. W., reports that when off Oakville he picked up a skiff containing two boys, nearly exhausted, and a girl who had died from exposure. It was ascertained that the skiff had drifted out from Oakville with the two boys and three girls, but two of the girls were washed overboard and drowned. Their ages were under 15.

Failure of the Merchants' National Bank of Washington.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 4.

The Merchants' National Bank of Washington, failed to-day. The amount of its notes in circulation is $180,000, which, however, are secured by United States bonds.

The Bank was also a Government depository.

Crowds of private depositors were on the premises to-day lamenting their supposed irretrievable loss. Some of them had confided in the Bank to the extent of $20,000.

The Failure of the Merchants' National Bank of Washington.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, May 3.

In connection with the Merchants' National Bank failure at Washington it is understood here that it was partly brought about by the failure of BAYNE & Co. of this city, stock brokers, who are said to have failed for a large amount. Some of our banks are also reported to have lost somewhat by the same house.

Arrival of Edwin Forrest at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, May 3.

The steamer Constitution, from Panama, arrived to-day with New-York dates of April 11. EDWIN FORREST, the tragedian, is a passenger by her.

Australian dates of Feb. 15, are received. They report destructive floods in that colony.

Suicide of Pest, the Wife Poisoner.

AUBURN, Friday, May 4.

PEST, who poisoned his wife near this city about three months since, and who was under arrest for the crime, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat with a razor.

CHOLERA.

Another Case in the City—The Mulberry-street Case—The England's Passengers.

At 7 o'clock yesterday morning, JOSHUA JENKINS, a child of seven months, son of Mrs. JENKINS, who died of cholera in Ninety-third-street, near Third-avenue, died of the disease which took off his mother.

Mrs. COYLE, of Mulberry-street, was more comfortable, and the physicians had hopes of her recovery.

Capt. HUTCHINGS, of the Twenty-third Precinct Police, was requested yesterday to make inquiry concerning the condition of the JENKINS family dwelling, in Ninety-third-street, near Third-avenue, and he learned that the reports which have been made by the officers of the Board of Health are literally true. The Captain learns that the house was, to the time when the Board took it in hand, a nursery of cholera. The Board of Health yesterday ordered the Police to thoroughly cleanse and disinfect the house at once, and connect its drainage with the street sewers as soon as may be practicable.

The steerage passengers of the steamship England having been seventeen days in quarantine, and being free from disease, were permitted to come up to the City last evening.

The Quarantine Commission has made another application to the War Department for the use of the steamer Empire City for quarantine purposes. This was partly in response to the decision of the Quartermaster-General to give the use of the vessel to the Quarantine authorities, under a contract it was proposed should be made. It is understood that the Quarantine Commission make this new application upon the ground that the act of Congress of March last gave the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy power to assign for the use of the quarantine authorities gratuitously such hulks and steamers as could be spared. An adherence to the decision first made will practically deprive the Quarantine Commission of the facilities they require, and which have not been provided, for the care of the sick. The Quarantine Commission and the Board of Health—the one having jurisdiction over the water and the other on land—are hereafter to be a unit in all matters pertaining to quarantine.

The following new cases have been reported by Dr. BISSELL, at the Lower Quarantine, yesterday, from steamship Virginia: WM. ARMSTRONG, aged 53, of Lancashire, England; JAS. FARRELL, aged 16, Ireland; JOHN HESSIAN, aged 24, Dublin, Ireland. The latter case only is of cholera; the others are varioloid.

In hospital, last report, 103; new cases, 3; total, 106.

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF EXCISE.

Eleven Hundred Licenses, and Brooklyn not yet Touched.

At the meeting of the Metropolitan Board of Excise yesterday, Commissioner ACTON presented six hundred and ninety-six applications for license, which had been considered and approved by the Committee on Applications, and the Board ordered that the desired licenses be granted, thus making the total number of licenses, down to last night, precisely eleven hundred. Not one of these is for Brooklyn. Col. BARTRAM has received about twenty-eight hundred applications for license, bearing the indorsement of New-York police captains. Inspector FOLK, of Brooklyn, reports that the Brooklyn captains have indorsed only 189 applications.

Judge BOSWORTH doubted the right of the Board to grant more than one license on the same day to any one person, and the officers of the Board were instructed to act accordingly.

THE VILLAGE OF NEW BRIGHTON.

Judge BOSWORTH presented the following preamble and resolution, and they were referred to the Attorney and Counsel of the Board:

Whereas, It is represented that by an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, approved April 26, 1866, relating to the village of New-Brighton, and the powers of the Trustees of said village, it is enacted that "The Trustees shall have power to control the sale of spirituous liquors within the village, and grant licenses therefor, and to fix the sum to be paid for such licenses;" therefore be it

Resolved, That it be referred to the Counsel of this Board to ascertain the facts in regard to such alleged act of the Legislature, and to report his opinion: Whether said act, if it has been passed, deprives this Board of the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors in said village, and if so, whether any person can lawfully sell ale or beer in said village in quantities less than five gallons without a license from this Board; and also whether the penalties which persons may incur for selling spirituous liquors in said village without a license are to be sued for and recovered by this Board, or when recovered are to be paid in whole or in part to this Board.

No further business offering, the Board adjourned to 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon next.

THE TURF.

Trotting on the Fashion Course, Long Island—A Capital Race—Four Heats Trotted.

FASHION COURSE, LONG ISLAND—Purse, $100; mile heats, best 3 in 5, in harness.

H. WOODRUFF named ch. m. *Rosamond*	1	2	1	1
P. MITCHELL named ch. g. *Artemus Ward*	2	1	2	2
W. PEABODY named b. m. *Amber*	3	3	3	dr

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half Mile.	Mile.
First Heat	37	1:15	2:38
Second Heat	39	1:18	2:35
Third Heat	37½	1:19	2:35
Fourth Heat	39	1:16	2:35½

The above was a more than usually interesting race; for although fourteen horses were entered for the purse, of which only the above-named three started, yet the closeness of the contest produced great excitement. There was a capital attendance of the habitues of the turf and the owners of fast horses; and speculation was very brisk and animated. The track was in good order and the day fine, although the high wind interfered with the horses making very fast time. The horses which did not put in an appearance were JOHN BROOKS' b. g. *New-York*, J. SOMERINDYKE'S b. g. *Pedler*, R. WALKER'S b. m. *Cricket*, T. CREGAN'S b. m. *Lady Hunter*, Dr. OGLE'S ch. m. *Lady Marcelline*, T. CARPENTER'S b. g. *Gen. Sherman*; S. R. PERKINS' b. g. *Toby Candor*; D. PFIFER'S b. m. *Lida*; ALEX. PATTERSON'S b. g. *Antietam*; M. C. SMITH'S br. m. *Kate Atwood*, and owner's br. s. *Cassius M. Clay, Jr.* *Rosamond*, who had won a purse on this track the week previous, beating a field of six horses in good time, was at once made the favorite, bringing in the pool sales $105, to *Artemus Ward's* $70 and *Amber's* $16. In outside betting the odds of $100 to $60 was freely offered and taken. DAN MACE drove *Artemus Ward*, whose fine style of going gave great satisfaction to his backers; although defeated yesterday, he will be heard of to advantage another day. After the first heat, the fielders freely took the odds of $100 to $30 laid on *Rosamond*.

FIRST HEAT.—*Rosamond* and *Artemus Ward* got off together, *Amber* being last. The drivers of the two last named seemed to labor under the impression that it was no start, for they slackened up, while HIRAM sent his mare along, and was three lengths ahead at the turn. This was increased to six lengths at the quarter pole, which was reached in 37 seconds. *Artemus* breaking, and before MACE could get him down, *Amber* passed him and took second place. On the backstretch HIRAM increased the gap to ten lengths, and when he passed the half mile pole in 1:15, he was just 8 seconds ahead of the others. On the three-quarter stretch the favorite had obtained such a commanding lead that it looked highly probable that the other two would be distanced. Such, however, was not HIRAM'S intention, as he eased his mare as he came up the stretch, and jogging quietly home, crossed the score ten lengths ahead of *Artemus Ward*, who passed *Amber* at the distance-stand and took second place. Time, 2:38.

SECOND HEAT.—The betting now became very animated, the odds of $100 to $20, offered on the chestnut mare, being freely taken to a good deal of money. She got the word on the third attempt, *Rosamond* breaking just before reaching the score, but the starting judge, not noticing it, gave the word "Go." MACE very quickly sent his horse to the front, and HIRAM lost ground considerably. As they passed the quarter-pole, in 39 seconds, *Artemus* was half a length ahead of *Amber*, and the favorite two lengths behind the latter. Approaching the half-mile pole *Artemus* broke, but lost little or nothing, as his clever driver had him down again immediately, and he passed that point a length ahead of the favorite, who had now made up much of the ground she had lost by her bad start, and had taken second place. On the Flushing stretch, HIRAM made play for *Artemus*, but after a magnificent race all the way home, in which *Artemus* always had the best of it, the namesake of the great humorist won by half a length; *Rosamond* six lengths before *Amber*. Time, 2:35.

THIRD HEAT.—In the pools *Rosamond* sold for $75, *Artemus Ward* and *Amber* coupled for $52. The outside betting was $50 to $30 on HIRAM'S mare winning the race. The favorite and *Artemus* got off on equal terms, *Amber* being a length behind. Before reaching the turn *Rosamond* went up, and *Artemus* took advantage of the mischance to open a gap of two lengths around the turn, which he maintained to the quarter-pole; *Rosamond* leading *Amber* nearly as far. Time, 37½ seconds. The favorite gained a little on the back stretch, and *Artemus* breaking when near the half-mile pole, was only half a length ahead as he passed that point. Time, 1:15. Before MACE could get him into a square trot, HIRAM passed him, and never afterward lost his lead, as he came up the homestretch on an easy jog, and stopped at the score—a winner of the heat by three lengths; *Artemus* being ten lengths before *Amber*. Time, 2:35.

FOURTH HEAT.—No betting, as the race was left to *Rosamond* and *Artemus*, *Amber* being withdrawn. The latter is a promising young mare, but was not up to the mark yesterday in point of condition. A good send off, *Rosamond* showing a disposition to break as she approached the score, but HIRAM kept her down. *Artemus* quickly went ahead, HIRAM trailing a length behind him, and in this way they passed the quarter-pole in 39 sec. Approaching the half-mile pole, *Rosamond* closed, and that point was reached in 1:16, both horses being lapped. A beautiful race on the Flushing stretch was now witnessed, HIRAM gradually drawing in front, and turning into the homestretch half a length ahead. He outtrotted *Artemus* up the straight, the latter falling back, and leaving *Rosamond* to cross the score a winner by two lengths of the heat and race. Time—2:35½.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States.

A meeting of Commandery No. 1 of this Order, State of New-York, was held at the Bancroft House on the evening of the 2d inst. Brevet Maj.-Gen. M. T. McMAHON, Junior Vice-Commander, was in the chair. The meeting was for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and a large number of ex-officers were present, as well as many of high rank in the army and navy, among whom were Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT, Maj.-Gen. PLEASONTON, Capts. WORDEN and PENNOCK, of the navy; Col. PATTEN, of the army; Gens. VAN ALEN and ASPINWALL; the army, navy and marines being well represented. Letters presenting their excuses for non-attendance were read from Major-Gen. WEBB, U. S. A., who was confined to his room, and other companions of the Order. After the usual business had been transacted, Capt. Church, Commander Ransom and Lieut. Col. de Peyster were appointed a Committee to nominate officers for the ensuing year. The Committee reported the following nominations: For Commander, Vice-Admiral D. G. Farragut, U. S. N.; for Senior Vice-Commander, Major-Gen. H. E. Davies, Jr.; for Junior Vice-Commander, Brevet Major-Gen. M. T. McMahon; for Recorder, Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. A. Slipper; for correspondent, Major-Gen. Alfred Pleasonton, U. S. A.; for Treasurer, Capt. W. C. Church; for Chancellor, Brig.-Gen. James H. Van Alen; for Council, Brevet Brig.-Gen. C. G. Halpine, Capt. Daniel Ammen, U. S. N., Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. Ford Kent, U. S. A., Capt. John L. Worden, U. S. N., Brevet-Col. Horatio C. King, all of whom were, upon ballot, duly elected. The name of Admiral FARRAGUT was received with great applause. In accepting the position tendered him the Admiral spoke as follows:

GENTLEMEN: I am grateful for the compliment and honor you have conferred upon me, and accept the office of Commander of this Order with pleasure, although with some misgivings as to the manner in which the duties imposed upon me will be performed. I have always been unwilling to accept any position the duties of which I could not satisfactorily perform. My time is much occupied, and even if I am not able to attend all the meetings of the order I shall still do my utmost to further its interest. But as you have given me two able lieutenants to make good any shortcomings of mine, I trust that I shall not disappoint your just expectations. If I do, the remedy is in your hands, and I presume you will apply it.

His closing remarks were received with renewed applause. On the same evening the following gentlemen were elected Companions of the Order of the 1st Class: Major-General Gordon Granger, Brigadier-General E. H. Stoughton, Col. C. B. Stoughton, Captain George W. Dresser, late Fourth United States Artillery, Brevet Lieut.-Col. Milhan, United States Army, Brevet Lieut.-Col. R. C. Perry, and Lieut.-Col. A. A. C. Williams. Quite a number of names were proposed as candidates for admission, which will be acted upon at the next regular meeting in June.

Nitro-Glycerine.

With some little trepidation we yesterday accepted an invitation from Prof. NOBEL to attend a gathering of scientific gentlemen on the rocky slope between Eighth and Ninth avenues, near Eighty-third-street, for the purpose of witnessing a series of experiments with that cheerful compound ordinarily recognized as nitro-glycerine. The Professor was provided with an abundance of the raw material in cases and bottles, also with matches, cigars, fuses, and a great deal of courage. He opened a bottle of it, permitting the fluid to run out upon the stone. He touched it with a lighted match, which caused it to ignite and burn like pitch, but not to explode. He threw a can and a bottle of it from a high rock upon the ground with impunity, showing that mere concussion would not explode it. In regard to its safe transportation, he says that proper packing insures perfect safety. It will not explode except under a heat of 360 degrees—a heat which no ordinary circumstances can generate, and his theory is that the explosions heretofore occurring have been caused by the heat generated from the sawdust in which the cans were packed—sawdust saturated with the oil from leaky cans, set on fire by an accidental spark. In order to demonstrate this, he placed a small can of the fluid in a box filled with saturated sawdust. To this he applied a lighted fuse, and in a short time the dust took fire, and ultimately an explosion followed, which, with a tremendous report, blew the box and can to flinders.

He says, also, that glycerine mixed with spirits of wood cannot be exploded, and proved it by applying a lighted fuse to the mixture. Subsequently, by withdrawing the oil from the compound—an application of water only being necessary to separate the elements—he renewed its explodable condition and demonstrated it.

In many curious and intelligible ways he experimented with the material, and convinced all present that so far as the conditions there presented are concerned, nitro-glycerine is safer to handle and transport than gunpowder, gun-cotton or camphene; while its explosive power is vastly greater.

The blasting agent of the Central Park has used the oil in his work for many months, and prefers it to any other agent, and during the experiments on this occasion added his corroborative testimony to the statements of the Professor as to its efficacy and safety.

American Bible Society.

The stated meeting of the Managers was held at the Bible House, Astor-place, on Thursday, JAMES LENOX, Esq., in the chair.

Communications were received from Rev. S. B. BERGNE, Secretary British and Foreign Bible Society, with pleasing expressions of thanks for the consent of the Board to make duplicate plates of the Arabic Bible for that Society; from Rev. JAMES HICKEY, Matamoras, in regard to his work in Mexico, wishing more books, which were granted; from Rev. Dr. REVEL, Florence, stating progress in making the plates of the Old Testament of the Italian Bible, those of the New Testament being completed, and asking more funds; from Rev. Dr. JACOBY, Bremen, in regard to issuing portions of the Scriptures for circulation; from Rev. A. H. HAPPER, Canton, in regard to Bible colportage in China; from the North India Bible Society, the Jaffna Bible Society, and the Bible Society of France, letters of congratulation and sympathy in view of the Jubilee of the American Bible Society.

Grants of books were made to the American Tract Society; to the Maryland Union Commission; for Central America and Dutch Guiana, and various grants to large amount to societies, committees, agents, &c., for distribution in the Southern States, making in all 9,116 volumes. Beside the books specified, books to the value of $3,817 40 were granted to Bible Societies in the South, and $1,000 in cash to complete the plates of the Italian Bible at Florence.

Interesting remarks were made by Rev. M. PASCAL, delegate from the Bible Society of France; from Rev. THOMAS PHILLIPS, delegate from the British and Foreign Bible Society; and from Rev. ISAAC G. BLISS, the Society's Agent in the Levant.

Measures were taken looking to the increased activity of the Society at home and abroad.

New Agents were appointed for Eastern Ohio in place of Dr. HARTSHORN, resigned; in West Virginia, in place of Rev. Mr. MUNROE, resigned; and in Maine, in place of Rev. Mr. SEWALL, deceased.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

FIVE HORSES BURNED TO DEATH AT A FIRE IN SEVENTH-AVENUE.—At 12:10 yesterday morning, a fire occurred in a row of frame stables in rear of Nos. 449 and 451 Seventh-avenue. There were eleven horses housed in the stables, six of whom were got out in safety, but the remaining five were burned to death. Two of the horses burned were the property of Mr. WRIGHT, while the other three belonged to THOS. O'NEIL, WM. STEVENS and JOHN MOORE. The aggregate value of the animals destroyed is estimated at $1,300. Mr. MOORE suffered a loss of $700 by his wagons being damaged. No insurance on any of the above losses. The flames spread to the rear of Nos. 449 and 451, occupied by Mr. KENNEDY and Mr. MOORE, causing slight damage, and to the carpenter-shop of L. W. HALSEY, No. 98 West Thirty-eighth-street, causing a damage of about $1,000. Insured for $800 in the Empire City Insurance Company. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

ARGUS HALL.—Argus Hall, the headquarters of a secret order called the "Order of Argus," No. 600 Broadway, was duly dedicated last evening in presence of a crowded assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. The exercises consisted of the exhibition of two pictures, the one of "Adam and Eve at the Creation," the other of "Adam and Eve after the Fall;" several Union songs by a glee club, and a variety of pieces on the piano. Tickets had been issued to about three times as many persons as would fill the hall to secure a full house. The tickets promised addresses by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, Hon. HORACE GREELEY, SIMEON DRAPER, Esq., THEODORE TILTON, Esq., and other eminent speakers, hence the large attendance of ladies and gentlemen, who had to choose between standing at the door and going away.

DEATH FROM BURNS.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner GOVER, at No. 240 West Thirty-fifth-street, over the body of ANTHONY REISH, whose death was the result of injuries received by being burned on the 29th ult. It appeared from the evidence that a boy in the employ of Mr. GUSTAV WINTER, of No. 484 Eighth-avenue, accidentally upset a lamp into a pot of turpentine in the paint-shop, when Mr. WINTER ran down stairs, and seizing the burning pot, started for the street. As he was going up the basement stairs he was met by the deceased, when Mr. WINTER was compelled to let the pot fall, the burning contents being scattered over the persons of both men. REISH'S injuries proved fatal. A verdict of accidental death was recorded. Deceased was a native of Germany and 35 years of age.

FLEECING EMIGRANTS.—We are informed that it is the practice of the agents of the different railroad companies to charge emigrants, arriving at Castle Garden, from ten to fifteen cents for each package of luggage passing through the Garden. One man, who had been charged twenty cents by an agent, and had no money to satisfy the claim, was compelled to leave his baggage until he had obtained the money. The Commissioners of Emigration lately passed a resolution, to take effect on the 1st of May, prohibiting these practices on the part of the railroad agents, but it does not appear to have had any effect. It is surely the duty of the Commissioners to look into this matter, and to see that a practice they have forbidden is at once stopped.

FIRE IN EAST HOUSTON-STREET.—At 10:30 o'clock last night, a fire was discovered in the basement of No. 280 East Houston-street, which was soon extinguished, before any material loss was occasioned. The building forms one of a row of tenement-houses, and the flames originated among some straw and wood-bins belonging to the tenants. The first floor is occupied by JOHN LYNCH, hatter, who sustained a loss of $100, which is covered by an insurance of $600 in the Central Park Insurance Company. The flames extended through to No. 113 First-street, occupied by H. ENGLEBRECHT, tailor, occasioning a loss of about $100. Insured for $800 in the Baltic.

THE NORTHWESTERN DISPENSARY.—The managers of this institution, which affords aid to a very large number of indigent sick persons, are desirous of obtaining funds to erect a suitable building in which the work of home relief can be appropriately conducted. At present they have but a few upper rooms that are entirely unfit for their purposes. The District is one of the largest in the City, and contains an unusual proportion of poor persons.

FUNERAL OF COL. LLOYD.—Lieut. Col. EDWARD F. LLOYD, who was killed at the battle of Resaca, Georgia, May 15, 1864, will be buried to-day, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the church of Rev. Dr. BURCHARD, Thirteenth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. Col. LLOYD fell while gallantly leading his regiment, the One Hundred and Nineteenth New-York Volunteers, on to victory.

MEETING OF PROPERTY OWNERS.—A meeting will be held on Monday evening at the Everett Rooms of owners of real estate west of Central Park and north of Fifty-ninth-street, to take measures to protect their interests. Some of the late acts of the Legislature, relating to property in this section, will be discussed and their effect explained.

FIRE IN TWENTY-SIXTH-STREET.—A fire broke out about 9 o'clock last night in the boarding-house, No. 56 East Twenty-sixth-street, occupied by Mrs. DUFFY. The flames originated from a match being dropped on the floor. Damage to building, $150. Loss on furniture, $400. Both covered by insurance.

SERMON BY DR. FOSTER.—By special request Rev. Dr. FOSTER will deliver his Centenary Sermon, preached at the recent session of the New-York Annual Conference, to-morrow, in St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-second-street.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE UNITED STATES COURTS AND THE POST-OFFICE.—The United States District Court, which heretofore occupied rooms in the Kings County Court-house, and in the Hamilton Buildings in Court-street, opposite the City Hall, has been removed to Nos. 137 and 139 Montague-street, immediately opposite the Academy of Music. One of the buildings has recently been occupied as a dancing academy. The other is a private dwelling. Both are being fitted up so as to be suitable for the purposes intended. The property is owned by Mr. ALEXANDER McCUE, and leased to the Government for ten years, at the rate of $6,000 a year. It is understood that the range of wooden buildings between Boerum-street and the Court-house on Fulton-avenue will, if possible, be purchased for the purpose of erecting a suitable building to accommodate the United States Courts and Post-office.

THE FIRST ARRESTS UNDER THE LICENSE LAW.—The first cases for violating the new Excise Law came up before Justice BUCKLEY yesterday. The parties were arrested for keeping their liquor saloons open after midnight. The names of the accused are: OWEN SMITH, Jefferson House, Hamilton-avenue, near Hicks-street; JAMES CARR, No. 434 Columbia-street, and THOMAS SULLIVAN, No. 136 Butler-street. The offence in the case of two was proved by the officers making the arrests, and the defendants were fined $30 each, the lowest penalty that can be imposed. The fines were promptly paid. SMITH was discharged, having given up the liquor business since May 1.

THE STRIKE IN THE EASTERN DISTRICT ROPE-WALKS.—The young men and women employed in the various Eastern District ropewalks who struck for the ten-hour system on Monday last, have so far failed in their strike, except in one ropewalk—that of H. L. LAWRENCE & SONS. These operatives have heretofore been working from daylight till dark, and they have resolved with great unanimity and determination to do so no longer, considering ten hours of the twenty-four sufficient to constitute a fair working day. They do not despair of ultimately convincing their employers of this. The strikers are very orderly, but the girls talk a good deal about the justice of their demands, and declare their determination to have them acceded to.

PRESENTATION TO A POLICE CAPTAIN.—On Thursday evening a Committee of citizens waited upon Capt. WOGLOM, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, at his residence, No. 106 Fourth-street, E. D., and presented him with a handsome and valuable chronometer and seal. The chronometer was elaborately engraved with police emblems of exquisite design, cost $500, and bore the following inscription: "Jan. 1, 1866—To Capt. C. WOGLOM, from the Citizens of the Forty-fifth Police Precinct." Hon. DEMAS STRONG made the presentation on behalf of the citizens, and the Captain briefly returned thanks, hoping the citizens would never have cause to regret the confidence they repose in him.

DISPOSING OF OBSCENE PICTURES.—A man calling himself LE GRAND PIERREPONT, giving his residence at No. 16 Laight-street, New-York, came to the Forty-third Precinct Station-house, yesterday, with a lot of obscene pictures which he endeavored to dispose of to the officers. As soon as the nature of the pictures was discovered, PIERREPONT was committed to the cells. He was subsequently taken before Justice WALSH and sentenced to the penitentiary for two months.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT THE SECTIONAL DOCK.—Yesterday afternoon, a workman at the Sectional Dock, foot of Court-street, named TAYLOR, was instantly killed by the falling of a kelson which he was engaged in hoisting. Another workman, whose name could not be ascertained, sustained a fracture of one of his legs. Coroner SMITH was notified in the case of TAYLOR, and will hold an inquest this morning.

FELL FROM A CAR.—CHRISTOPHER HANSON accidently fell from the front platform of a Fort Hamilton car on the evening of the 3d instant, and the wheels passed over his hand, nearly cutting off several fingers.

NEW-JERSEY.

ATROCIOUS ASSAULT BY A MAN ON HIS WIFE.—A man named JOSEPH LENNOX was brought before Recorder AVERY, at Hoboken, yesterday, on a charge of brutally beating and attempting to take the life of his wife. Mrs. LENNOX made an affidavit that on the evening of the 2d instant her husband assaulted and beat her in a brutal manner, by kicking her in the stomach and back, (she being in a delicate situation,) knocking her down with his fists and otherwise committing an atrocious assault and battery; that on the night of the 3d inst. LENNOX came home very much intoxicated, repeated the assault, and attempted to take her life, which she avoided by escaping from the house and causing his arrest. The accused has been confined in jail for the same offence twice before. He was committed to await the action of the Grand Jury.

INCENDIARY FIRE.—About 12 o'clock on Thursday night a fire broke out in the upper part of a small frame stable, at No. 272 Railroad-avenue, Jersey City, owned by PAUL HALLER. In the stable was a horse, three cows, (which were got out,) and a quantity of furniture stored. Damage about $300. The fire was the work of an incendiary, this being the third attempt within a short time.

[Advertisement.]

"Going with a Rush, like KNOX'S Hats," will soon pass into a common saying, for the beauty, neatness and elegance of his new Spring style render them so attractive that the world is going with a rush. His stores at No. 151 Fulton-st., two doors from Broadway, and No. 533 Broadway, are constantly thronged with purchasers.

[Advertisement.]

As a sanitary measure against Cholera, all prudent people should use KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. Sold by all Grocers at 25 cents per pound. Wholesale Depot, No. 154 Reade-street.

[Advertisement.]

A. A. FAVARGER'S last French class for ladies and gentlemen is now progressing rapidly, and promises more than any preceding one. It meets every evening, at 8 o'clock, at No. 9 University-place. See "Instruction."

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

FROM THE CAPTAIN AND OFFICERS OF THE STEAMSHIP ENGLAND TO DR. KOEGLER, OF AACHEN, GERMANY, SALOON PASSENGER, &C.

N. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP ENGLAND,
QUARANTINE, NEW-YORK, May 3, 1866.

To Dr. Koegler, Aachen, Germany:

DEAR SIR: As the time has at last arrived when we have to part after having gone hand in hand together through this dreadful plague of cholera which attacked our ship, we cannot allow you to separate from us without in some measure bearing our testimony to the zealous and efficient manner in which you—only a cabin passenger by our ill-fated steamship—in the time of need, stepped forward and volunteered those services which, we are now happy to be able to state, from personal observation, have been the saving of many lives on board. Your cheerfulness, kindness and prompt attention to the sick, have frequently during the voyage elicited approbation from all, and what would have been the result had you not volunteered to assist the ship's surgeons, especially among your fellow-countrymen, (whose language they could not understand,) it is impossible to conceive.

Again thanking you for your valuable assistance, and hoping soon to hear of your rapid reunion with your family, we have the honor to remain, dear Sir,

Your sincere friends and well-wishers,

R. W. GRACE, Commander.
L. D. McCULLOCH, L. R. C. P. E., L. R. C. S. E., Ship's Surgeon.
E. W. J. HEATH, L. R. C. S. I., Ship's Surgeon.
F. C. OWEN, Ship's Purser.
ARTHUR DAWERSON, First Officer.
C. FAIRBAIRNE, Chief-Engineer.
D. W. TUCKER, Second Officer.
P. W. CHRISTIE, Third Officer.
JOHN P. MESELTON, Fourth Officer.
HENRY RINNOER, Second Engineer.
JAS. CAMPBELL, Third Engineer.
GEO. J. McFARLANE, Fourth Engineer.
JOHN WALKER, Fifth Engineer.
THOMAS HUGHES, Chief Steward.

[Advertisement.]

A superior assortment of English royal velvet, body, and tapestry Brussels carpets, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery. Lowell 3-ply and ingrain carpets, at reduced prices; Ingrain carpets, 30c., 40c., 50c., $1, to $1 25 per yard. English Brussels carpets $1 50, $1 75, and $2 per yard. 4-4 floor oil-cloths at 50c. per yard. Superior oil-cloth at 90c. to $1 per yard. Table and piano covers, window shades, rugs, mats, stair carpets, office and church carpets at low prices. Superior white and checked Gowqua and Manking matting for parlors; also, white and checked mattings at 30c. and 40c. per yard. Look for No. 99 Bowery.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.			
City of London	May 5	New-York	Liverpool.
Hermann	May 5	New-York	Bremen.
Allemania	May 5	New-York	Hamburg.
Lafayette	May 5	New-York	Havre.
Malta	May 9	New-York	Liverpool.
FROM EUROPE.			
Borussia	April 21	Hamburg	New-York.
New-York	April 21	Bremen	New-York.
China	April 28	Liverpool	Boston.
Germania	April 28	Hamburg	New-York.
NEW-ORLEANS, WEST INDIES, ETC.			
Huntsville	May 5	New-Orleans.	
Fah Kee	May 5	Santiago de Cuba.	
Mariposa	May 5	New-Orleans.	

Departure of Ocean Mails.

Mails for Europe, via Queenstown, per steamship City of London, close to-day at 10:30 A. M.; via Havre, per steamship Lafayette, and via Southampton and Bremen, per steamship Herman, all at the same hour.

Passengers Arrived.

MAY 4.—In steamship William Penn, from London, &c.—T. Cannos, O. Cannon, L. Pickard, Mr. Burgeman, Mr. Peacock, Mr. McCall, Mr. Hyde and lady, Mrs. Pickard, Mrs. Beebe, Miss Franck, Miss Peacock, Miss Hyde, G. Schneider, H. Bacherach, A. Bacherach, H. Sachs, T. Baker, D. Loen, Y. Sillibourne, G. Prevost, N. H. Henry, J. H. Bowen, C. Antara, G. Hoffman, J. Woodhaus, Mr. Mocklaladt, Mrs. Schneider, Mrs. Stahl, Mrs. S. Habn, Mrs. Cornwall, Mrs. C. Magg, M. Heit, C. Meyer, and 652 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 4 54 | Sun sets.... 7 00 | Moon rises.... 11 44

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 11 14 | Gov. Island. 12 03 | Hell Gate.... 1 25

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, May 4.

Cleared.

Steamships Westchester, Ingram, Wilmington, Del., A. Abbott; E. R. Souder, Lockwood, Charleston, Livingston, Fox & Co.; Hermann, (Brem.,) Wenke, Bremen, Oelrichs & Co.; Lafayette, (Fr.,) Lemaire, Havre, G. Mackenzie.

Ship Jere Thompson, Kennedy, Liverpool, Samuel Thompson's Nephew.

Barks Harry Booth, Chipman, Matanzas, J. E. Ward & Co.; Reinhard, (Brem.,) Warneken, Bremen, Ruger Bros.; Clara, (Brem.,) Probst, Bremen, Ruger Bros.; Union, (Hanov.,) Shulte, Bremen, Ruger Bros.; Charles & Edward, (Br.,) Pillman, Cork, for orders, C. A. De Wolf; John Carver, Nichols, Matanzas, Walsh & Carver; Fannie, Marshman, Trinidad, Cuba, H. D. & J. A. Brookman; Bremerin, (Brem.,) Jochens, Cape Verde, E. Pavenstedt.

Brigs Cuban, (Br.,) Jenkins, St. Thomas, Boyd & Hincken; Alfaretta, (Br.,) Taylor, Santa Cruz, Cuba, P. I. Nevius & Son; Tropic Bird, Fowler, St. Thomas, P. I. Nevius & Son; J. H. Kennedy, Appel, New-Orleans, N. H. Brigham; Lotus, (Br.,) Frecustin, Aux Cayes, Brett, Son & Co.; Faustina, Ellis, Sagua, Walsh & Carver; Ella Vail, (Br.,) Grau, Weymouth, N. S.; Belle Barnard, (Br.,) Cook, Sagua, J. E. Ward & Co.; Mary Ann, (Br.,) Bartaby, St. Jago, C. A. De Wolf & Co.; India, (Br.,) Chesholm, Halifax, D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Time, (Br.,) Manning, St. Jago, J. H. Woodhouse.

Schooners Energy, Brown, Gloucester, Woodruff & Robinson; W. H. Mitchell, Cole, Machias, Holyoke & Murray; Aid, Bunker, Brunswick, Ga., T. M. Mayhew & Co.; S. Waterman, Chase, New-Bedford, Ferguson & Wood; Jos. Rogers, Russell, Hartford, Rackett, Tooker & Taylor; Isabella, (Br.,) McMillan, Sydney, C. B., Edmiston Bros.; Dr. Franklin, Greer, Norwich, Rackett, Tooker & Taylor; Hero, Small, Salem; A. E. Barnes, Farren, Matanzas, J. T. Pearsall; Ellen Louisa, Reeve New-Haven, S. Stannard.

Sloop Odd Fellow, Dyer, Mystic.

Arrived.

Steamship William Penn, (Br.,) Billings, London April 16, via Havre 15th, and St. Johns, N. F., 29th, with mdse. and 684 passengers to Howland & Aspinwall. Saw an immense quantity of ice in berg and field, all to the northward of Cape Race. April 20, lat. 40 25, lon. 64 52, passed Br. bark Lady Gordon, standing S. May 3, 10 A. M., R. M. steamship Persia, off Nantucket.

Steamer Nereus, Bearse, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Brig Aquidneck, (of Newport R. I.,) Bigley, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to Hathaway & Utley. Sld. in co. with bark Quickstep, for New-York; brigs Herald and Caroline Eddy, for Philadelphia.

Brig Lucy A. Blossom, Hodgdon, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.

Brig Wilhelmina & Elise, (Holl.,) Wietsman, Buenos Ayres 58 ds., with hides and wool to E. F. Davison.

Schr. S. C. Evans, Hammond, Charleston 6 ds., with cotton to N. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. Laura Gertrude, Campbell, Mobile 14 ds., with cotton to Dollner, Potter & Co.

Schr. Mary E. Amsden, Smith, Mobile 15 ds., with iron and rope to master.

Schr. H. A. Deming, Boardman, Hartford, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Fannie Hanmer, ——, Philadelphia, for Hartford.

Schr. Fanny Fern, Saunders, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Caroline Grant, Pressy, Calais 8 ds., for Mott Haven.

Schr. Constellation, Kelsey, Indianola 25 ds., with hides, &c., to master.

Schr. Mary Alice, Perry, Wilmington, N. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to master.

Schr. E. Baker, Jeffers, Wilmington, N. C., with naval stores to master.

Schr. Chas. Cooper, Snow, Bristol, for Rondout.

Schr. W. L. Springs, Steel, Baltimore.

Schr. Hand, Brooks, Philadelphia, for Newport.

Schr. F. P. Simpson, Hasleton, Virginia.

Schr. Wm. Mayck, Daniels, Virginia.

Schr. Ocean Wave, Zephyr, Virginia.

Schr. G. B. Smith, Bowker, Virginia.

Schr. A. Kelley, Newton, Virginia.

Schr. San Juan, Brackett, Virginia.

Schr. Quickstep, Davis, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Banvard, Walling, Maryland.

WIND—At sunset, N. W., light.

Miscellaneous.

The schr. Dirigo, from Trinidad de Cuba for Philadelphia, was spoken April 26, lat. 34 40, lon. 74 20, leaking badly; wanted no assistance, but wished to be reported.

The schr. G. G. Smith, of Provincetown, from Bay of Honduras for Boston, was spoken April 28, lat. 37 56, lon. 74, which reported having encountered a most violent gale two days previous, during which carried away all the forward rigging and sustained other damage.

An open boat containing Capt. Collins and five of the crew of the bark Kentine Kathleen, of London, from Liverpool, with salt from Galveston, which sprung a leak and foundered, was picked up March 25, in lat. 17 20, lon. 50 08, by brig Emma, from Philadelphia, at Port Spain, Trinida. Another boat, containing the two mates and two men, parted company, and has not since been heard from.

The brig S. P. Brown, Gardner, which cld. at Newport 1st inst. for Havana, and anchored in the outer harbor, parted her chain in the gale of the 2d and went ashore on the east side of Fort Adams, where she remains. U. S. revenue-cutter Miami, Capt. Tompkins, went to her assistance, but failed to haul her off, after parting two hawsers, and injuring three men by the recoil. The S. P. B. lies on a soft beach, and will receive no damage. She went on at high water and a full tide.

Domestic Ports.

HOLMES' HOLE, May 1.—Arr. schrs. British Guide, (Br.,) Haley, St. John, N. B., for Hartford; Marcus Hunter, Orr, Portland, for Philadelphia; Jas. S. Hewett, Ross, P. Boice, J. D. McCarthy, J. Alderdice, Jackaway and John Stockton, Boston, for do.; E. J. Hessey, Meredith, Milton, for do.; Nellie D., Stedams, Nantucket, for do.; President, Perkins, Calais, for New-York; Clara Jane, Parker, do., for New-York, and others.

BOSTON, May 4.—Arr. bark Ocean, London. Below—steamer Neptune, New-York.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 4.—Sld. steamer Minnetonka, for New-York. Arr. Cuba, from Baltimore.

Foreign Ports.

At Matanzas, April 27, bark Lizzie Raymond, Emery, for Baltimore about 1st inst.

St. John, N. B.—Cld. May 4, schr. Caspian, New-York; Martha Kenny, Philadelphia.

Arr. bark Somerville, (Br.,) Hill, Boston; brig Milo, Townsend, Philadelphia.

HUBBEL'S
GOLDEN BITTERS,
A PURELY VEGETABLE TONIC,
INVIGORATING AND STRENGTHENING.
Fortifies the system against the evil effects of unwholesome water.
Will cure Dyspepsia.
Will cure Weakness.
Will cure General Debility.
Will cure Heartburn.
Will cure Headache.
Will cure Liver Complaint.
Will excite and create a healthy appetite.
Will invigorate the organs of digestion and moderately increase the temperature of the body and the force of the circulation, acting in fact as a general corroborant of the system, containing no poisonous drugs, and is the
BEST TONIC BITTERS IN THE WORLD.
A fair trial is earnestly solicited.

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OLD CABINET BRANDY
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FOR DIARRHEA, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, GRIPING PAINS IN THE BOWELS, CHANGE OF WATER, &C.
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BIOKRENE
OR
LIFE-REJUVENATOR.
STRENGTH TO THE WEAK—YOUTH TO THE AGED.

This preparation is unequaled as a rejuvenator and restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The feeble, the aged, and all those who have in any way impaired their vitality by excessive mental or physical application, will find the Biokrene to be what its name implies—a life rejuvenator, which, while it builds up the shattered constitution, will also impart to the feelings the briskness and energy which belong to youth.

No matter by what cause any organ has become enfeebled in its functions, this superb preparation will remove that cause at once and forever.

BIOKRENE
CURES GENERAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, NERVOUS INCAPACITY, DYSPEPSIA, DEPRESSION, LOSS OF APPETITE, LOW SPIRITS, IMBECILITY, MENTAL INDOLENCE, EMACIATION, ENNUI. IT HAS A MOST DELIGHTFUL, DESIRABLE AND NOVEL EFFECT UPON THE NERVOUS SYSTEM; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequaled preparation.

BIOKRENE.
The FEEBLE, the LANGUID, the DESPAIRING, the OLD, should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purpose.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
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CATARRH
CURED BY INHALING
A HARMLESS FLUID.
DR. R. GOODALE'S
CATARRH REMEDY
Has cured more cases of Catarrh than all the other remedies put together, as thousands can testify who have tried every other known means of cure in vain, and have been permanently cured by using
DR. R. GOODALE'S CATARRH REMEDIES.
It will certainly cure, if you follow the directions upon the bottles, which are very simple and plain.
SOME OF THE FIRST PHYSICIANS ARE RECOMMENDING IT.
Do not allow the druggist to palm off any other preparation upon you. If they do not keep it, send money to the agent and it will be forwarded at once.
Price $1 per bottle each. Send stamp for pamphlet.
Sold by druggists.
C. R. PARKER, Sole Agent,
No. 508 Pearl-st., near Centre-st., New-York.

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SPLENDID INVESTMENT.
THE
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SHARES $25.
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CAPITAL AND LABOR
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and when judiciously applied, no matter by whom furnished, will restore that portion of our unfortunate country to its former prosperity, and make the South all that Nature designed it,
THE GARDEN OF THE WORLD.
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many of which are of entirely new styles, selected personally in Europe especially for
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SELF-MEASUREMENT FOR SHIRTS.
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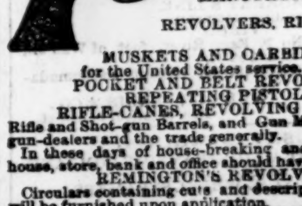

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Rifle and Shot-gun Barrels, and Gun Materials sold by gun-dealers and the trade generally.
In these days of house-breaking and robbery, every house, store, bank and office should have one of
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Circulars containing cuts and description of our arms will be furnished upon application.
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BY USING
B. T. BABBITT'S BEST MEDICINAL SALERATUS,
"made from common salt." Bread made with this Saleratus contains, when baked, nothing but common salt, water and flour. Nos. 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72 and 74 Washington-st., New-York.

CEDAR CAMPHOR
Dead-sure against MOTHS. Sold by druggists everywhere.
HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 311, May 4, 1866.
28, 47, 36, 12, 72, 22, 43, 24, 71, 17, 21, 16.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 312, May 4, 1866.
39, 8, 73, 57, 35, 17, 36, 40, 69, 59, 12, 3, 71.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 211, May 4, 1866.
11, 35, 26, 70, 15, 74, 38, 2, 61, 43, 51, 1.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 212, May 4, 1866.
65, 36, 8, 32, 78, 68, 20, 23, 22, 51, 74, 47, 13.
ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY TICKETS.
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